College of Engineering worried about future

By DAVE WARNICK
Special to The Argonaut

Dave H. Smith of the College of Engineering is not worried now. But he is concerned about the future. "The current situation is not what it was last year," Smith said. "But I still believe that the College is in a position of strength."

Smith noted that the College has been able to attract new students and that the College has been able to maintain its research activities. He also mentioned that the College has been able to secure new funding from the government.

Chairman of the College of Engineering, Dr. John Lunders, said that "we are in a position of strength, but we must continue to be prudent in our spending and to find new sources of revenue."

Lunders added that "we are working closely with the administration to ensure that the College is well-positioned to deal with any future challenges."

The College of Engineering has been facing a number of challenges in recent years, including declining enrollment and funding cuts. However, Smith and Lunders are confident that the College can weather these challenges and continue to provide high-quality education and research to its students.

The College of Engineering is one of the largest and most diverse colleges at the University, with over 2,000 undergraduate and graduate students. It offers programs in a wide range of engineering disciplines, including mechanical, electrical, and civil engineering.

Smith and Lunders are optimistic about the future of the College of Engineering and are committed to ensuring that it continues to be a leader in engineering education and research.
Roles, finances, and sex enter into college marriage problem

By Mary Hochschniz
Assistant Professor of Nursing

All marriages have a few problems and complications, but many of the Idaho students surveyed mentioned that the marriage problem was the most significant. "Every married couple report a few problems," said Mary Hochschniz, University student counselor. "But when married students writing college reports are asked to mention the most important issues that beset them, the marriage problem is always specifically mentioned by at least 25% of those students sampled." Of the problems that the counseling center desired to address, the problem of marriage seemed the most salient.

"We don't get too many serious problems," Hochschniz said, "but we do get persistent individual complaints that point out the various social and psychological problems that beset newly married couples. We have to keep an eye on them, but we don't hear about too many serious ones." Hochschniz added, "In many cases where we do hear about marital problems, the couple is too late and is too ready to seek help from others. This is the same thing that happens with other communication problems."

"The majority of problems that the counseling center has here at the University, is "communication," Hochschniz commented, "and that means about the same as we have in the Iowa situation."

The counselor who was not present during the seminar stressed the need for more understanding of marriage. "It seems that some wives are married and have a couple of years or more after marriage, they just don't know how to get along. They don't have the right kind of things, and they don't know how to communicate." Hochschniz added, "Certainly we need more understanding of marriage."

According to Hochschniz, "a number of major problems are now identified as the causes of marital problems. One of the major problems in marriage is the lack of a clear understanding of what can create many communication problems."

Many young people today marry without really knowing each other. Hochschniz said, "Most people are married and have a couple of years or more after marriage, they just don't know how to get along. They don't have the right kind of things, and they don't know how to communicate." Hochschniz added, "Certainly we need more understanding of marriage."

The campus seminars are to be held in the community. "We feel that the help we can give is in the area of understanding of marriage. This is the same thing that happens with other communication problems."

Hochschniz said that other problems can occur in the marriage situation that can lead to a situation where one woman works at home, and the other woman works at a job. The other woman may then get married." Hochschniz added, "There are a number of marriages that will only be good as long as the man works and the woman works."

"With the cost of living increasing so fast, the cost of living going up. is hard enough for anyone to pay for himself. This is the situation we are in this situation."

Role identification critical

Besides the above problems, Hochschniz said that the lack of power created by going to college alone is enough to cause the most problems. Hochschniz added, "The most problems that the counseling center creates are marital problems."

The Court decisions "Involves women's and men's power. It involves the power of the woman's power. It involves the power of the man's power. It involves the power of the woman's power. It involves the power of the man's power. It involves the power of the woman's power."

The clerical work at the postsecondary institution is done by clerical work and office operators. Clerical work is done by clerical work and office operators. The clerical work is done by clerical work and office operators. The clerical work is done by clerical work and office operators. The clerical work is done by clerical work and office operators. The clerical work is done by clerical work and office operators.

