Panel discusses pollution in Idaho

What is Idaho doing about pollution? What are the present penalties on industries who fail to meet regulations? Does pollution control have top priority with industries?

These were among questions discussed by a panel of Idaho industrialists and air commissioners Monday in Vandal Lounge. The panel was part of an
environmental week program held March 9-8.

Speaking on areas of concern in pollution was Al Figren, administrative
director for the Idaho Air Pollution Commission. He outlined three areas.
First, were the obvious problems or the ones that are receiving attention, but that are not completely solved. Secondly, he cited the not so obvious problems that have yet to be defined. Eiguren’s third concern was with halting any future pollution problems.

Jackson sums up

Ed Jackson, also from the Idaho Air Pollution Control Commission, summed
up the problem as “mistakes, misuse, and misapplications.”

“We are trying to solve the situation in San Francisco or New York where automobiles are the main pollutant and apply it to Idaho, but a lot of their
standards do not make sense for Idaho,” Jackson said.

He feels that nothing can be done about pollution until we apply it to ourselves.

“It is a problem that will have to be solved by the great mass of people,” he
said.

A representative of Potlatch Forest Inc. in Lewiston, Bob Ward, gave an
industrialists view point. He said of their
operations, “We are trying to install
equipment that can be expanded to meet
future standards, rather than just enough
to meet the 1975 requirements.”

“By controlling one problem, we often
create another,” stated Gene Baker from
the Bunker Hill Corporation in Kellogg.

“We need a long-range picture of the
situation.”

Baker added. “Right now, 58 per cent of
our efforts are being spent on solving
environmental problems. This is hurting
us by letting other problems go unsolved.”

Questions

In answer to a question from the audience concerning top priority of pollution to industry, Baker replied saying, “There is only one priority priority
than control. That is to stay in business.
We are in business for only one purpose,
and that is to survive.”

Jackson answered another question in
regard to a comparison between pollution
now and five years ago. He said, “The
commission has been in effect since 1959,
and nobody wanted anything done then.
Now we are using industry as a whipping
boy. We need to turn around and look at
the general public. They demand these
products and provide the competition.”

The panel spoke before a scattered
group of interested persons. The purpose
of the presentation was to inform people
of what is presently being done in Idaho
concerning environmental regulations
both on the part of industry and the
control Commission.

New Hampshire

Muskie wins state primary

MANCHESTER, N. H. (AP) - Sen.
Edmund S. Muskie’s victory in the
New Hampshire Democratic primary
enhances a pattern likely to be a familiar one in the long primary season: a less-than-romantic triumph that fails to
narrow the big Democratic field of
candidates.

As in the nonprimary states of Arizona
and Iowa last month, the Maine senator
led in the field in New Hampshire and
appeared likely to either break even or
claim an edge in convention delegates.

But the political benefits were divided
more than one way and none of his foes
plan to get out of the race because of poor New Hampshire showing.

Even Sot. Vance Hartke of Indiana and
Mayor Samuel F. Yorty of Los Angeles
planned to move on to the next round of
the 24 primaries in which more than 60
per cent of Democratic delegates will be
selected.

Thus candidates will be able to pick up a
few delegates here and a few there in
order to keep in the contest until the big
June 6, California primary, when the
winner will receive 271 delegates - 18
per cent of the 1,509 needed for the
presidential nomination.

Despite the strategy of his rivals, Muskie remains favored in the early
primaries except for California.

Muskie still has an important part of his
initial advantage - the aid from senators,
governors, congressmen and other
politicians who have tied their own
futures to his success.

This is why the Maine senator’s aides
say only he has the potential of putting
together a convention majority. And
this probably means his rivals in future
primaries will have to do more than finish
a strong second.

Bill lowers age
to treat addicts

BOISE, Idaho (AP) - A bill to lower
from 18 to 16 the age at which
physicians can treat drug addiction
patients without consent of their parents
was approved by the Idaho House
Tuesday, 62-3.

The measure was termed by Rep.
Robert Hasenkorn, D-Osceola, as
“one step to help solve the drug problem
in Idaho.”

He said some youths are hesitant to
seek treatment for fear that their parents
would be notified.

Campus chest
in full swing

Campus chest week is in full swing as
members of each living group, buy,
borrow, and steal in an attempt to raise
money for charity.

Coming events are house auctions
Saturday at 2 p.m. in the SUB and a free
dance that night at 9 p.m. in the Ballroom.

Awards for Miss Campus Chest and
Ugly Man will be announced at that time.

Candidates for Miss Campus Chest and
Ugly Man are restricted to turn their
money in to the student services office
by 2 p.m. Saturday.

Earth Scope

WASHINGTON (AP) — The National
Endowment for the Humanities
announced Thursday establishment of two
additional centers for its national
humanities series, a program for adult
education now in its third year.

RENO, Nev. (AP) — A bomb threat
noted in a note was found aboard a
Western Airlines Boeing 737 here
yesterday, a Western spokesman said.

NEW YORK (AP) — Pears of a natural
gas shortage next winter are causing
some gas utilities to turn away new
customers, forcing home builders to turn
to more expensive forms of construction
and heating.

WASHINGTON (AP) — Columnist Jack
Anderson says “an aura of scandal”
hangs over the ITT antitrust settlement
and told senators that Richard G.
Kleindienst is unfit to be attorney
general.

WASHINGTON (AP) — President
Nixon, decrying “vicious extortion plots”
against the nation’s airlines, pledged
today that the federal government will
mobilize all resources “until the current
threat is crushed.”

BEIRUT (AP) — A shipment of grain
from Canada or the United States is
blamed for the outbreak of mercury
poisoning in Iraq that travelers say has
taken as many as 1,000 lives.

