Preventive medicine draws attention of local medical community

Dawn Casey

Staff

The New Medicine Symposium scheduled in the KIVA next weekend is a representative of the growing popularity of efforts to integrate Western medicine with traditional Eastern preventive healing methods.

The event shows a vision statement of shifting paradigms in the healing arts and to broaden the understanding of wellness through exploring a wide variety of complementary healing practices, thereby supporting both those who suffer from "dis-ease" and the health practitioners who treat them.

The event is sponsored by the University of Idaho, Willow Corell, MD and the Alliance for Conscious Healing Experiences.

Composed of various workshops, lectures, meals, even Yoga sessions and Stress Dancing, the symposium might stimulate those weary of "new age" gatherings to open their hearts and heal themselves extraordinary tal- ents.

See page 7.

Summer programs have something for everyone under sun

Christine Ermy

Staff

Summer—it means nice, warm, lazy days in the sun, right? Wrong. For approximately one-third of the University of Idaho's students, it means classes, professors and books. Last summer, 5,048 students attended classes during the summer session. "It's becoming more and more like a third semester," said Luke Hoene, marketing intern at the UI Office of Summer Programs and Extended Learning.

Over 600 classes will be offered this summer in seven overlapping sessions. "The sessions allow you to set your own schedule," Hoene said. "You can take classes for a few weeks, and also have time to work, or go play."

Summer session catalogs were released to several stations on campus on Wednesday at noon, and registration begins March 20. "Taking summer classes is very cost effective," Hoene said. "And with all the summer sub-leases around making housing so cheap, even Idaho residents can save."

Hoen also stressed that the Summer Programs Office offers graduate student directed study and several intern- ship programs. "A lot of people don’t know about this," he said. "Lists of departments on campus are open during the summer, so lots of internships are needed. Usually these internships are very flexible as well." Average summer session class size is 15 to 20 people, and most classes are held every day. "Many students like the smaller classes because there is more interaction and less formality and they can get more individual attention from the professors," Hoene said.

Hoen also said that there are several special classes offered during the summer session that are not offered during the school year. "The Shakespeare at Ashland Festival is very popular," said Hoene. "And we’ve just expanded the list of classes offered through the College of Education."

Instructions for registration for summer session are included in the session catalog or students can register by stopping in the Summer Programs Office located on the first floor of Continuing Education. "Financial aid is available for summer session, but it is pretty limited," Hoene said.

Melica Johnson

Staff

It took less than a minute to hear the ASUI Senate's two "no's"—one "absent" and eight "yea's"—that decided the future of the Early Childhood Center bill, which will now send $10,000 to the on-campus child care facility.

When the voting was over, non-student Darren Guthrie strolled out of the senate meeting room saying a simple, "Thank-yo' everyone," with a smile of satisfaction on his face.

At the end of the meeting, Senator Jeff Christiansen said, "I think it's the beauty of the system. You can disagree 100 percent on the bill and we can still walk around here with all of our arms around each other."

Senator pro tem Bill Gillett had only one hope for the future use of the money. "I hope that the money goes to the right place and goes to the right people."

Wednesday's meeting began with a senate pre-session at 6:30 p.m. in which Dean of Students Bruce Pitman spoke. Pitman's purpose for speaking at the pre-session was to answer any of the senate's questions and to act as an information source.

Pitman dispelled some of the myths that the senate had about the center. Some senators thought that the ECC was in danger of losing its license on account of various structural problems. Others thought that the ECC's accreditation process was in jeopardy for lack of needed funds to fix the problems. Pitman explained that the ECC is not in danger of losing its license and that their accreditation process has already been completed.

Pitman also explained the financial break-down of the ECC's operating budget and said, "The money would allow us (UI) to basically help some student parents who can't afford childcare to stay in the center—in a nutshell."

Guthrie, who was the former ASUI Attorney General, spoke on behalf of the bill during the open forum. Guthrie explained that the ASUI was facing three different issues: the ICCF cutting funding mid-semester, general concerns for the ECC, and the University's lack of support.

Guthrie felt that the bill should address the first problem. "That's the only one we should be dis- cussing at this point. The need is immediate and time is of the essence," Guthrie said, stressing that the issues cannot be inter- twined.

"The issue before the university is a temporary problem which can be solved by a temporary solution," Guthrie said. "If you have an opportunity and a reason to do so, I urge you."

Senator David Hisey agreed with Guthrie. "I support David Guthrie's viewpoint on the bill; I have two different issues here. Does the ECC need money? No. Do students need money? Yes."

Senator Scott Winer said, "I'm one of the original sponsors of this bill, basically because my liv- ing group told me I was going to be."

Senator Megan Russell, who spoke on behalf of Bill, always receives a bashing from the press, said, "The only reason I support this bill is because we need to do something and I want the truth out of my face."

Last week's senate meeting was called off after President Sean Wilson realized the need for the senate to become better informed about the facts of the issue.

ASUI Senator Zahrah Sheikh looks on as President Sean Wilson signs the bill that she sponsored.
Learn how frogs communicate

Dr. Peter Narim, a professor in the physiology department at University of California at Los Angeles, will speak today at the Biological Sciences Seminar 12:30 to 1:30 p.m. in Room 277 of the Life Sciences South Building. He will speak on "Biostatistical analysis of acoustic communication: How frogs do it."
The lecture is free and open to the public.

*GLSA sets up volunteer Helpline

The UI Gay/Lesbian/Bisexual Association has set up a hotline to handle incoming calls and offers information about upcoming events within the mosaic of the Gay/Lesbian/Bisexual communities. The hotline also provides assistance with a very friendly, understanding person to talk to. The number is 885-8762. An answering machine on your phone will discreetly be retained. Confidentially is ensured.

Visit the cultural aspects of Tunisia and Africa

The Society of American Foresters will meet March 29 in Room 102 of the Iowa Memorial Union, Forestry, Wildlife and Range Resources Building. At 7:30 p.m. Mohamed Zaiti, Ph.D., graduate in the UI Forest Resources Department, will be presenting slides highlighting cultural and historical aspects of Tunisia, as well as an overview of natural resource management in the region of Africa. Réfrigérateurs will be available afterward. The public and all interested students are encouraged to attend for further information call Amy Bennett at 885-0556.

Get home for spring break

Wheatland Express is offering a spring break charter for both UI and WSU students who live in the Seattle and Portland area for $39 round trip. Tickets to either destination are $59. The bus will pick up students in both Minneapolis and Pullman. For complete information and to reserve a space on the Wheatland Express at Wheatland Travel in Pullman (309)343-2200.

It's getting closer to tax time

First Security Corporation is sponsoring a tax-free lunch in the Free Ivesen March 21 at 6:30 p.m. at the Best Western University RSVP at 885-5611 or 883-5661 to assures adequate seating and reserves.

Need a ride to southern Idaho?

Student Advisory Services is sponsoring a spring break charter for $39 round trip. One student trip can travel to McCall or Boise and for $90 round trip travel to Twin Falls, American Falls, Pocatello, Blackfoot and Idaho Falls. For complete information and to reserve a space contact the Registrar's Office, Administration Building, Satellite SUB, Lihm, Student Union Building, Information Center, and the Summer Programs Office. There is no out-of-state tuition for this summer. For more information call Summer Programs and Extended Learning Office at 885-6337.

*GLBA to meet

The UI Gay/Lesbian/Bisexual Association will meet Wednesdays at 6:30 p.m. For further information call 885-2901. Confidentiality is ensured.

*CORRECTION

In Tuesday's edition, the top story was "Greens advocate safe space," which incorrectly misinterpreted the 1995 Safe Space initiative campaign. Safe Space Break is a joint effort between both the Greek organization and the residence hall organization, PRO. We apologize for the misrepresentation.

As the demographics of the medical school shift—a record-high 18,068 women enrolled last fall—new concerns are being raised about abortion training.

The Accreditation Council for Graduate Medical Education (ACGME) unanimously approved a revision of the Program Requirements for Graduate Medical Education in Obstetrics last month. Effective Jan. 1, 1996, the revised statement says that "new GME programs must provide "a structured didactic and clinical training experience and methods of family planning, including methods of contraception, including natural methods, as well as sterilization...Experience with induction of labor, newborn resuscitation, training, except for residents with moral or religious objections..."Experience in Legal, Ethical, and Professional issues..."The National Board of Medical Examiners has announced that they will no longer accept cases by which doctors must be proved to be living in the United States.

For a Week sexed kiss in a group was reported by a witness.

A young man, who has been arrested for suspicion of assault, is being held in the local jail.

**First U.S. astronaut visits Russian Space Station

After a flawless docking, astronaut Stephen K. Robinson is aboard the Space Station Mir Thursday, becoming the first U.S. astronaut to visit the nine-year-old Russian facility.