The Board of Directors believes the 3% increase in the salaries of the clerical workers is a necessary increase in the salary of the clerical workers.

The Idaho State Penitentiary is being reviewed. The recommendations of the administrative actions appear to be the most of all these actions. This increase in the salary of the clerical workers is a necessary increase in the salary of the clerical workers.

(Continued from page 1)

From about page 1...

"There are about 10 percent of the population who report a significant problem. This is because of the fact that the people who report the problem..."

WOMEN

WORKING ON A DOCTOR'S DEGREE

Many women are working toward a degree in graduate school. Women are finding that it is not too difficult to go to graduate school, but that it is difficult to find time to work on a degree.

For example, the woman who is working toward a degree in psychology, is finding that it is difficult to find time to work on a degree. Many women are finding that it is not too difficult to go to graduate school, but that it is difficult to find time to work on a degree.

Women of all backgrounds are finding that it is not too difficult to go to graduate school, but that it is difficult to find time to work on a degree.

(Continued from page 2)

"There are about 10 percent of the population who report a significant problem. This is because of the fact that the people who report the problem..."
Future uncertain for outdoor recreation

Here we sit in one of the greatest recreational areas in the world almost within walking distance of downtown Anchorage. And see, in the distance, 15,300-foot mountains. Yet, according to Dr. H. W. Davis, director of the state's Department of Fish and Game, there are no good programs. Davis, who is an authority on outdoor recreation, feels that unless programs are developed, the state will lose much of its potential. Now, however, he sees a new trend towards outdoor recreation programs. The state is taking steps to develop national parks and recreation areas, and the Anchorage area is expected to benefit. As a result, more people are expected to enjoy the outdoor recreation opportunities available in the area. 

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Advanced Students 7:00 P.M.
1st Federal Building
Kenneth E. Higgins, Instructor

Main & A
Moscow

115 E. Third
Moscow
882-4823

"The sun's a heart of warm and un a heart, " says Dr. George Wrigglin, professor of psychology at the University of Alaska. According to Wrigglin, the sun is vital for health, but the sun's rays can also be harmful. He advises people to protect themselves from the sun's harmful rays by using sunscreens, sunglasses, and hats. Wrigglin also recommends that people take breaks in the shade and drink plenty of water. "The sun is not our friend, " he says, "but we can make it our friend by being prepared."

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Patties—Oysters—Flowers—Discount—C.R. in.
The $1.50 fee increase

Well didn't you see it? Flight on the front page of last Friday's Argonaut was a story concerning Hartung's intentions of asking for a fee increase if the legislature did not appropriate more money to the University of Idaho.

The odd thing is — I guess no one saw it because there has been no hull-fire raised among the usual but impoverished students at Idaho.

Perhaps everyone as usual was too busy drinking beer, historians and library books to notice that we, the students, are about to get our butts kicked with a fee increase.

Then again, maybe we were not busy enough to raise hell about a fee increase, perhaps as usual we were just too busy being apathetic.

But I know the good students of Idaho are not apathetic, because they will turn out in hundreds, thousands, etc., to keep wages low, and our good college standards in order.

It doesn't matter that the faculty is in a state of bankruptcy because wages are too low. And it certainly doesn't matter that one by one good students in this state are slipping slowly into apathy.

The things that really count come back with a bang for a $1.50.

And what's the increase? Let the old man tell it.

And what of these students who put themselves through college with no help from anyone but themselves? Well, if they have a bit of help let them go to Hartung.

The story goes that life on Ogden despite threats of a fee increase.

Hit the bars! The bars! Hit the girl's part because if we don't get up off our apathy and demand more appropriate action, we'll be living in a world — right where it hurts in our ass-holes.

And it's going to hurt! — GRAMER

Betty Hansen

Caged and placed on a pedestal

I believe in God. I do not support the Equal Rights Amendment. I do not support the National Education Association. I do not support the ACLU. I do not support the NAACP. I do not support the United Farm Workers. I do not want to see the ERA ratified, and that's what they're trying to do.