NEW YORK (AP) — A New York
County grand jury yesterday indicted
author Clifford Irving, his wife Judith
and his researcher, Richard Sunkind, on
grand larceny, conspiracy and forgery
charges in connection with Irving’s disputed
autobiography of Howard Hughes.
April ISU Symposium to cover three topics

The first annual Symposium on International Affairs will be presented at Idaho State University April 19-22. It will be hosted by the student members of the Council on International Relations and United Nations Affairs (CIRUNA).

Topics to be discussed are "Development — Is there a Third World Model?"; "Conflict and Change"; and "China."

The symposium will include seminars, panel discussions, debates, and lectures by representatives of consulates, the UN, and political, business and academic personnel.

The following speakers have accepted speaking engagements for the program:

Major General Clark T. Baldwin, Director of International and Civil Affairs, U.S. Army on "The Role of The Military in Foreign Policy";

Roland Husson, Cultural Attaché, French Consulate on "The French View of the Developing World";

Dr. John Poetter, Consulate General of the Union of South Africa on "The U.N. Actions Against Apartheid in South Africa";

Dr. Fred Sandeen, Colorado State College on "New Isolationism in our Future Foreign Policy";

Dr. George Ginsbergs, New School of Social Research in New York on "Sino-Soviet Relations in the Future"; and

Dr. Walter Sparks, Agriculture Testing Station, University of Idaho on "Agriculture's Importance in the Developing Nations."

Also, Norman Pilgrim, Foreign Policy Association on "World Affairs Education"; Pierre Mathijssen, Antitrust Affairs for European Community Information Center on The Unification of Europe and It's Affects on U.S.-European relations.

Dr. Phillip S. Spoerry, Utah State University on "Sino-Soviet Relations"; Dr. Martin Hickman, Brigham Young University;

Dr. Earle Reynolds, formerly of Antioch College on "The Asian Pentagons";

Dr. E. DeAlton Partridge, former President of the Near East Foundation on "Is Peace Possible in the Middle East"; and Parvis Adle, Consul General of Iran.

The following speakers have tentatively accepted:

Dr. Gabriel J. Almond; The American Committee of Africa; Dr. Leo Cofkin, Dr. Guy Parker; Mr. Thomas Haining; The Japan Society; Japanese Consulate General; George McGovern, U.S. Senator; Frank Church, U.S. Senator; Orval Haines, U.S. Congress; Leon Jordan, U.S. Senator; Consulate General of Canada; Consulate General of Sweden; Humber Humphrey, U.S. Senate; Ethiopian Consulate General; U.S.S.R. Embassy; Consulate General of Yugoslavia; Consulate General of India; Consulate General of Chile; and the Consulate General of Columbia.

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*Regional problems discussed at state Nightline convention*

Delegates at a recent state-wide Nightline convention decided that because of regional differences, each service must tailor itself to the needs of the area it serves. The group also squelched rumors that the various services in the state weren't getting along. "This we found to be completely wrong," said Moscow Nightline coordinator Corky Bush.

"Moscow residents in general have different problems than people in Boise," reasoned Bush. With this in mind, Moscow Nightline officials have tried to understand their community and pass this insight on to the volunteers who monitor phones every day from 2:30 p.m. to 2:30 a.m.

Nightline volunteers are gaining an understanding of Moscow residents, but residents may have gained the wrong impression about Nightline's purpose.

Any questions welcome: "Some people take Nightline too seriously and feel their problems are not important enough for our service," said Bush. Calls ranging from questions about how to broil a steak to suicide threats are handled by Nightline volunteers who give each call complete consideration.

"One of the problems discussed at the conference," said Bush, "Centered around the need to make volunteers feel they are doing some good." At times the phone never rings and when it does the Nightline people can't follow up on the calls. "As you can see, we have no real way of knowing if our service has done any good," Bush concluded.

To help solve this problem coordinators made preliminary plans at the conference to have a statewide workshop for the volunteers at which they could get together and discuss Nightline and their experiences in the program.

No feedback: When asked how she felt about devoting her time to Nightline, Kathy Williams, coordinator of Nightline's nutritional service replied, "I think the program is great," adding that she gets great satisfaction from her work but at times wishes she could find out if her efforts have really helped someone.

Meanwhile the phone continues to ring at 883-0220 and whether the problem is excess weight or loneliness, Nightline people listen.

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**50,000 JOBS SUMMER EMPLOYMENT CAREER OPPORTUNITY PROGRAMS**

The National Agency Of Student Employment Has Recently Completed A Nationwide Research Program Of Jobs Available To College Students And Graduates During 1972. Catalogs Which Fully Describe These Employment Positions May Be Obtained As Follows:

- Catalog of Summer and Career Positions Available Throughout the United States In Resort Areas, National Corporations, and Regional Employment Centers. Price $3.00.
- Foreign Job Information Catalog Listing Over 1,000 Employment Positions Available In Many Foreign Countries. Price $3.00.
- SPECIAL: Both of the Above Combined Catalog With A Recommended Job Assignment To Be Selected For You. Please State Your Interests. Price $6.00.

National Agency of Student Employment
Student Services Division
#35 Erkenbrecher
Cincinnati, Ohio 45220
Democrats adopt nominating methods

The people of Latah county for the first time will have a chance to directly elect the democratic nominee for President of the United States on April 17.

The Democratic party has thrown out its old structure of electing delegates to conventions in an attempt to get back to grass root politics. Previous delegates to the state and national convention were not elected by the people, but were designated by their party in the established party structure. With the new rules each man has one vote.

The new rules are as follows: Each district in the state (already in all states the same thing is going on) will hold a Democratic Legislative District Caucus. Anyone who is eligible to vote in the November election can attend this caucus. Each separate district has a certain portion of the delegates to the state convention. Latah county has 17 representatives.