Mr. Robinson said his weightless body was "a bit of a culture shock" in the Mir, cosmonaut Yelena V. Kondrakova, who met him around him in a big Russian bear suit. She said it was "a new adventure for me." She said they were in a "unique" space exploration by the Earth's two major space-faring powers.

Cheers and laughter broke out in the Russian mission control center when the American and the Russians celebrated the resumption of the space link, which allows the American to supervise the space exploration by the Earth's two major space-faring powers.

Mr. Robinson said he was the 13th foreigner to visit Mir, but the first American. He will quickly be followed by many other Americans under historic four-year space cooperation agreement that was signed by U.S. astronauts to spend up to 21 months working on the Russian space station.

"I'm very glad to be on board here," Mr. Robinson said, as his wife and three sons watched with what looked like equal measures of pride and relief.

Kondrakova and Alexander S. Vikorosko, a member of the Mir crew, welcomed Mr. Robinson to the station on Jan. 8, 1994. The American record, set by Skylab in 1974, is only 84 days in space, and NASA scientists hope to benefit from Russia's experience in long space flight.

**University of Idaho sororities and fraternities are looking for a few very healthy people to sign up as potential bone marrow donors. They are looking for students who are willing to sign up to provide financial contributions to support the registration program.

Bone marrow transplantation is one of two bone marrow donor drives, which is part of UI Greek Week activities, will take place April 12 in the Appaloosa Room of the Student Union.

The Idaho-Northwest Blood Center from Spokane will conduct the blood sampling of each donor, who will need to give a small blood sample. After the blood samples are tested some donor characteristics are determined, the names or the potential donors will be added to the National Bone Marrow Donor Registry (NBMDR).

Transplants are used to treat people suffering from leukemia, aplastic anemia and advanced cases of breast cancer. Tony Lyne, a UI Law School student and Alpha Gamma Delta alumnus, is organizing the bone marrow donor drive. She was diagnosed with leukemia in March 1994 and received a bone marrow transplant six months later.

She found an unrelated marrow donor through the NBMDR after her family members were tested, "but none provided a bone marrow match.

"It costs $25 for each potential donor drive through the NBMDR after her family members were tested, "but none provided a bone marrow match.

For a first, a Winter-sporting event in Oregon took place last weekend.

The event provided a chance for those who wanted to "dip into sport skiing and snowboarding" to compete and meet up with other students," said Carl Campbell, president of the Student-Alumni Relations Board. But in order to graduate in four years or classes after that are free.

To discontinue the four students from either school in the University and the small class of students in their sophomore year, we guarantee they'll graduate in four years or extra classes are free," says Maren.

At the 700-student college came up with the idea after hearing that many students, especially those who only in public universities, couldn't enroll in the classes they needed.

"Our president has a daughter in college at another school," says Maren. "This year, she told us that she couldn't get into a section of a class she needed for her major, so she wouldn't get to take the class. This shocked her.

Nelson's freshman will be the first eligible for the offer.

"Parents and students are understandably concerned about the financial burden they will assume should graduation be postponed or even two years, "we decided to meet the costs associated with delayed entry into the junior college," said Western President and College President James Tener.

"Western's guarantee of providing access to all required courses within the four-year period will eliminate those concerns."

As a sign of good wishes for the season, the UI Greek Week Association will host a Winter-sporting event in Oregon last weekend.

The event took place January 30, 1996, and was attended by over 400 students and visitors. The event involved a variety of sports, including skiing, snowboarding, and winter sports.

"It is provided to give UI students a chance to "dip into sport skiing and snowboarding" to compete and meet up with other students," said Carl Campbell, president of the Student-Alumni Relations Board. But in order to graduate in four years or classes after that are free.

To discontinue the four students from either school in the University and the small class of students in their sophomore year, we guarantee they'll graduate in four years or extra classes are free," says Maren.

At the 700-student college came up with the idea after hearing that many students, especially those who only in public universities, couldn't enroll in the classes they needed.

"Our president has a daughter in college at another school," says Maren. "This year, she told us that she couldn't get into a section of a class she needed for her major, so she wouldn't get to take the class. This shocked her.

Nelson's freshman will be the first eligible for the offer.

"Parents and students are understandably concerned about the financial burden they will assume should graduation be postponed or even two years, "we decided to meet the costs associated with delayed entry into the junior college," said Western President and College President James Tener.

"Western's guarantee of providing access to all required courses within the four-year period will eliminate those concerns."

As a sign of good wishes for the season, the UI Greek Week Association will host a Winter-sporting event in Oregon last weekend.

The event took place January 30, 1996, and was attended by over 400 students and visitors. The event involved a variety of sports, including skiing, snowboarding, and winter sports.
Greeks spend time with elementary students

Children and volunteers both benefit from 'Adopt-a-school'

Melica Johnson

Elementary students at the McDonald Elementary School are doing everything from playing "four-corners" to climbing on the backs of University of Idaho Greeks.

Members of the Alpha Phi and Delta Tau Delta fraternities have taken on a new philanthropy called "Adopt-a-school." The philanthropy sends two members from each fraternity to the elementary school to play and visit with the students on a regular basis for an hour and fifteen minutes during the kids' lunch hour.

The idea to begin the Adopt-a-school philanthropy was suggested by Delta Tau Delta member Bob Dutton and Alpha Phi member Allison Smith.

"We thought Adopt-a-school would work well and that hopefully everyone else would follow in our footsteps," Smith said.

According to Smith, the fraternity members are currently testing out the philanthropy and will probably visit the school once a month, sending two rotating members from each house each time.

First grader Windham Rhodes, several days old with his fraternity membership, spent a lot of time with Delta member Jeff Chrisman. "He's fun," Rhodes said, speaking of Chrisman, after the duo had finished clipping together a string of colorful plastic chain links.

Another first grader, Courtney Madson, 7, also enjoys spending time with UI visitors. "We played four-corners with ABC's. I liked it, very much," Madson said.

Kenan Douglas, who works in the office at McDonald, also enjoys the fraternity members' visits.

"It's hard for us to do things out here, because we're busy observing and making sure things are safe," Douglas said. "We don't have time to play."

Both Smith and Chrisman agree that their new philanthropy is also helpful for them, since it gives them a good chance to get away from campus.

Chrisman also sees the philanthropy as a chance to keep in touch with the younger generations.

"For those of us that have little brothers and sisters, it gives you that perspective you don't get from home (the fraternity)," Chrisman said.

Principal Laurie Austin appreciates the visits from the fraternity members. "They are really good at finding kids who are boxers or lost," Austin said, who feels it is a positive commodity in having adult role models around for the kids.

Austin finds the extra safety supervision to also be a bonus. "This is a whole lot more supervision for safety and it gives kids someone to play with," Austin said.

This week's "Catch of the Week"

Cod & Shrimp Basket

Get A 16" Two Item Pizza And Two 22oz Drinks For Only....

$8.49

Get A 12" Two Item Pizza And One Tricky Stix For Only....

$7.25

The UI Bookstore is having a 2 for 1 sale!

Stop by and stock up on great items like these!

Plotter Pens Reg $1.25 Now 2 for $1.25

Thumb Tacks Reg. 60¢ Now 2 for 60¢

Pentel Ceramicron Pens reg. $6.30 Now 2 for $6.30

Pentel Leads .3 Reg $1.60 Now 2 for $1.60

Pentel Leads .5 Reg 80¢ Now 2 for 80¢

Pentel Leads .7 Reg 90¢ Now 2 for 90¢

Pentel Leads .9 Reg 90¢ Now 2 for 90¢

Sanford Major Accent Reg. 69¢ Now 2 for 69¢

Sanford Sharpies, Ultra Fine, Fine & Broad Reg. 85¢ Now 2 for 85¢

Legal File Folders Reg 16¢ Now 2 for 16¢

Clasp Envelopes 12X15 Reg 28¢ Now 2 for 28¢

Legal Hanging Folders Reg. 50¢ Now 2 for 50¢

Limited To Stock On Hand!
Hemp shirts selling on campus

Dawn Casey
Staff

Perhaps you have seen a smiling young man on the campus walking up and down a T-shirt and wondered if he was selling that tie-dye or if he was just happy to have it.

As you approached him on your way to class you might have noticed other students displaying that universal hand motion for "no thanks," and figured the shirt was in fact for sale.

But if you stopped to inquire about the shirts emblazoned with George Washington's classic dollar bill image, captioned "I Grew Hemp," you probably met Tom Lloyd, 19, a sophomore at Washington State University.

Some students on campus who have seen his passive sales tactics in front of Morrill Hall think the guy pretty well the tie-dye in the wind is probably stoned or just plain weird, but "Most people think it's kinda funny," he said of the student reception.