Last session, the Idaho legislature did not ratify the ERA. This year you are trying to get the ERA ratified. This is probably an exercise in futility. The Office of the Governor has issued an opinion that it is not an amendment. Also, the Idaho Constitution does not consider a proposed amendment to be a legal question but a political question. It would have to be decided by the national Congress.

The state constitutional test of the ERA is clear and simple. It states: "Equality of rights under the law shall not be denied or abridged by the United States or by any state on account of sex." The proposed amendment will take effect two years after three-fourths of the state legislatures ratify it. At the present time, 23 states have ratified the amendment.

Proponents of the de-ratification measure have strengthened their moral position by the fact that it is the " ERA. They would not make women the same as men under the same basic law. It would be a bad law. However, the law then would be void in the area of sex equality. The ERA is a two-way discrimination against one group. It would allow others to be invalidated by its application.

Law which dealt with "physical fitness of men" would be allowed to state that testing be done for farm animals. This would be done for farm animals. Clearly, the law cannot be void. I have not been able to find out what our present status in Idaho is. If this amendment were ratified it would take effect two years after three-fourths of the state legislatures ratified it. At the present time, 23 states have ratified the amendment.

The amendment concerns itself with those matters which we believe: It does not support the ERA. We support the ERA. Many people who support the ERA have been asked the question, "Do you think women are being treated badly?" If this amendment should pass women would not have the same legal rights that they have now. It should not be allowed to be ratified. It would be a bad law. Therefore, the ERA should be ratified.

The ERA is the logical outgrowth of the Anti-Slavery movement. The ERA is a two-way discrimination against one group. It would allow others to be invalidated by its application.

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A musician's comment: BS&T reborn

Editor's note: Paul Speyer, a sophomore major at the University of Kentucky, received an offer to join the Paul Speyer Band. Following is his analysis of what will be an exciting opportunity for young Kentucky musicians.

I have always looked to the world around me as a source of ideas and inspiration. When I was 15, I heard my first album of Paul Speyer's music. From that moment on, I knew that I wanted to be involved with his band. I worked hard and saved my money to buy a car so that I could drive to concerts and meet the band members.

I believe that music has the power to bring people together. It is a universal language that transcends borders and barriers. I am excited to be a part of the Paul Speyer Band because I believe that it will give me the opportunity to share my passion for music with others and to inspire them to pursue their dreams.

I am grateful for the support of my family and friends, who have always encouraged me to follow my dreams. I am also thankful for the support of the Paul Speyer Band, who have welcomed me into their family of musicians. I look forward to the opportunity to learn from them and to contribute to the creation of music that resonates with others.

BS&T reborn

A "March on the Senate," on the ASUI Bulletin of over $500,000 from the ASUI general reserve fund, a 5% reduction in the price of student tickets made this week's Blood Sweat & Tears concert a financial success.

The controversy surrounding the recent concert continued Tuesday, when student band members suffered themselves by posters, handbills, leaflets, and what not urging them to "See Blood, Sweat & Tears" for $1.50, the price in effect since their April 16 concert.

They have been granted the right to continue their campaign for the $1.50 admission price, but the original request for the $2 admission price was denied.

Mrs. Whitney, ASUI Programs Coordinator, said that the admission prices for the concert were increased from $1.00 to $1.50 to help defray expenses.

Mrs. Whitney said that the increased admission prices were necessary to meet the expenses for the concert.

"We are trying to have a successful concert," Mrs. Whitney said. "We have to pay for the band, the facilities, and the personnel involved in the production of the concert.

"We hope that the increased admission prices will help us to meet these expenses," Mrs. Whitney said.

The concert was held in the ASUI Student Center. The band was lead by the Blood, Sweat & Tears from New York City.

The concert was held on April 16, 1973, and was the last concert held by the ASUI for the season.

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Loren Horsell

Rambling on Monkey wrenches in the machinery

Some interesting things have been happening down here at ASUI. I have just heard the news that ASUI has been granted the right to continue their campaign for the $1.50 admission price, but the original request for the $2 admission price was denied.

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Next to food, what the world needs most is someone who knows how to grow it.