Voting for candidates
Once at the caucus, an individual votes for the candidate he wishes to see nominated. There will be a Muskie group, McGovern group, and so on, with all the possible candidates.

After this process, the votes for each candidate are counted. Then the seventeen Latah County Votes are proportioned according to the number of votes each candidate received in the caucus. With this number available, each group then decides within itself who will be delegates to the State convention.

For example, if McGovern's group had enough votes to be allowed 11 of the 17 delegates, then McGovern group would elected 11 people to the State convention to represent those 11 votes.

Wallace complex wired for phones

Lines, which would make telephones possible in Idaho dormatories, are now being put in at the Wallace Complex, according to Robert Parton, director of housing.

While there are no plans at this time to put phones in each of the rooms, he said, this would make it possible for everyone who wanted to organize from the telephone company to do so. These would be private lines on the 882-1000 system, he said. "The Tower already has these telephone lines," Parton said, "and many of the places in town also have phones. The telephone company is putting the lines in now in anticipation of future use."

According to Roger Ochs, at the General Telephone office "At the present time the phone company does not have the facilities to handle private lines in the dormatories," Ochs said. "Therefore the lines are being made available for the Centrex system."

The company is presently negotiating with campus officials about putting telephone lines in each room, he said. This would be done either on a dorm-wide basis or at a student's request and would be added to the dormitory rate.

At the present time the University is paying $6.50 per month per phone on the Centrex system.

"We haven't wired the dorms for phones before because there has been no demand for it," Ochs explained, "but at this time because we feel there will be a demand shortly and we had the time available to do it now, so we are. This will enable the company to provide service at short notice, if the time arises."

Consumer protection is aim of new service

Interviews to select 10 individuals to staff a newly formed Consumer Protection Service will be conducted Thursday, March 16 in the SUB.

The service is being sponsored by the ASU in conjunction with State Attorney General Tony Park's office. The Deputy Attorney General and ASU representatives will conduct the interviews.

The Center will have two divisions, the private and environmental sectors.

The Private Sector will help students and other members of the community guard against being victimized by fraud and other deceptive practices in their role as consumers; and if they have been, help get compensation.

Those with complaints may fill out a form which will be taken up by trained student investigators. They will call on, or write to the individuals or companies involved to get their replies and try to settle the grievance out of court. If that does not succeed, the center will help carry it through to the small claims court or send the matter for other necessary legal action.

The Environmental Sector will deal with complaints concerning pollution or potential pollution of air, water, and land in the Moscow area.

To staff this work the center needs undergraduate and graduate volunteers. Selected volunteers will attend training sessions conducted by staff workers from the Idaho State Attorney-General's office.

The sessions will deal with contracts for products and services, tenant-landlord problems, car complaints, warranties and guarantees, advertising claims, credit policies, magazine subscriptions, mail orders, and utility bills, among other things.

Students interested in working with the CFC may contact George Daniel at the CFC office, phone 892-3297 after 5 p.m. and leave their names and phone numbers. Student may also call the ASU offices for information.

Cautious foreign policy urged by Idaho history professor

Patience is the key word in the foreign policy advocated by Dr. Fred Winkler, U of I history professor, in a seminar presented yesterday.

"We should let a world situation develop and then act as a stabilizing influence," Winkler said.

"I object to the United States always having to get there first with an answer to a world crisis. Besides, we don't always have an answer," he said.

Winkler cited several problems in determining U.S. foreign policy.

Today's enemy...

The short attention span and volatile nature of the American public creates problems in long-range planning. So, too, does the nature of world politics where today's enemy may be tomorrow's ally, according to Winkler.

Isolation, he said, is now an impossible solution because of technological developments which have brought different parts of the world so close together.

But he does consider it important that the United States withdraw to revaluate its goals.

"I would like to see us move off the center of the stage while maintaining adequate defenses," Winkler said.

He disapproves of the American tendency to regard foreign policy from a moral standpoint. Morality, he said, should be left out of it.

Why must Americans view foreign policy in terms of good and bad, right and wrong? he asked.

Winkler approves of President Nixon's moves to lower the profile of foreign policy.

He added approval of the recent trip to Red China, saying that it threw Russia off balance.

"We should take advantage of the drift between China and Russia," he said, "and sit back and watch while they fight it out."

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HADDOCK & LAUGHLIN
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March 10, 1972
Idaho Argonaut
Letters

Belchingyours

Editor: In regards to the belly-in at the Borah Symposium, high school students were quoted by the mature actions of the college students. We went to hear what the speakers had to say, and were prevented by the bigoted attitude of the so-called protesters. As some once said, “Your rights end where the other guy’s mouth (or speech) begins.” We hope this doesn’t trip the belchers out on their own ego. belchingyours,

Jennie Davey
Sherr Van Buskirk
Chris Warnick
Terri Ivins

Editor's note: Consumers reports are prepared by Consumers Union a national consumer protection agency which is non-profit and operates without government assistance.

With college costs running as high as $4000 or $5000 a year, students and their parents do not go without expenses. And the last thing most college students need is life insurance. As we have said in “The Consumers Union Report on Life Insurance,” the need for insurance arises mainly with the birth of children. The life of the father or mother, or both, may have to be insured if they are the breadwinners on whom the children will be dependent until they grow up. Unless a college student has children, as a rule he should not buy life insurance.

Many insurance companies don’t agree with that rule and certainly don’t abide by it. The life-insurance agent has become a familiar figure on many campuses and at other learning institutions. Charles W. Alexander, an agent of Cotton States Life of Memphis, writes in the trade journal Life Insurance Selling: “The college market is highly competitive. Most college students are contacted four to ten six times a year by insurance agents.” One of CU’s medical consultants, the head of a hospital training program for interns and resident physicians, has observed that his students are approached by insurance men five or six times per week. An industry survey of more than 200 life-insurance companies turned up 20 per cent with salesmen, or “rams” aimed at college students and young professionals who are not yet earning enough to pay the premiums.