Audra Mason, a UI junior said, "I saw someone wearing that shirt earlier today and when I saw him waving it around I thought he was just excited about having one too." But later, when told that the shirt was actually for sale, not just for show, she said, "Oh, that's kinda funny.

Most do think it is a bit odd, selling T-shirts in between classes, but Lloyd doesn't seem to mind—the sales add up to a little more than chump change, he said.

The image on the shirts Lloyd sells is not an original one, but neither is his belief that hemp is an important crop socially, economically, and environmentally. Nationwide organizations such as Hemp USA boost large memberships and advocate the crop's efficiency in those areas for use in everything from textiles to paper production.

The T-shirts, Lloyd and his partner, Sheehan McCoy, 19, sell for $10 are 100 percent cotton, not hemp. But hemp-based products are becoming increasingly popular—Adidas is expected to come out with a shoe this year made entirely of hemp, which will likely spur the other big businesses to incorporate hemp into the economy.

Growth of the hemp plant has been illegal since 1937 but products made from it can be imported. Samples of the study product can be found at Moscow's own Hemp Fest which will take place on April 27 at East City Park.

Lloyd and McCoy became entrepreneurs this year when friends in Payson, Washington in the printing business helped them out with a few free shirts, Lloyd said.

"George Washington really did grow hemp," he said, "it's written in his diaries that he harvested hemp, and even separated the males from the females." Separating the hemp plant by gender generally implies an intent to sneeze the leaves.

One can only guess if Martha approved.
Changes in drop/add, repeating courses policy recommended

Russ Wright

The Faculty Council voted two weeks ago to recommend changes in policies concerning the dropping and adding of classes and the replacement of grades by repeating a course.

All of these proposed changes are pending approval of the entire faculty. If passed, students will be able to drop classes over the phone or by computer without getting a "W" on their transcripts during the first few weeks of classes instead of the current two weeks allowed for the process. Proposed changes would also allow students to drop courses with a "W" up until the end of the second week after midterm.

Before being presented by the Faculty Council, the proposed changes were initially presented to students to run all over campus collecting signatures from deans and advisors. The only signatures which the original proposal would have required were those of the instructors of the courses students wished to add after the sixth day of classes. Students, as the original proposal had it, would have also been able to drop courses online or by phone up to the second week following midterm.

However, Professor William Swagerty moved to amend the proposal to have students get signatures of advisors for students to add classes after the sixth day and to drop courses until the fourth week.

If passed, the cards are still distributed by the dean's offices, so in effect, the students will not really have saved much time in collecting signatures with the exception of the two week extension to drop courses provided for by the proposal. Swagerty expressed concern that the original proposal would reduce the role of the student advising system.

Changes adding courses were recommended because current policy allows students to add courses up through the end of the second week of classes. It was felt that this was often too late to be adding a course without the instructor's approval because the student would want to do both.

Changes were also voted for in the policies regulating the replacement of grades by repeating a course. Current policy allows a student to take a course to replace an "F" or a "D" as long as a "more advanced course in the same subject field" has not been taken in the meantime.

As the policy stands now, students can take a course for a new grade as many times as they want to with only the first grade counting toward GPA calculation if the new grade was the same or below the first grade. If a higher grade is received, only the new grade counts toward GPA calculation although all grades received remain on the student's transcript.

Proposed changes in the policy would have all grades received in a repeated course count toward GPA calculation only if the newest grade is equal to or lower than the previous grade.

The current policy allows students to attempt a course a number of times as they wanted to without having subsequent "F"s or "D"s. This allowed students in this situation to avoid academic probation or disqualification.

Minority students receive hate mail

Jennifer Eng

Staff

The individual that vandalized the Kappa Kappa Gamma house on Jan. 28 has come forward and accepted full responsibility for his actions.

Members of Kappa Kappa Gamma sorority discovered the vandalism on the night of Jan. 28 as they were returning from a dance. The damage, which was more visually astounding than damaging, has been repaired. However, image has left a lasting memory in the minds of the women of Kappa Kappa Gamma.

As yet no motive has been identified for the vandalism.

Dean of Students Bruce Pitman said that the vandal acted entirely on his own and accepts full responsibility for his actions.

The Greek individual is going through the campus judiciary process at this time in an effort to give the Kappa Kappa Gammas the opportunity to report the damage to their house. Not only is the individual facing disciplinary action from the campus, but from his fraternity as well.

Pitman said that the Kappas have chosen to let the campus judiciary handle the case as opposed to local law enforcement. Pitman also said that if the Kappas are not satisfied with the resolution they are given, they may file charges with local officials up to one year and a day from the occurrence of the vandalism.

The president of both houses are working together to resolve the situation to the best of their ability. Pitman said that everybody is just trying to reach a resolution.

Pitman said, "Taking responsibility is the key to resolution." Pitman is pleased with the amount of cooperation the two houses are demonstrating.

Pitman also pointed out that the situation is being handled in the best of the campus and the Greek system.

Pitman wanted to also recognize that the vandal is in no way being shielded by his fraternity. This exemplifies the fact that this case is being handled no differently than had the vandalism been committed by a non-Greek individual.

The only anonymity the vandal has is that which is granted by federal law in concurrence with the university judiciary processes.

After the incident had taken place, a number of fraternity students offered to assist in repairing the damage. Many people viewed the vandalism as a tragedy.

Pitman said that had the vandal not come forward on his own, his identity may never have been discovered.

Minority students receive hate mail

College Prem Service

BERKELEY—Fourteen minority students at the University of California at Berkeley recently found racist fliers in their mailboxs, marking the second time since December that American and Hispanic students have been harassed because of their race.

Minority students enrolled in the Booth Hall School of Law received the fliers, which were filled with racist slurs and attacks on the school's affirmative action admissions policies.

"Rice powder, a genuinely nasty, it's affirmative action month. A town hall meeting will not save you, the white kids or the chinks," stated the anonymous messenger.

Your failures are hereditary and can't be corrected by these liberal forces.

"Look around Bush Hall. Besides the few hand-picked affirmative action professors this is a quality law school. When I see you in class it bugs the hell out of me because your (sic) taking the seat of someone else qualified. You are not welcome at our High Law don't you worry.

More than 500 Berkeley students showed their support for the minority law students by participating in a campus protest against the fliers a few days after the incident.

"Students of color do not have to justify their presence here," said Josiefina Alvarenga, a second-year Hispanic law student, during the rally. "We have worked too hard to be called niggers, wastebacks and chinks."

Chancellor Chang-Lin Tien also spoke at the rally telling students that he could not rent an apartment only to have the few hand-picked affirmative action professors offered to the students whose mailboxes are cooled according to the minority law students.

At the protest, Tien told students that the perpetrator would face swift discipline if caught.

Last December, the same students received a flier containing a picture of a monkey and the statement, "Affirmative action sucks ass." The flier also included an article about the resignation of Surgeon General Joycelyn Elders.

Kappa vandal comes forward

Jennifer Eng

Staff

The individual that vandalized the Kappa Kappa Gamma house on Jan. 28 has come forward and accepted full responsibility for his actions.

Members of Kappa Kappa Gamma sorority discovered the vandalism on the night of Jan. 28 as they were returning from a dance. The damage, which was more visually astounding than damaging, has been repaired. However, image has left a lasting memory in the minds of the women of Kappa Kappa Gamma.

As yet no motive has been identified for the vandalism.

Dean of Students Bruce Pitman said that the vandal acted entirely on his own and accepts full responsibility for his actions.

The Greek individual is going through the campus judiciary process at this time in an effort to give the Kappa Kappa Gammas the opportunity to report the damage to their house. Not only is the individual facing disciplinary action from the campus, but from his fraternity as well.

Pitman said that the Kappas have chosen to let the campus judiciary handle the case as opposed to local law enforcement. Pitman also said that if the Kappas are not satisfied with the resolution they are given, they may file charges with local officials up to one year and a day from the occurrence of the vandalism.

The president of both houses are working together to resolve the situation to the best of their ability. Pitman said that everybody is just trying to reach a resolution.

Pitman said, "Taking responsibility is the key to resolution." Pitman is pleased with the amount of cooperation the two houses are demonstrating.

Pitman also pointed out that the situation is being handled in the best of the campus and the Greek system.

Pitman wanted to also recognize that the vandal is in no way being shielded by his fraternity. This exemplifies the fact that this case is being handled no differently than had the vandalism been committed by a non-Greek individual.

The only anonymity the vandal has is that which is granted by federal law in concurrence with the university judiciary processes.

After the incident had taken place, a number of fraternity students offered to assist in repairing the damage. Many people viewed the vandalism as a tragedy.

Pitman said that had the vandal not come forward on his own, his identity may never have been discovered.
PUT THE RIGHT WORDS IN CALVERT'S MOUTH AND 1-800-COLLECT WILL SEND YOU TO THE BILLBOARD MUSIC AWARDS.