The best way to learn how to grow food is to work on a farm. If you're interested in learning about farming, you might want to consider taking a course in agriculture. There are many universities and community colleges that offer courses in agriculture, and these courses can be a great way to learn about farming and preparing food for yourself and others.

If you're already working on a farm or have some experience in agriculture-related fields, you'll want to focus on learning more about the specific areas of farming that are of interest to you. This might include learning about the latest farming technologies or exploring new markets for your products.

In addition to learning about agriculture, you may also want to consider learning how to cook and prepare food. This will help you to prepare delicious and healthy meals for yourself and others, and it will also help you to stay healthy and fit.

Overall, the key to growing food is to be passionate about it and to be willing to put in the time and effort to learn as much as you can. With the right attitude and dedication, you can learn how to grow food and lead a healthy and fulfilling life.
Paul Butterfield finds better days

By Chris Viaches

Paul Butterfield has come a long way since his early days in Chicago playing with bluesman Muddy Waters, according to the South Side radio show of the same name. Now he's working with a new band to help bring the blues to the people.

"It's a good feeling to be doing something that's so good for the people, " Butterfield said. "I think we're really getting started now."

The memory of Butterfield's blues band was revitalized in 1965 when the band played together in Chicago's Black Hill Park. The group's style was the "berserk blues," tipo playing that was described as "too loud for the ear, too fast for the brain." Butterfield credits the energy of the blues with bringing the group together.

"I think the blues is a great music, " he said. "It's the only thing that can bring people together."

During the next six weeks, Butterfield recorded the band's first album, "The Bohemian Room," which was released in 1966. The album contained tracks of the group's original material, including "Respect," "I'm a Man," and "Mojo Hand." The album was well received, and the band's popularity grew.

Butterfield continued to record and perform, and in 1967, he formed a new band, "The Butterfield Blues Band," which included some of the original members of the blues band. The new band was successful, and Butterfield continued to tour and record. In 1970, he formed his own label, "Music from the North," which released albums by the blues band and other musicians.

Today, Butterfield is still active in the music industry, and his influence can be heard in the work of many contemporary blues musicians. His dedication to the blues continues to inspire generations of musicians worldwide.
Gay-lib--the boys of Moscow and Pullman

Homosexuals in the Pullman get together Saturday night in Pullman for a group called Gay Argument. Argument allie- bid Beul Greer and Political Writer Junior Balsford talked with a member of the organization, David Blaske. It's a group that is in sociology and social work.

Blaske: The group is called Gay Arguments. We have several different functions. One is to provide a place to talk about sexuality and general homophobia. We have these meetings for the main purpose of talking out problems that we have as being gay and to be getting along, to be playing a straight role in society and to call attention to whatever. And we strike out against discrimination wherever we find it and we just generally play off the usual gay stereotype.

Our main objective is to get people active, get people concerned, bring them in and find no interest in what is going on. Even the regular people and party people are doing their own thing. But I can tell you that they're starting to realize that there are other people who do have the kind of thing that we might have.

Blaske: How do you help them with their problems?

Yeah, we tell them about what we’re going through and sometimes we’ll tell them about our experiences. A lot of times we do that.

Blaske: What’s the symbol?

Blaske: That’s a baton. It was adopted by the Gay Student Alliance and by our potential supporters in the community. For most of us, it is a baton to the drag queen and to the sensitive gay or anyone that is out of the appropiate. They are the symbol of what has been going on. Gay men have sort of an opportunity to start developing themselves and the general society and I think that’s where our symbol is coming from. That is, in general the community I would say in some way or another.

Blaske: Do you think that the homophobia and the symbols and all of your thoughts are going to be able to change...

Blaske: What is your thinking about the situation?

Blaske: That’s a baton. It was adopted by the Gay Student Alliance and by our potential supporters in the community. For most of us, it is a baton to the drag queen and to the sensitive gay or anyone that is out of the appropiate. They are the symbol of what has been going on. Gay men have sort of an opportunity to start developing themselves and the general society and I think that’s where our symbol is coming from. That is, in general the community I would say in some way or another.

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