Buy now, pay later

Insurance men approach the premium-paying problems by offering to finance the first annual premium, and frequently the second, with a loan to be paid off perhaps five years later. The interest is payable over that period at an annual percentage rate of 6 to 8 per cent or more. In many plans the policyholder pays interest on the interest, too.

The five-year promissory note with a $10,000 College Master insurance policy sold by Fidelity Union Life of Dallas, Tex., for a $790 to $211-year-old student had an annual interest rate of 8.5 per cent. The compounded finance charge on the premium loan of $151 came to $78.47. A finance company owned by Fidelity Union makes the loans and sells its notes to the First National Bank of Dallas. According to the authoritative “Best’s Insurance Reports,” Fidelity Union Life “has extensively developed the college senior and graduate market through its specialized college division and more than one-half of its insurance sales have been to college students.”

Other big sellers, such as National Life and Accident of Nashville, Jefferson Standard of North Carolina, Shenandoah Wood of Virginia, American United Life of Indiana, and Indiana Life of Fort Wayne and State Life of Indiana (Indiana seems to be a center of the college insurance business), supply their agents with a note made out to a bank in the home-office city.

Such a note, signed by a college-student policyholder, is one of the safest loans imaginable, from the creditor’s standpoint. First of all, payment is almost always guaranteed because of an arrangement called a dealer reserve. For every financed insurance policy an agent sells, a certain percentage of his sales commission is withheld by the insurance company and turned over to the bank or finance company. The commission on the first annual premium of a life-insurance policy of the kind sold to college students is a 20 per cent, 6 per cent of the premium. The agent eventually gets his commission money from the lender unless the student defaults on the loan. In that case, either the agent or the insurance company will use the student.

In addition to signing a promissory note, the student policyholder must sign a policy-assignment form. If he dies, the insurance company is made the first beneficiary so that it can collect the unpaid premium and interest.

The insurance company has still another way of assuring itself repayment of that first year’s premium and the compound interest on it. Built into the typical college student’s policy is a separate savings account, into which deposits are paid automatically. The money comes, of course, as an add-on to the premiums paid by the student after the first year or five years, or whatever the term of the loan, and the balance in the savings account will equal the amount owed. At that juncture the insurer takes possession of the savings account. Insurance men recognize the arrangement as a maturation endowment, pays: with the insurer as the named beneficiary. For the student, however, it works more like a high-interest installment loan. Though the promissory note makes it appear that he is getting the full use of the borrowed money for a full five years, the reality is that most of it will be repaid in installments.

Since repayment of the first year’s premium depends upon the student’s paying future premiums, the insurance company and its lending partner take one further precaution. Their promissory note is built into an acceleration clause, a typical feature of retail installment contracts. If the student fails to pay any premium on time, the lender can demand immediate payment of the entire loan. With the promissory note, he can also readily obtain a court judgment ordering payment.

As with most retail credit agreements, an insurance-policy financing note may be impossible to cancel. Life insurance is customarily sold for a year at a time. When a student is persuaded to buy a full year’s policy in a deal. A couple of insurance companies told CU they willingly cancel policies upon request and charge only the used portion of the premium, but one of those companies refused to cancel a policy bought by one CU reader. In fact, none of the policies or promissory notes that we examined had a provision for refund of premiums during the first year.

The policies CU examined tended to be relatively expensive. Typically, the student is sold a form of cash-value policy such as whole life or even higher-priced plan, life paid-up to age 65. Few insurers offer these policies to students; that’s perhaps not surprising in view of the fact that the premium for a term policy would be only one-third to one-fourth as much for a cash-value policy. Too, student policies are usually so little established that they offer no death benefits (double or triple indemnity), a waiver of premium for disability, and an option to buy additional insurance without a medical exam. “The Consumers Union Report on Life Insurance” defines variable plans as optional provisions for riders, and discusses their pros and cons. A completely revised and expanded edition will be available soon.

Don’t tell papa

Companies doing a big business in college policies often set up special agents in college towns. They like to recruit as salesmen popular campus figures such as fraternity leaders, recently graduated star athletes, popular student-body presidents and even faculty members and administrators. Sometimes campus figures are paid by agents for selling-double-up on prospects and introducing them to the agent. In West Virginia, bird-dogging apparently became so prevalent a practice that the state insurance department now has an insurance policy. In his article in Life Insurance Selling, Mr. Alexander of Cotton States Life took up various objections raised by student prospects and explained how he overcomes them. An objection often heard, as one might expect, is “I want to talk it over with my father.” Mr. Alexander suggests the following reply:

Bill, probably the first thing your dad bought for you when you were a child was a piggy bank, in order to get you used to saving money. All you’re going to do by talking to your father is to ask him if you may start saving some money. But if you want to do what he has been trying to get you to do since you were a child, that’s kind of silly, isn’t it?

So it’s a covenient emptor on campus, and another lesson in cynicism for today’s youth. To quote again from that fine letter to his son, “College kids these days are idealistic and distraught of the Establishment. Whatever it is, God knows, I seem to be a member of the Establishment myself. Be that as it may, you’re not helping any...
Johnson joins Senate race

Announcing the start of a "brainstorming" campaign throughout Idaho, Byron Johnson, an attorney from Boise and a candidate for the United States Senate, spoke in Moscow Tuesday.

Johnson is vying for the position which will be left vacant by the resignation of Senator Len Jordan this year.

Johnson is centering his campaign around three main issues: the economy, the environment, and the withdrawal of U.S. forces from Indochina.