I USE 1-800-COLLECT BECAUSE...

Calvert doesn't hold back when it comes to expressing the benefits of using 1-800-COLLECT. Now it's your turn.

Just fill in the bubble above with the most important reason to always dial 1-800-COLLECT when calling collect. If your quote is chosen, you'll be the lucky Grand prize winner of a 3-day, 2-night trip for two to attend the Billboard Music Awards (broadcast by FOX). Twenty first-place winners will receive a 1-800-COLLECT "Cool Collection" of prizes that includes a 1-800-COLLECT watch, boxer shorts and much more!

1-800-COLLECT
Save The People You Call Up To 44%.

To enter, complete the bubble above and the information below. Mail the entire page, to be received by 5/1/95, to:

"1-800-COLLECT"
P.O. Box 4838
Blair, Nebraska 68009

(Please print)

Name__________________________
Address__________________________
City____State____Zip__________
Phone #(_____________________

Open to U.S. residents 18 or older. Void where prohibited. Entries must be received by 5/1/95. Limit one entry per envelope. Grand Prize of trip for 2 includes airfare, hotel and night on the town, with dinner and nightspot entertainment. For contest rules, by which entrants are bound, send a self-addressed, stamped envelope to: 1-800-COLLECT, P.O. Box 4880, Blair, NE 68009. WA residents need not affix postage to return envelope.

1995 BILLBOARD MUSIC AWARDS ON FOX
For long-distance calls. Savings based on a 3-minute AT&T operator-assisted interstate call.
Toad the Wet Sprocket excels in live shows

Matt Baldwin
"Staff"

Rising from playing clubs in Santa Barbara to playing theaters, Toad the Wet Sprocket is making their way into more of the light. This past weekend Toad the Wet Sprocket and their opening act Hootie and the Blowfish performed at Moore Theater in Seattle. In the beginning of which was a few years ago, Glen Phillips, Todd Nichols, guitarists and vocalists; Dean Dinning, bassist; and drummer Randy Crest came together to form the band we know as Toad the Wet Sprocket. The band is known from a Monty Python record which one of Dinning’s English friends had. “I had a lot of English friends and we hung out together. That is how we got our name from some of their records,” Dinning said.

The band’s first release was Bread and Circus which got them the small amount of $650 and was recorded in a 16-track home studio. From the funds that they earned off of their Bread and Circus album they produced and released their second LP, called Pale.

In 1988 Toad the Wet Sprocket got the call that most bands pray for. They were called by different companies until they finally settled down with Columbia records. Toad the Wet Sprocket’s live shows are what made the band. During their Moore performance they brought a person from the audience on stage to sing the theme song to “The Land of the Lost.” Throughout the show, Toad kept asking the crowd if they knew different songs. The casual look also sits upon the stage with Toad. Phillips, the lead vocalist came out on stage in bare feet. The same person who came on stage with them played a tambourine and sang a little into the mic as part of the vocals on the next song. It was a lively event on stage.

Yet, the show seemed like it would never end. The band kept coming back on stage to play more songs and have more fun with the crowd. One of the highlights of the show was when Darius Baeker, the lead vocalist for Hootie and the Blowfish, came out on stage to sing a song with Toad the Wet Sprocket. Other appearances were made by Matt Ryan the J. William Fulbright remembered

Valeriee Johnson
"Staff"

Education is part of a culture that is shared among the world. Former Senator J. William Fulbright was a man who brought together the forces of culture and education through the creation of the Fulbright Scholarship program which gives students and faculty the opportunity to teach, research and serve the educational needs of countries across the globe.

Fulbright died last month at the age of 89, but the effects from his 30-year Senate career continue to change the lives of people all over the world. Many of our own faculty and students have been honored with a Fulbright scholarship or fellowship and experienced the educational and cultural enrichment of traveling abroad.

Ed Krumpe, Resource Recreation and Tourism professor, went to Ecuador as a consultant to Escula Politecnicas del Liruins for his Fulbright Fellowship. “I was emerged in a cultural setting that helped establish relationships that will last forever,” said Krumpe.

Kurt Manrique, a student from Peru, is doing his Fulbright studies here in plant breeding. Manrique believes the experience to be rewarding and has found the University of Idaho a great place to be for what he does.

Dan Zirker, director of the Honors Program and associate political science professor, taught in Tanzania during his Fulbright Lernership. By teaching in Africa, Zirker has gained the ability to relate the experience to his students in teachings of Africa.

“You see, in a sense, an Ambassador Abroad,” says Zirker. Or Garton, Fish & Wildlife Professor, traveled to Kenya to help establish a Graduate’s Program. Even though Garson has a fair amount of international experience, the Fulbright program had tremendous impact.

“It was the first time it had struck me how taken for granted our educational system is,” Garton said. Faculty problems and organization were a major deficit in the school systems of Africa and Garten believes he has a better appreciation for our own system after the experience. The Fulbright experiences have been full and varied on the UI campus. Among others are David Barber, associate professor of English, who went to Spain to consult a textbook; Dr. Ray Arnoud, Communications professor, had posts in Poland and Africa. Dr. Al Long, dean of the College of Agriculture, went to Turrialba University in Npul for his work. Currently Mark Dechant is on a Fulbright Scholar Award in Egypt. The Fulbright Institute has been one of the strongest in establishing educational relationships in the world. Senator Fulbright, also author of “The Arrogance of Power,” led the promise to strengthen the relationship as a critic of the Vietnam War and a lobbyist for a number of foreign interests.

“The greatest threat to peace and domestic tranquility is not in Haiti, Moscow, or Peking but in our colleges and in the ghettos of cities throughout the land,” Fulbright said.

Thanks to Ginnie Wray, Associate Director of International Programs, for the inspiration in this tribute to Senator Fulbright and her efforts in locating many of the participants in the Fulbright program at the University of Idaho.

STDs aren’t just a pain, they kill

Susan K. Golletty, M.D.
Student Health Services

Over the past ten years, sexually transmitted diseases (STDs) have become more serious than they used to be, and even life-threatening. A generation ago, the worst thing you could get from having sex, other than an unplanned pregnancy, was herpes. Today the risk of herpes is greater than it ever was, back then, but its importance has been overshadowed by two far more serious infections: HIV and Hepatitis B.

The danger of HIV (Human Immunodeficiency Virus) infection are well known and, tragically, increasingly common place. AIDS (Acquired Immune Deficiency Syndrome) is now the leading cause of death in the United States among men and women 25-44 years old. The population group in this country with the most rapid increase in infection rates is heterosexual women. On a worldwide basis, the vast majority of infections are transmitted by ordinary heterosexual sex.

HIV infection remains incurable, and there is still no vaccine for prevention, so the only form of protection is to avoid exposure to the virus. It is extremely important to remember that a person may be infected with a long incubation period, more than ten or fifteen years—without having any symptoms. Such a person might unknowingly transmit the virus to many others during this interval.

To protect yourself, remember that abstinence is always safe. If you do choose to have sex, use a condom every time to reduce your risk, and consider yourself (and hopefully your partner also) tested for HIV. Confidential, low-cost testing is available and encouraged at the Student Health Center, as are counseling and support services.

Hepatitis B infection has been less publicized than HIV infection, but presents in some ways even greater dangers. There are over forty million people in the world who are chronic carriers of Hepatitis B. Body fluids such...
Jeffrey Albertson
Saturday, April 7

Photography started out merely as a hobby for University of Idaho
junior Joe Pallen; what transcended through this medium was a whole
new aspect on life.
Pallen, an undergraduate art stu-
dent, works not only in photogra-
phy but in textiles as well. Much of
his work deals with the idea of
man’s existence with nature and
attempts to create a balance
between the two.

“I started out painting and as I
grew more interested I found
myself working with trees and
bark and always wondering why,”
Pallen said.
Pallen is a first generation
U.S. born Lithuanian who discovered a
love for textiles and his heritage.
Most of his works are centered
around that idea and involve even
symbolic use of materials.
Photography is his link between
technology and man while materi-
als like bark, dyes and actual tree
bark represent the relationship with
nature.

STDS • FROM PAGE 7

As blood, semen, or other secretions
from these people can transmit the
infection as long as they live.