The Boise attorney plans the way to get out of Viet Nam is "simply to pull our troops out immediately," he also maintains that our support and all military back up units should be withdrawn.

Johnson added that no aid should be given to South Viet Nam until complete reconstruction of the Saigon regime had taken place based on multilateral decisions.

The economy

In regards to the economy, Johnson stated that the present administration has paid little heed to the small farmer and wage earners for the benefit of big business and corporations.

Johnson went on to say that "the critical failure of the Nixon economics is the full employment concept." He commented that budgeting with 4 percent unemployment as a base did not guarantee that amount of funding.

The Environment

"I believe," said Johnson, "that we must protect and preserve the outstanding environmental quality we have in Idaho. Many threats are presently posed to this quality by those who are so bent on exploitation that they would sacrifice Idaho's future for immediate economic gain. Johnson advocates a careful plan to prevent the destruction of natural resources.

Education

Education should not be totally funded by the federal government, according to Johnson. He commented that public school education should remain in the hands of the state and local agencies.

Johnson encouraged, however, continued

U of I set as first step in joint medical program

Byron Johnson

The federal government, Johnson said, should strive to make state higher education "stimulating and creative." The senate candidate favors a broadened program designed for the entire adult population, advocating "catch-up" courses and adult education facilities.

"We've made criminals of a whole generation," commented Johnson in response to a question asking the Boise lawyer if he would favor reform of marijuana laws.

"Criminal laws are not the best way to resolve the problem," Johnson said. "We need solutions that eliminate the criminal implications but maintains the same degree of control as say Scotch..."

Johnson, a 34 year native of Idaho is running on the Democratic ticket. He has been an attorney for ten years.

The University of Idaho has been chosen to represent the state in a co-operating medical education program with the University of Washington's medical school.

Four schools participate in the program. They are the University of Washington, University of Alaska, Montana State University and University of Idaho.

WAMI, the name given to the program, is an attempt by the University of Washington to increase the number of doctors, especially general practitioners, in states without medical schools.

The program allows for graduates from these states to be admitted to the University of Washington's medical school after taking their first year of instruction at their respective home institutions. Since the first year in medical school doesn't have to be taught at a "teaching hospital university" the home university can handle the instruction.

Great opportunity

The new program offers a great opportunity to increase the number of doctors, according to Robert Coonrod, keynote speaker.

Often there is room for more students in second year medical schools because so many first year students have flunked out of the school. With the new program the co-operating school's first year students will fill these vacancies, he said.

"WAMI will also utilize local clinics and doctors in placing students for internships," said Coonrod. "Hopefully, this will motivate potential doctors to settle in areas that are lacking a sufficient supply of medical care."

Two reasons

The University of Washington chose the U of I to participate in the program for two reasons. First, the university has the largest graduate faculty in the state, and the U of W wanted a large graduate faculty in the sciences such as Idaho has.

Secondly, the U of W was seeking a university with a high caliber of laboratorian technicians and instructors.

"The U of I with its existing facilities is ready now to give the first or second quarter of medical education," said Coonrod.

The program is funded by the U of W. Operated procedures, how many students will be in the program and when it will start are presently being processed.

"WAMI will be under the authority of the graduate dean's office." Coonrod said.

Faculty Council designates chairman.

A student legal handbook has been authorized by the ASUI Senate. The guide was compiled by three year law students will attempt to create an awareness of rights and obligations of student legal rights.

The handbook won't substitute for competent legal counsel, but would aid in determining whether a valid complaint or problem required legal counsel.

In appropriating $300 from program development fund, the senate agreed that the ASUI attorney general would oversee the operation.

Some areas to be covered include procedure after being arrested, legal consequences of venereal disease, common law marriage, liquor on campus, search and seizure, post-dated and bad checks, small claims procedure, and other situations relevant to student needs.

ASUI funds swimmer

After consultations with the administration, the ASUI Senate Tuesday evening agreed to send Nancy Westerman, a nationally ranked swimmer from the university, to the DGNHS National Intercollegiate Swimming and Dive Championships.

Previously, it had been requested that $570.50 be transferred from the special intramural reserve to cover travel expenses for Nancy and her coach Vagie Parker. However, the senate rest that the student referendum indicated that many students desired more funding for women's athletic, a request from the athletic department and consequently, it was agreed that the coaches expenses will be paid by that department.

The senate transferred $285.25 to cover expenses for the championships to be held in Cincinnati, Ohio March 15-18.

Westerman, a senior from Santa Barbara, California has qualified in five events. A $100 appropriation from issues and funds budget was approved to cover expenses for the ecology symposium held on campus last Tuesday and Wednesday.

Films Committee Presents Intruder In The Dust

From the Novel by Faulkner

A Black Man Falsely Accused of Killing
A White Is Sought by an Angry Lynch Mob

7 & 9 P.M. — Friday & Saturday

Borah Theater— 50c/person, 75c/couple
Eiguren discusses plans for ’72 administration

High school students offered computer

Kansas judge decides new voters residents
This week is Campus Chest week. Donations go to 14 different agencies.

Campus news

The new ASUI senate has been preparing for its term in office during the past week. Workshops have been held to acquaint the 13 new senators with the functions of the ASUI. The apprentice senators will be inaugurated next Tuesday night.
System of bike routes, lanes proposed for Moscow

A system of bike routes and bike lanes is being proposed for the city of Moscow, according to Dennis Albright, chairman of the Bikeways Action Committee.

This proposal would help eliminate some of the hazardous traffic situations which now endanger both cyclists and motorists," according to a proposal submitted by the committee.

"It should improve the access to our schools, recreational areas, historical sites and scenic areas, leading to broader use and deeper appreciation of these assets, and it should encourage bike riding as a healthful and enjoyable pastime in its own right," The proposal continued.

Albright said the proposal had already gone before the Parks and Recreation Department and had been given their unanimous endorsement. It will now go before the Traffic Safety Council at their next meeting and, if approved there, will go before the City Council for final approval.

Two types

The system would consist of two types of bikeways. The first would be bike lanes, which would be designated as a six to eight foot strip at one edge of the street, separated from the roadway by a painted white line. These areas would be for two-way bicycle traffic and would be designated as a no parking zone for vehicles.

The second type of bikeway, the bike routes, would be feeders to the bike lanes, according to Albright.

"These would be characterized on residential streets with low motor vehicle traffic densities," Albright said. "The only action necessary to establish bike routes is the posting of signs identifying the streets as such, thus warning motorists to be on the alert for cyclists."

About six and one-quarter miles of bike lanes have been proposed, Albright said. The proposed route would start at Sixth and Line Streets, go up Sixth Street to Jefferson street, go north on Jefferson Street to Third Street, east on Third Street to Hays Street and then go both north and south on Hays.

South on Hays

The lanes would go south on Hays to Sixth Street then east on Sixth Street to Mountain View Road. They would go north on Hays Street to E Street, with a connection to Mountain View Road on B Street. From E Street, the lanes would run to Almon Street and from Almon Street to Sixth Street. They will also run west on Almon to Line Street and south on Line Street to Sixth Street to complete the circuit.

There will also be asphalt lanes running from Sixth and Desklin Streets to the swimming pool and diagonally through the East City Park, Albright said.

The proposed bike routes would be on the Moscow-Pullman Highway, old KRPL road, Mountain View Road, a southern route from the Fairgrounds to downtown and a loop through the University of Idaho campus, he said.

Funding

Funding for the project would probably be through matching funds from the Bureau of Outdoor Recreation and city of Moscow funds, Albright said. Preliminary cost estimates have been drawn up by the Moscow City Engineer. According to the estimates the lowest cost for the system would be about $5,850 and the highest cost would be about $5,870.

"If Moscow goes ahead with the proposal," Albright said, "it will be the first bikeways system in Idaho."

Along with presenting the bikeways system proposal, the Committee has recommended several amendments to the city Traffic Code, Albright said.

The two most important proposals include one for raising the cost of the annual licensing fee to $2. About 50 cents of this would be used for administrative purposes and the other $1.50 would be put into a special bikeways fund, he said.

The other proposal would be to require bicycle riders to use the bike lanes where there are some, he said.

"About the only objections I can see to the proposal," Albright said, "would be that the city would lose about seven parking meters. Also, there are a few blocks of residential parking, where there is parking on both sides of the street, which would be partially lost."

Spring Into Spring
Automobile Get-Ready Time

General Jet 4 Full Ply Nylon Whitewall Tires

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Price exchange with tire off your car. Add $1 if you have no exchange.

Seiberling Full 4-Ply "Polyester" Cord Tires

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PRICES EXCHANGE WITH OLD TIRE OFF CAR—ADD $1 IF YOU HAVE NO TRADE.
Before June weddings

Diamond rings and all those things

When you’re through playing games, diamonds are forever.

And with Moscow’s student population, local jewelers find diamonds are also a big business.

Charles Krasselt of Dodson’s Jewelers estimates that half his store’s volume is in diamonds. Jack’s and Bafus Jewelers agree that the University of Idaho boosts the wedding ring trade.

Christmas is a good time

Jerry Jack and the owner of Bafus Jewelers say Christmas time is the season for engagement rings and they see most sales then. Krasselt says August and September are good months for rings too because boys pin their girlfriends in June, go home for summer and work hard, and come back “loaded with money.”

He says, besides the season of the year, weather is a great factor. “On a good day in February, if the sun comes out and shines, the kids come out and shine.”

Money makes a difference

Whether it’s February or August, when the average college student goes ring shopping (and almost half are men who select the diamonds by themselves), he is price conscious. He spends from $75 to $300 on a set of rings — which one jeweler thought was slightly below the national average. Another pointed out that college students who buy wedding bands on the installment plan pay their bills much better than other adults in Moscow.

Emeralds and sapphires

What style in rings does a college student choose?

Jackie at Jackie Jewelers says emeralds and sapphires mixed with diamonds are more popular than ever before and notes the style is “plain gold, not the heavier twisted type but smooth and tailored.”

The owners of Bafus Jewelers show rings with rubies included and say the colored stones have been popular since one line brought them out in the fall. Round cut stones sell the most and the antique style is also popular. White and yellow gold are equally requested.

At Dodson’s, Krasselt says the unbalanced look is “all the rage.”

“They want something different,” he says, “Anything balanced, with lots of diamonds, in Mama’s ring — or like grandmother’s.”

What if the college student isn’t ready for the big step?

He chooses a “promise” ring naturally. Bafus Jewelers say customers for the smaller, relatively inexpensive ($16 to $35) rings are mostly high school kids or college freshmen.

According to Jackie, the small ring with diamond or LOVE emblem is “a pretty hot item — although not for sororities or fraternities because it’s the same as being pinned.”

What does the average college student do when he’s equipped with “promise” ring, engagement ring, and wedding band, and he’s looking forward to that old spring ritual, the June wedding?

He endulges in another springtime tradition of course, and goes girls’ watching, looking for a suitable giveaway he can unload all that jewelry.
Loaded with talent
Idaho jazz ensemble gets it on
By Count Ellington

A group residing in the mellow atmosphere of the Palouse has to have something going for it. If you've heard the Idaho Jazz Ensemble you know what I mean. It's loaded with talent. It's just a matter of channeling the talent, e.g. (there's around 25 of them) and energy into mediums that communicate or express their energy.