Hepatitis B infection can easily
grow unnoticed; the majority of
those infected will be unaware of
the infection unless they have
blood tests performed. For others,
however, the infection will cause
“fatigue,” or full blown, hepatis-
tis and death, within weeks or
months. If this infection, there is
an effective vaccine, given in three
times over a six month period.
Unfortunately, it’s not cheap; the
cost at the Student Health Service
is $66 per dose, or $195 for the
entire series. Given the potential

Pallen said that ancient
Lithuanians believed that every
tree and flower exudes life and
energy, the birch tree represents
fertility, the oak masculinity
while the double stumped tree is
held most sacred.
His photographs are vibrant,
using black and white photos of
various landscapes painted over
with radiant dyes of green. The end
result brings the photos to life with
strong contrasts.
The textiles also tie in with
Lithuanian heritage. One piece
in particular deals with the mytholo-
y of how the moon was created.
For the most part his work has
transformed from a hobby to a
dedication to his life.
Working with two different medi-
s and the thought process
involved with them can take up
a lot of time.
“The thought process lasts a
long time,” Pallen said, “it could last a
couple of days or months before it
formalizes.”
Pallen said that despite the
hard work the process of formulating an
idea and then putting that idea to
work is the most exciting part.

“It’s kind of like reading a good
book, when it’s over you just put it
on the shelf and it’s finished,”
Pallen said.
Pallen also said that some work
comes together just out of experi-
mentation and that the whole
process of putting everything
together is as much a part of the art
as the final product.

Currently some of Pallen’s work
is on display at First Interstate Bank.
Some of the works are priced
but for the most part Pallen
wants to stay away from putting a
price on his work.

“I’d be willing to sell some of it
but I’d have a hard time parting
with it,” Pallen said, about
giving away from the materialistic
view of things.
Pallen has also entered three
pieces in the Lewis-Clark exhibition
to be run April 20 at the L-C Center
for Arts and History and has also
entered several of his works in the
Boise Tri-Armi Jurgy exhibition at
the Boise Art Gallery.

“I create an intimate relationship
that most exist between humans and
nature for each to exist as a species.
A relationship that once existed
in the Lithuanian culture,” Pallen said.

TOAD • FROM PAGE 7

The Sprocket is a
guitarist for Hootie and the
Blowfish. Both of the bands had
words for each other due to the
fact that they have been long-
time fans of each other.

Tord the Wet Sprocket has
always been involved with special
organizations. One of my favor-
ites Tord the Wet Sprocket is bringing
to the area is a organization
kown as RAiNN.

“it was set up by Tori Amos
and it’s just a help for girls.
You can call from any where in the
country — 1-800-656-HOPE. You
can just call from anywhere in the
country and puts you automatically
in contact with your local crisis
center.

“The cool thing about it is it’s
free for number one. Cause it is
toll free, it comes out anony-
mous. It doesn’t show up on your
phone bill for domestic abuse.
There has always been local
groups but this is a single no no.
No matter where you are, can
call,” Phillips said.

“It’s kind of the first time you
can get something together nation-
ally for rape crisis center because it
is such a local affair a very person-
al thing,”Phillips said.

“We had it personally touch us.
It is hard to not know somebody
not affected by it. It is the most
basic human right and the most
infringed basic right,”Phillips said.

Tord the Wet Sprocket has also
worked with other organizations.
In donations they tend to work on
a more local level. “We did amnesty
for a long time. We try to do bene-
fits for local organizations,”
Phillips said.

DOMINO’S DOLLARS
“We Accept Competitors’ Coupons”
883-1555

Two MEDIUM
One Item Pizza
only
$9.99
$6.48

Large special
valid thru 3/26/95

$5.99

NEW! Chicken Wings!
10 Piece Order $3.99

FREE PIZZA SPECIAL
CALL FOR DETAILS

APPLIED MATERIALS
Applied Materials, the world’s largest suppliers of wafer fabrication
systems and services to the global
semi-conductor industry, has excellent career opportunities
for new college graduates.

Applied Materials will be on campus April 5th and 6th to
interview Engineering candidates to join our Micron support
team at our current Boise facility and future Utah site.

We are currently pre-screening resumes in the following
disciplines:

• BS/MS in Electrical, Mechanical and Chemical Engineering,
  Materials, Applied Physics or Computer Science.

For more information and immediate consideration, please
contact the CAREER PLACEMENT CENTER on campus.
Wildlife refuge a great day trip

By Dennis Sasse
Outdoors Editor
photos by Jeff Carus

The inland northwest is right along the flyway for many migrating birds and the Kootenai National Wildlife Refuge affords a chance to witness the beauty of these creatures during their sojourn.

The refuge itself wasn’t enough, the sight of Myrtle Falls is worth the trip.

The refuge was established by the U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service in 1964 to reclaim some of the Idaho Panhandle wetlands lost to development. The Libby Dam in Montana and channeling of the Kootenai River to dry out the flood plain for crops has eliminated virtually all of the natural wetland in the area.

The refuge was built on reclaimed ground. They still sharecrop with local farmers on the refuge, letting the farmers keep 60 percent of the yield and leaving the other 40 percent standing for wildlife to feed on.

Spring provides a chance to view waterfowl on their migration northward. The birds stop to rest and take advantage of the abundant food supply provided by the marshes. The most common birds sighted on migratory routes are mallards, cinnamon and blue-winged teal, goldeneyes, wood ducks and Canada geese. There is also the nesting site of a pair of bald Eagles; if you have a good pair of binoculars, you can get a good look at the nest the two are building.

Geese are among the early visitors to the refuge. Larry Napier, refuge manager, said that in early spring visitors see vast numbers of waterfowl as well as the geese the visitors can see a greater variety of birds.

This wildlife refuge is managed for waterfowl habitat, feeding and resting areas. Napier said the main purpose of the refuge is wildlife, “secondary uses are authorized under the charge, if they are not conflicting with the wildlife purpose” Napier said. “Refuges are not set up for human use.”

Some people visit the wildlife refuge with misconceptions about how a wildlife refuge is run. Napier said, “A lot of people have a misconceived idea of how the balance of nature go on.”

Napier said a lot of people, especially those from out of the area, are surprised and upset to find that waterfowl hunting goes on inside the preserve.

The preserve cannot run like a huge block of wildernes. “You can’t do that because of regulations,” said Napier. The Kootenai refuge is small—2774 acres—one of the smallest national wildlife refuges in the United States, and you can’t assume that the natural balance will be maintained on a tract of land that small without human intervention.

The preserve has most of the species, using the Pacific flyway. The lucky visitor will also see moose, elk, dear, beavers, racoons or even an occasional bear.

Locked by a battle that pits the ever shrinking budget against increased use, Kootenai Wildlife Refuge Manager Larry Napier and his staff try to find ways to improve wildlife habitat as well as provide for an ever increasing number of visitors.

“About four years ago Sandpoint high school started one class—now there are six,” said Napier about environmental education classes. “New classes even come from Cœur d’Alene.”

The 2,734 acre refuge does not have the facilities to handle that kind of load. The interpretive center is a converted chicken coop that can hold about 15 kids. When the school’s field trips are booked, refuge managers are left scrambling to find space—space to present educational programs everyone wants.

Another financial challenge faced by the staff is the Americans with Disabilities Act. The refuge has prepared trails, handicapped and picnic areas for the disabled, and Napier hopes to get some modified boats so those who have difficulty moving can get out and hunt. One of the most difficult challenges Napier says he is faced with is making the refuge safe for people with vision problems; this includes making hunting available.

This small refuge offers diverse habitats and the potential to see 230 bird, 45 fish and 25 mammal species.

Visitors can view the refuge from the comfort of a car on the four and a half mile Auto Tour Road or park and travel by foot on miles of foot trails.

To find the refuge go to Bonners Ferry and take Riverine Road about five miles to the refuge entrance or call Kootenai National Wildlife Refuge at 208-267-3588.

Controversy surrounds Grandmother timber sale

By Erik Marone

Fifty miles northeast of Moscow, nestled between Elk River and Avery, lies the last continuous wilderness in North Idaho, including popular destinations such as Freezout Lake and Upper Marble Creek.

With a proposed timber management plan that may involve the construction of roads and timber harvest, a local group has formed to oppose any activity of this kind for the Grandmother Mountain Area. The area comprises about 40,000 acres, owned by the Bureau of Land Management, Forest Service and private owners.

Last night, Grandmother’s Friends, the Idaho Conservation League and the Clearwater Forest Watch, presented a slide show and informational meeting in the UI Forestry Building about the proposed Idaho Covenant management plan. Larry McLane, of the Idaho Conservation League, is worried about the impact on the existing ecosystem. “There’s not a whole lot of decent habitat left, where will all those animals go?” McLane asks about the many species of wildlife that call the area home. According to the Forest Service’s Environmental Impact Statement (EIS), habitat diversity would increase in the harvest areas.

The concerned groups are afraid proposed actions will adversely affect the water resources, which are homes for several species of fish, including chinook and bull trout. The EIS projects a negligible decrease in the amount and quality of fish habitats. Another route of contention is timber harvest, which would require roads being constructed in the 40,000 acre roadless area. “When you walk along the ridges, you’ll look down into these huge clearcuts in the middle of the wilderness,” McLane predicts.