If you're expecting a repertoire of traditional jazz, you will probably be disappointed. If you want to hear rock all night, ditto. What you will hear is a collection of styles. Jazz-rock seems to be one of the bands' best bags. You'll hear a lot of this (their large variety of high-decibel electronic sound equipment helps considerably). The band touches on psychedelic rock at times and even turns on to Frank Zappa now and then. You may enjoy their traditional (and not so traditional) swing type jazz arrangements.

The band digs originality. They do a lot of their own material (which seems to be rare for large groups these days). Two composer-arrangers try to emphasize the talents of the musicians in the group.

Bill Cope, a laid-back blues pianist and long time band veteran.

1972 is a prime year for the U of I Jazz Ensemble. The band has some outstanding veterans who will be performing in their last Idaho Festival. Greg Balfany, who plays all the woodwinds, has played in the band for five years. A featured soloist of last years festival, Greg is a fine jazz, jazz-rock improviser.

Bill Cope, keyboards, is the veteran, veteran of the band. Bill performed in the band as jazz trombonist for five years and switched over to piano and organ this year. Bill has quite a reputation as a laid-back blues pianist.

Richard Thorne, trombone, is a veteran of three years in the band. Known primarily as a freak-bonist, Rich is one of the original members of the Elk River Jazz-Rock Band. He also conducts briefly for the band.

Jim Harrer, trumpet, has been with the band just two years. Jim was a featured soloist during last year's festival and was very well received.

Roger Jamison, has been with the band for four years. Primarily a trap drummer, Roger is also an accomplished vibist performer.

Lynn Johnson is a valuable asset to any music group. Lynn is the sound man and electrician for the band. Lynn played saxophone with the band for three years. Lynn takes charge of balancing the band's p.a. system and keeping all the electrical gear in top condition. Lynn is also a member of the Elk River Band.

Tom White has been with the band for six years. Primarily a lead trumpeter, Tom also arranges for the band and plays vibes and electric organ. Tom is also a member of Elk River.

Greg Balfany handles all the woodwinds, drum set and percussion. Greg is also a very accomplished vibist performer.

What's happening
Hamlet

Hamlet has happened to the campus amid claims by the director and producers that this would be the "biggest, most epic" ever to be presented here. The play opened Wednesday night to mixed reactions from the audience. I was unable to witness the opening and deadline time prevented me from covering it for this issue. I have managed to collect some views from members of the opening audience and will offer these comments for your reference in tonight's or tomorrow's performances.

One member of the audience thought that this excellent Shakespeare play was acted fairly well. Physically, the set was superb, as was the sound. The lighting, although a bit shaky on cues, was also very good. He felt that, given the very great natural limitations of the ancient Ad Auditorium, the play came across quite well.

My informant went on to say that he thought that Gary Chappelle's Hamlet was convincing and very realistic from the mid-point on. Early in the play, Chappelle seemed to be rushing his lines and it was difficult to understand him. This could have been due, in part, to the "first night" jitters rather than over-acting. Chappelle conveyed powerfully the sense of karma that envelopes Hamlet in his tragic duties. This same sense of karmic doom descends on everyone as the play reaches its bloody climax.

Among the other characters: Jeffrey Stoddard seemed to work a little too hard at the role of Laertes at first but mellowed later on. Bruce Nyman played the scheming, evil Claudius strikingly; and Terri Parker's Ophelia and Jim Cash's Polonius reportedly were well played. These were the main comments that my informant had regarding characters. The play itself was a bit long and members of the audience were reported as becoming somewhat seat weary.

One other character worth noting was the director Forrest Sears' own portrayal of the Gravedigger in the Graveyard scene. Personally I happened to witness this bit and was thoroughly delighted. Sears does an excellent job of playing the comic-macabre Gravedigger with perfect lower class empathy. Other members of the audience I interviewed felt similarly and seemed completely taken by that part.

The second-hand impression I have is that the play is a good play, and worth the time to see it, if not, perhaps, the "epic" that was promised. I intend to see it myself and am looking forward to it.

I strongly urge all music lovers to try and catch at least one of the jazz festival activities tomorrow. Believe me, the music is superb. I have heard the Second and Third U of I Jazz Ensembles and have had my appetite whetted. The really exciting experience is hearing how really very good the high school bands are.

All day music
Jazz week climaxes tomorrow in music feast
By Duko Basie

A Jazz Festival is a lot of things. Basically it is an occasion where jazz musicians can come together and perform publicly. The musicians exchange ideas, express themselves and get a perspective on their abilities. It's an educational experience.

On the other side, the public gets a chance to experience a large variety of jazz materials and music. They hear many different types of jazz groups performing a variety of jazz styles and instrumentation.

Competition is also present at a jazz festival. Performing groups are examined by a qualified panel of judges. The outstanding performers of the Idaho Jazz Festival earn the right to perform during the first half of the Jazz Festival Concert on the final evening of Jazz Festival Week.

The Idaho Jazz Festival takes place tomorrow. Throughout the morning and afternoon some 25 to 30 high school jazz groups perform in the Student Union Ballroom. There is a lot of electricity in the air. High school jazz, jazz-rock musicians are getting pretty sophisticated these days. They seem to be finding the time to get control of their instruments, listen to the best, and learn to express themselves. Public performance really brings out their energy, egos and talents.

The opening evening at 8 p.m. is the Jazz Festival Concert at Memorial Gym. The three top jazz groups, along with one swing choir, perform in competition for the Jazz Festival Sweepstakes Trophy. They are followed by the U of I Jazz Ensemble. Performing with the Idaho band will be Jean and Gibby Hockstrasser, a pair of outstanding professional entertainers.

In years past, the Idaho Jazz Festival Concert excitement has been overwhelming. The 1972 Festival looks like the best ever. More jazz, jazz-rock groups have entered than ever before.