Brad Gilbert, District Ranger for the St. Joe Ranger District, addressed these concerns. He points out that only 2.5 miles of new roads would be constructed and approximately 1.5 miles of road would be reconstructed.

As for harvesting, of the four alternative management plans that involve the harvest of timber, three include a single clearcut. The rest of the harvesting involves group selection, commercial thinning, shelterwood, commercial thinning and seedling cuts, which is very similar to a clearcut, leaving five to ten trees per acre in order to naturally repopulate the vegetation.

However, Grandmother’s Friends, any cutting or construction is too much. They are urging the Forest Service to keep the harvests out of the roadless area.

Public comment on the timber sale is due by March 24, 1995. If you would like to voice your opinion, write to the St. Maries Ranger District, P.O. Box 407, St. Maries, Idaho, 83861.
**Vandal athletes score in classroom as well**

Kevin Neuenhoff

Themenu's ingredients for making today's college athlete: athleticism, dedication, pride, abilities to perform in the classroom, and most importantly, the abilities to perform in the classroom.

The typical college athlete is most oftentimes reognized for what he's doing on the court or field. The price of winning within college athletics often times takes precedence over what one may accomplish in the classroom.

For example, people associate Leash Smith as a member of the three-time Big Sky Champion volleyball team, merely they consider that she has a 4.0 GPA in something other than volleyball. Smith is a 1994-95 academic all-conference team.

For years athletes have had to carry with them the reputation of a "dumb jock" and the mentality that what they do in the classroom here at the University of Idaho, student-athletes often are not involved, not only in athletics, but in the classroom as well.

As the second 126 student-athletes earned placement on the athletic department honor roll earning a 3.0 GPA or better with 20 individuals earning a perfect 4.0 GPA.

Currently there are 69 scholar-athletes who have maintained a 3.0 GPA over the past two semesters while participating in the academic program. This prestigious group includes four members of the nationally-ranked volleyball team, three Academic All-Americans, six members of the women's bas- ketball team, and three from the men's basketball team.

While much of Idaho's student-athlete success in the classroom lies solely with the students themselves, the efforts of the athletic department's academic coordinator cannot go unnoticed.

"The academic coordinator serves under a holistic approach," said Academic Unit, Lewis Turner.

"We strive toward making the person a more well-rounded individual. We address personal development, not only in academics, but in athletics, community outreach, career development and social issues as well."

Turner acknowledged that much of what is provided for athletes is basically related to what Career Services provides for all other students. What differs is that they provide the services at a time when athletes are not in practice or competitions.

"The NCAA does not use GPA as a criteria for determining the success of student athletes in the classroom," said Julie Quiskel, public relations executive of the NCAA. "We base success upon such criteria as the quality of the student-athletes academic program as well as all other students."

According to NCAA statistics, the graduation rate for all institutions the past four years is 57 percent.

"The graduation rate for Idaho's student-athletes who entered between 1984-86 at the University of Idaho was over 43 percent, the same percentage of all Idaho Students at that time."

More importantly, graduation rates for student athletes who began in 1987-88 was over 54 percent, while the percentage for their student remained the same at 43 percent.

"The graduation rate for Idaho's student-athletes is good enough to place them ahead of all other Big Sky schools. The average graduation rate for the 1987-88 class of all other Big Sky Schools was only 42.8 percent."

"Student-athletes at the University of Montana had a 51 percent graduation rate for its 1987-88 class of student athletes, while Eastern Washington only had a 31 percent average for its class."

These numbers should also favor Idaho when they head to the Big West Conference in 1996. The Big West average graduation rate was only 49 percent for its class of student-athletes in 1986-88.

Another misconception about the student-athlete is that most go on to major in something like coaching or managing. However, the five most common degree programs at graduation for student-athletes at all institutions who entered school in 1987-88, according to NCAA statistics, were: business management, social sciences/history, education, psychology, and sports management.

For student-athletes at Idaho, the five most common degree programs were: the same: school, sports management, business management, education, and biological science.

The role of the student-athlete is multi-dimensional. Practice games, and off-season conditioning take away from time most student-athletes take for granted. For the student-athlete most of the time is spent involved in maintaining a 3.0 GPA and the role of the student-athlete becomes that much more complex.

The '90s have brought about a time where athletic directors, university presidents, and coaches nation wide, want more out of their athletes than wins. The catch all phrase of "winning is everything" no longer applies only to sports, but to education and life in general.

---

**Tennis team aces Purdue, Nevada**

Ben Carr

The men's tennis team is looking to capture the Big Sky crown this year because finally their classmates' performance doesn't have to dictate their practice schedule anymore. After a big win last weekend over both Purdue and the University of the University of Nevada, the Idaho men are preparing for their showdown with Lewis Clark State early next month.

The Tiger men's team has had a couple of week's off since their showdown with Boise State and Cal Poly San Luis Obispo in Boise, and were looking forward to head- ing to Oregon the past week to try to repeat the good fortune they had there.

Idaho was led by the sweet strokes of Keith Bradbury. Bradbury's doubles win over the visiting team swept both his matches this weekend.

Bradbury took on Jorgen Holdeman of Nevada and won 6-2, 6-2; then took on the head man of Purdue for the win 6-7, 7-5, 7-6, 6-2. Bradbury was the only Idaho tennis player to sweep both his matches last weekend.

In doubles action, Hadley and Lall beat Bryan Harris and Steve Brezdeine of Purdue 8-5, while Sisson and Anderson beat Roger Feltman and Jason Smith 8-5.

Against Nevada, the Hadley/Lall combination teamed up again to win their second doubles match of the season against partner Jasi Taloikeikane and Marc Gruemn 8-3. Sisson played with Scott Peterson and Lall played tough but eventually triumphed over Ben Stevens and Tony Siggins (6-8, 6-4, 7-6, 6-4).

The final score of both men's was Idaho 4-3 over both Purdue and Nevada.

---

**UI hockey finds way around road jinx**

Damon Barkdoll

Dorothy and Toto from the Wizard of Oz found that there was no place like home.

UI's hockey team wishes they felt the same way. The team has to make a tough road trip to battle the worts of the road jinx.

"We get little ice time during the week, and then we go out on the road and get little sleep, and sometimes we get a day off," said UI defender Rich Martin.

With no where to return for home games, the team has to make the long road trips to several of the Pacific North West's area hockey rinks for practice.

"It's tough not having that home atmosphere," said assistant team captain Scott Squires.

The road finding has left the hockey team enough money for only two practices a month, and even for those practices they must travel to Spokane.

The team was co-founded in 1992-93 by Squires and after putting up a few flyers to local fans and residence halls the turnout was quite large.

"And we're still coming back from East, Minnesota, Canada, Alaska and even a player from Idaho," Squires said.

---

**UI football finds way around road jinx**

Damon Barkdoll

Most of the guys trying out bad played junior or high school hockey. The experience helps a lot, because if we have no practices — everyone worked together."

Other people like Mann found out about the UI hockey program through methods other than roud- flying flyers. Mannis, who was planning to attend the UI in the fall, found out about the hockey program at a concert in a concert in George Washington Hall.

"I was at Lullapalooza when I saw a few guys with UI hockey shirts on. They were calling into a radio station," Mannis said. "From there I called Doug Reyer and he was a friend of Matt Martin."

"And every time I called, they were calling into a radio station. I ended up sending them my equipment." Mannis said.

"We're not really sure how we trained or what we did, but we did some outside help from Doug and other experienced hockey players."

"We basically coxch our own practices and we're working on. We don't pay off," Mannis said.

This season the team has had a few players from schools like border-rival Washington State, Montana, and Washington, but even after having to give up home field advantage the hockey team has managed to keep an 8-3 record.

"Most of the team we play are pretty much 2-6 teams. We split two games with WSU and UW, but we are still 0-2 versus Montana," Squires said.

On April 1 and 2 the Vandalis travel to Seattle to compete in the last tournament of the season, according to Squires, their team has the most important game.

"The only team at the tournament that we haven't faced in Western Washington, but besides them we've played everyone and know what to expect," Squires said.

In the future Squires would like to see Moscow get an ice arena so they can host some home matches and get more practice time in.

"The next plan's made to make a ice ring here in Moscow. Right now the only thing holding us back is a home arena," Squires said. "We had a big crowd turn out at WSU the other day and there was a fan interest here in Moscow.

Anyone interested in playing can contact Scott Squires at 852-2781 or write him on his E-mail address at Skittles@ulink.uic.edu.

Many can speculate as to why Idaho doesn't have a stronger interest in hockey. After all, it's always cold here and Idahoans seem to "We've heard that hockey players huddle to keep warm."

The future looks good for Idaho football, as well.
Late start doesn’t stop Twining’s success

Mark Vanderwall

Twining, a Spokane, Washington native, picked up his first set of clubs the summer before his freshman year in high school and as they say the rest is history.

He made his high school team after only a summer to prepare and lettered all four years. Randy Allen, the father of one of Twining’s best friends, was the first to show him the game.

“He took me under his wing and got me interested in competitive golf,” said Twining.

After his freshman year, Twining got to work at the Liberty Lake Golf Course and got to play for free at 6 a.m. before the day’s work began.

“I played for free every morning, and that is how I really got better,” said Twining. The practice paid off as Twining placed eighth at state his junior year, and 16th respectively his senior year.

Twining then started his journey into the college level here at Idaho and that is paying its dividends as well. He placed in the top ten once last season and is coming off a successful weekend at Portland to get things rolling for this season.

Twining, who presents himself just as well in the classroom as he does on the golf course, is maintaining a 3.2 G.P.A., while still finding time to practice and compete.

“After being out of here in four and a half years, isn’t bad considering the time I put in on the course,” Twining said.

With the thought of being out of here after another year and a half, Twining has a few things he would like to accomplish before he leaves.

“I want to win a tournament before I graduate and with the team we have now and a couple recruits, I would like to see us take home a team title as well,” said Twining.

As for what he is going to do after he graduates, will you can safely write golf in that slot as well. Twining would like to give either the Canadian or Asia tour a chance and try to pick up a little money along the way. If that doesn’t work you can look for Twining to find a home in a pro shop somewhere, either as an assistant, or as a head pro.

As for where he wants to find himself in five years, “I would like to be still involved in golf somehow, and making money doing it,” Twining said.

When it comes to role models, Twining chose two from the golf world, where else.

“I really like Fred Couples and Greg Norman,” said Twining. “These two guys are getting better as they get older, and that is what this game is about.”

As for getting better as they get older, Twining fix this description quite well. The 21-year old has plenty of time left to get better and if his past record holds true you can expect those goals of his to be well within his reach.

Practice has been the key for Twining’s success, and that is the only real way for any golfer to get better. Dan Koesters, the men’s golf coach, reiterated this fact.

“John works harder than any kid I know, and he’s a real good kid,” said Koesters.

With all the time and effort that is put in, you must remember this is a kid who has only been playing the game for a little over seven years, and success takes time.

With a new coach, and a new outlook on golf, Twining is ready to excel at the game he fell in love with only a short time ago. Coming from a family in which no one else plays, Twining has found his own niche in the golf world. His dedication to the game alone has made him a winner, and no matter how he finishes the game, golf has been improved by his presence.
Mixed Media  

ABCDEFGHIJKLMNOP

Dave  

Bound & Gagged  

Answers To This Week's Puzzle
T

Pentagon backs off pork-barrel pledge

This year was supposed to be the "mother of all clos-

ings." But something happened hap-

pened on the way to the battle. 

Originally designed as a clever way around the problem of trying to close too much infrastructure, the successful seven-year program is in danger of going out with a whim-

per. The Pentagon now says no.

So what happened? Why is it a plan once aimed at closing 100 mil-

liary bases now targeting a third 

that many? Ultimately, the 

Pentagon decided that closing 

that many bases would be too difficult and costly in the 

near term.

Political calculation also played a 

role. California, home to the largest 

number of installations and the 

richest states of electoral votes, was 

a major focus of past closures. This 

time, it was hardly snicked.

As a result, the military's over-

head will continue to be seriously 

out of whack. Since Cold War peak 

levels, the defense budget has 

decreased by 40 percent, the 

mili-

tary has reduced by a third 

and procurement cut by two-thirds.

And even after the first rounds of clos-

ings, the Pentagon's infrastructure has 

grown down by only 20 percent.

The impetus for the base closings 

started over a decade ago, when the 

Pentagon found itself with a base 

structure that outstripped the size of 

its force. By the late 1980s, the 

country had 5 million men 

and women on active duty, and 150 bases to support 12 million troops.

Yet every time the Pentagon 

tried to shut down a base, it ran into 

the informal quid pro quo on Capitol 

Hill — you close your base if you don't 

close mine. The result: not a single 

major base shut down until 1999. 

As the Cold War drew to an end, 

the problem grew. Fewer troops

should mean fewer bases.

Washington Post

Stanley A. Weiss

should mean fewer bases.

Working with Rep. Dick Armey, 

Budapest, the Congress for National 

Security, a group of industry lead-

ers concerned about defense, 

helped push through legislation that 

created the Base Closure and 

Realignment Commission.

Composed of private citizens, the 

commission's task was to identify 

bases that could be closed without 

politics.

Here's how it works. The 

commission examines the list of 

possible closer, recommends that it 

might be shut down or con-

solidated. The theory is that as long 

as the closings are spread equally 

around, the base closures would 

sail through.

Indeed they have. The first 

commissions in 1988 and 1991 

agreed to shut 

down 12 facilities, which the 

Pentagon estimates is already 

saving the taxpayers $750 million 

annually.

In 1991 and 1993, 55 major 

bases made the list. When the 

installations are closed or restruc-

tured, the Defense Department 

believes the savings will grow to 

over $4 billion a year. This final 

round combines 33 closing 

bases and scores of smaller ones 

for savings of $1.8 billion annually.

But getting approval to close 

bases has proven easier than carry-

ing out the plan. Communities 

mount sophisticated pubic-rela-

tions campaigns to save the 

installations and energy that 

should go into finding new uses for

bases go instead into schemes to 

keep sites that were supposed to 

close intact. So the year of losing 

jobs helps drive this destructive 

cycle. What is becoming clear is 

that the fears are largely misplaced.

A Department of Defense study 

of almost 100 bases shut down during 

the 1960s and 1970s showed that 

when the bases were converted for 

civilian use, more jobs were created 

than lost. Former military facilities 

were transformed into schools and 

colleges, municipal airports and 

industrial parks. It wasn't easy, 

but the payoff was a stable, prosperous 

local economy.

When England Air Force Base 

appeared on the list, the town 

Alexandria, Ia. figured out a 

way to replace the lost jobs and income. 
The one-time fighter base now 

houses a civilian airport and indu-

trial park, generating more revenue 

than the base ever did. In the past 

28 months, since Chateau Air 

Force Base in Rantoul, Ill., was 

closed, 20 companies have located or 

expanded on three square miles.

Devising ways to reuse military 

bases has been more difficult than 

pre-

venting

Unfortunately, the communities 

really need get much help. Current 
law stipulates that the Pentagon 

and other federal agencies get first 

call on what to do with bases scheduled 

for closure. The government owns 

the bases, are offered to local 

governments or non-profit agen-

cies. Only as a last resort are closed 

military facilities offered to private 

interests.

Ensuring that bases are 

closed does more than save money. 

At issue is the nation's security: 

Will defense dollars go for guns 

or pork? Military readiness or obso-

lete bases? The national interest 

or local self-interest?


Letters to the Editor

Recognition and thanks due

Thank you for providing cover-

age of the 1995 Save Spring Break 

Campaign. GAMMA and PRO stu-

dents have spent many hours 

preparing for the week's events on 

behalf of their peers.

I do wish to point out, however, 

that the headline chosen for 

Tuesday's article, "Greeks advo-

cate safe spring break" was not a 

true representation of the student 

effort behind this week's activities.

—Christian Wuthrich

Assistant Greek 

Advisor/Primary Prevention 

Coordinator

Letters Policy

The Argonaut welcomes reader letters. They must be one 

page or less typed, double spaced. Letters must be signed 

and include the phone number and address of each writer.

Letters may also be submitted by e-mail to argonaut@juda-

ho.edu or by fax to (208) 885-2222. The Argonaut reserves 

the right to refuse or edit letters. Multiple letters with 

the same position on a topic may be represented by one letter.

St. Augustine's 

Catholic Church & Student Center 

Sunday Masses: 

10:30 AM & 7:00 PM Daily 

Masses in Chapel 

6:30AM Mon/Tues, 9:00PM Wed 

12:30PM Thurs/Fri 

Reconciliation: 4:30-6:00PM Tues. 

628 Driskill (across from SUU) 

882-4613

Emmanuel Lutheran 

Church 

1020 S. A. St. • Moscow 

882-3915

New Pastor: John Ihle

Concordia Lutheran 

Church Mo Syn 

NE 1015 Orchard Dr. Pullman 

332-2830

Morning Worship 6 & 10:30 AM 

Sunday School: 9:15 AM 

Student Fellowship 7:30 - 9:00 PM 

Rev. Dudley Noldt 

Carol Sayers-Rydholm 

Campus Ministries

St. Marks 

Episcopal Church 

111 South Jefferson-Moscow 

882-2202

Holy Eucharist 8 & 10:30 AM 

Adalt Education & Sunday School 

9:30AM - The Rev. 

Richard Dunham, Rector

Unitarian Universalist 

Church of the Palouse 

420 E. 2nd • Moscow 

(Center of Van Horen) 

Sunday Services: 

9:30 AM 

Religious Education Program for Children

Trinity Baptist Church 

(SCC) 

A Warm, Caring Church With 

A Relevant, Biblical Focus 

Tom Robinson, Pastor 

4th & Main 

8:15 • 9:45 AM & 6 PM 

Office: 882-2015

Sunday Worship 

8:15, 9:45 AM & 6 PM 

Sunday School 

9:30 AM

For a ride, meet Thelphosis 

Tower at 9:15 am & 9:15 am 

Christian Student Council or 

call the church office.

Wednesday Prayer Service: 

7 PM

Baptist Student Ministries 

Priority One — Tuesdays 8 pm 

Campus Christian Center

Christian Science Church

123 W 1st St.

Worship 11am Sundays

College age study: 7 habits 

of highly effective people 

9:30 am Sundays

Dr. Mike Burr Pastor

The Rock Church

Spirit Filled Charismatic 

219 W 3rd St.

Services: 

Thurs. 7 PM 

Sundays 10:30 AM

Rock Star Fellowship 

Friday 7 PM

838-4354 • Del Richardson 

Pastor

Living Faith Fellowship 

Ministry Training Center

SW 549 Kinsmail - 332-3545

Dr. Karl Bruns, Senior Pastor 

Phil Vacek, Campus Pastor 

Sundays: 

Helpful Practical 

Classes - 9:00 AM 

Sunday Worship - 10:00 AM 

Wednesdays: Fellowship - 7:30 PM 

Friday: Campus Christian 

Fellowship - 7:00 pm

Christian Science 

Church

123 W 1st St.

Worship 11am Saturdays

Dr. Mike Burr Pastor

United Church of 

Moscow

123 W 1st St.

Worship 11am Sundays

Rev. Richard Dunham, Rector

“Hunger for Healing” 

12 Step Video Series Beginning 

Mon 3/7 at 7:00pm at the 

Campus Christian Center. 

Sponsored by United Methodist 

Campus Ministry

First 2 Videos are “Underground 

Railroad to New Life” and “The 

Birth of Hope.”

Divine Savior 

Lutheran Church

A member of the Wisconsin 

Evangelical Lutheran Synod 

Building a Community of 

Christ

NE 620 Stadium Way

(Access from Exxel)

For transportation and more info 

Call 332-1452
Big Brother goes online

The Second Industrial Revolution is underway. With computers and Internet links, the world is undergoing a transformation unprecedented in scope. The global village is shrinking, as businesses across the globe work together and becoming larger every day. Unfortunately, there are rumblings that Orwell’s nightmare creation Big Brother wants to be the village chief.

The instrument of this invasion is Senate Bill 314, the Communications Decency Act of 1995, sponsored by Senators Exon (D-NE) and Gordon (R-WA). The bill would expand existing Federal Communication Commission regulations to cover all forms of information transmission. This includes, but is not limited to, text, jpeg and gif files, binary pictures and sound clips. If this bill is passed, responsibility for transmission of “obscene” material would fall onto the service providers.

If S. 314 goes through, criminal liability would fall onto the instigators who transmit the material in question. This covers telephone companies, universities who make Internet accounts available to students and any private citizen who runs a BBS. Fines and prison sentences would be levied against service providers, not the users. Therefore, the responsibility for policing and limiting what goes out would fall entirely on the folks who run the networks.

To be blunt, this legislation is a threat. It threatens the economic development of Internet, by severely limiting growth of the Net and reducing the likelihood of businesses to invest time and money into cyberspace. It threatens the structure of the Net, as it forces those who keep the machines running to spend more and more time making sure that the users aren’t being too naughty.

Worst of all, this bill is unconstitutional, in that it relieves the American public of our right to free expression and the right to judge for ourselves what we will read, say and think. Obscenity has never been adequately defined for judicial purposes, so the upshot of S. 314 will be to try and suppress speech and information the government deems “obscene,” which any scholar of American history knows rhyme with: “dangerous” coming from any government official.

Anarchy is a poor political system, but a fine way to run an information market. The Internet is and has been policed effectively by the people on it. While the argument has been made that over-regulation of what passes through the Net must be created, this bill is the wrong way to do it.

If you want to sign a petition and exercise your rights to speak out, send an e-mail message to Jonah Seiger of the Center for Democracy and Technology, a non-profit public interest group at info@cdt.org, you’re already familiar with the petition’s format, send your message to s314-petition@netcom.com. Either way, don’t let Big Brother share your terminal.

Disney robs us blind, ‘Circle of life’ a load of stupidity

Disney is stupid beside me! I’m asking this question now, as I just saw the thing for the first time last weekend. To make a long story short, after watching the film (got to ensure the demise of any brain cells I might lose for survival) I watched an hour of Beastie Boys’ Licensed to Ill. What frightened me the most is that B笛es and Beastie seemed to show the same enjoyment from the latest Disney Classic “pop up” of the Muppets. Oh, I agree, I’m a great Disney fan. Due to a traumatic experience I suffered as a child, I can truly say that I can die out tears coming to my eyes, and I think that B笛es and Beastie are one of the most exciting women to ever hit the screen and the ultimately odd hybrid of Eileen Brennan and Nancy Reagan. Or is that Kermit? Disney is a pallid movie. It’s a main film button of the bunch and jetsam of the fickle times we live in. Where The Jungle Book had snappy dialogue, Lion King has got lots of lines. Where Alice in Wonderland had otherworldly, misfit characters that were stupid enough to be lovable, Lion King has cheezy American stand-up comedians and boorish snoring by the score. Where Aladdin had delightfully round braveness, Lion King struts along even make licks appear flat. And who came up with this story? George Lucas? (Think about it: a king concurred with social programs is exalted in favor of one who’s machinery of power is ruled with the blood of the workers. I may

Brian Davidson

have hit upon something here!)

Where Disney is up to, is that the pool of voice talent surely goes much deeper than drooping up the voice of the Dark Lord of the Sith. I’d agree that James Earl Jones has an interesting voice, but his talent has become an overrated and overpaid you’d think he was a professional athlete. Where are those old twenty, thorny, and wispy voices that made Robin Williams a genius at kalcconescope! I think they’re work- ing for the Cartoon Network, or at least Joey TV. I know what Disney’s up to, and what he’s up to is in Hollywood is up to all that. They are all trying to find that elusive Lowest Common Denominator that represents every average Joe Sixpack and Betty Housewife in the nation, not just Disney! These companies don’t hold entertainment as their number one priority. They want our money, and joy we do shoved it out in bucket- fulls when they come calling.

We’re being duped. While there is still what can be considered intelli- gent entertainment out there, one must weed the garden of many as inflexible flower. The entertainment we see is becoming diluted to the point that it resembles shoe milk. It still looks white like milk, but the substance that makes it desirable above other common breakfast beverages is missing. This is why we get movies like Lion King, The Brady Bunch Movie, and many other shows thrown like Rocks Lake and Saved by the Bell, Hollywood has not lowered their standards. We have. They’ve done their expensive surveys and polled every Nielsen Family from Bangor to Searsdale. Our standards, collectively, have plummeted to the curb like so much displaced fish. Cable won’t help ameliorate the situation either. It used to be an average Joe like myself could flip through the four channels available and find nothing worth watching.

Now we can accomplish the same thing with sixty channels. Or we can shell out the two thousand dollars for a satellite dish and do the same thing with five hundred.

But this is what we wanted! The entertainment industry asked for it, and we sold them! We don’t want to think about it, unless they’re resolved quickly, so they gave the people what they wanted. We only want good news, so they gave us Dan Rather with his chesty little pick-up line at the end of each news broadcast. We’re bored with our own lives, so to exist, vivaci- ously, the exciting lives of Baywatchers, Power Rangers, and the tales of those dreamy ER medical professionals. They offer us crap and we sharpen it up like pigs at the troughs. Seriously, what is the basic principle behind Mein Kampf and we turn it into a classic with our dollars, simply because the Warmongers force us to buy it. But I suspect merchandising would pose certain problems.

Aaron Schab

Regardless of Randy Weaver’s misgivings about racial equali- ty, it’s a fact that we have the same situation being used by the federal government against the same people coupled with stricter gun control laws passing the Democratic Congress. militias were seen as a way for citizens to retain control of their firearms and send a strong message to Washington that west- erners are tired of being pushed around.

Although state officials in Montana (and elsewhere) are wor- ried that the militia groups are just fronts for criminal activity and violence (some violence has been- ened the basic ideals that are driving this movement are well grounded). As of late, the federal government has not been able to overstep its jurisdiction as laid out in the Constitution. The Tenth Amendment clearly states that “The powers not delegated to the United States by the Constitution, nor prohibited by it to the states, are reserved to the states, respec-