The Idaho Jazz Ensemble is in an over- rite year. There should be plenty of honest excitement for those who attend.

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Sprinc
Spring weather is here, but the University of Idaho ski team isn’t quite through with their competition for the year, as they have competed in the NCAA Regional Qualifying Meet and move on next week to the NCAA Skiing Championships in Colorado.

At the qualifying meet which was held Feb. 17, 18, and 19 the University of Idaho finished second behind the University of Montana. Montana took the top spot with 279.96 total points while Idaho came close with 372.66. Montana State was third behind the Vandals with 372.18 points.

In jumping, Idaho took first in the conference with 96.332 points compared to 86.922 for Montana State and 96.16 for Montana. Idaho, also, took first in the slalom with 109.00 points.

Those persons placing in the slalom for Idaho include Dave Kirk, third; Dave Watkins, fourth; Arnfinn Rusten, fourteenth; and Craig Brandon, fifteenth. In the cross-country division, Idaho had four men place. These were Dan Hardesty, 17th; Kris Bakka, 18th; Stein Bjork, 22nd, and Arnfinn Rusten, 23rd.

Finally, in the downhill event, the Vandals placed Dave Watkins, third; Mark Stiegemeier, fourth; Dave Kirk, fifth; and Arnfinn Rusten, sixth.

Team members who place high on the overall individual’s scoring include Arnfinn Rusten, third with 184.9 points; Dave Kirk, fourth with 184.6 points; Dave Watkins, seventh with 180.1 points and Kris Bakka, eighth with 178.5 points.

The ski team will be leaving for Winter Park, Colorado and the NCAA Skiing Championships on Monday. The meet is scheduled for the 16th, 17th and 18th of March. Team members who will be making the trip are Kris Bakka, Stein Bjork, Craig Brandon, Dan Hardesty, Dave Kirk, Dave Watkins, Mark Stiegemeier, Arnfinn Rusten, Shaun Weston and coach, Bob Zapp.

After finishing a close second overall in the Big Sky Conference, this scheduled meet should be very close, with the University of Denver, University of Colorado, University of New Hampshire, and Middlebury in tight contention for the NCAA Champion title. Idaho should give all of these schools some very tough competition and, according to Bob Zapp, might be able to pull an upset.

Idaho won the Big Ski Alpine Combined category at the Conference Championships and their results over the season have affirmed their strength in the alpine events. Idaho won the team jumping with the Conference Championships with Arnfinn Rusten, Dave Kirk, and Dave Watkins finishing 3rd, 5th, and 7th in the event.

Arnfinn Rusten won the individual four-way title, Skimeister, at the Big Sky Meet and will very much be in the running for the Skimeister title at the NCAA Championships.

Dave Watkins, Mark Stiegemeier, Dave Kirk, Craig Brandon, and Shaun Weston, and Arnfinn Rusten, as well as Kirk and Watkins in jumping, make up the Nordic team.

This year’s results have definitely helped recruiting efforts with two excellent Norwegians, a cross-country runner and a jumper and the present best Jr. Olympic Country runner in the U.S. recently indicating their intent to attend the University of Idaho next fall.

About the meet next week, Coach Bob Zapp said that he is confident that Idaho will finish high in the competition and will have a good shot at the NCAA title. Zapp is also confident that Idaho’s Arnfinn Rusten will finish well and aid the Vandals in scoring high.
MARYLEKAY MICHAEL•GARY MICHAEL•BETTY LAVERTY•ALDRICH BOWLER•CAROL HUMPHREY•RALPH NICHOLS•ROBERT MAVITY•KAREN MAVITY•JIM DONART•GLENN E. SELANDER•LYNDA WAGNER•DON REYNOLDS•MARY ALICE BJORK•THE REV. ELVIN E. BJORK•BOB REID•JOYCE REID•JOHN ALMANZA•HELEN ALMANZA•BECKY DONALD•WILLIAM DONALD•RAY BRANDT•JAMES B. WEATHERBY•KEN HAY•KEVIN VOYLES•THERESA O’HALLORAN•FRANK LUNDBURG•GREGG HEITMAN•RON BALL•LYNN RINGERT•W. F. RINGERT•MERLE JENKINS•JIM HERNDON•MR. AND MRS. JAMES McFADE•MR. AND MRS. JOSEPH J. FEELEY•BARBARA HOCEZAR•CARL HOCEZAR•DR. AND MRS. RICHARD F. FARMAN•GILBERT L. SINGER•MR. AND MRS. WILLIAM L. SALES•MRS. T. C. PICKEL•EVA E. KAUFMAN•NANCY FELDMAN•MEL FELDMAN•MR. AND MRS. RONALD METCALF•RUSSELL AND MICHELLE BROWN•MR. AND MRS. LEWIS GOURLEY•MR. AND MRS. HYRUM D. BOWEN•RICHARD PATTEE•DR. AND MRS. BION P HILIPSON•ERIC JEPPESEN•WILMA BARRY•LYLE BARRY•E. MARIANNE WOOD•LOUISE JONES•DOUG JONES•BRUCE BOWLER•CHET HOSAC•LEILA LEWIS•EVERETT DRUCKER•RICHARD PERCY•PHIL WATTS•DOROTHY BENDER•RICHARD BENDER•STACY S. RICHARDS•DAVE GEORGIADES•EDITH G. STEPHENS•ELAINE LITTLE•DORRIS BLOUGH•DR. MARVIN BLOUGH•ARLIE JOHNSON•RICHARD MAY•ED FANNING•LYNDA DAMERON•DAN SCOTT•GENE FRIEND•CAROLYN HANNIFIN•CHARLES ESCHER•MAY ESCHER•LARRY CARLSON•GARIANNE CARLSON•RICHARD HESS•LEE CARL•VIOLET FRIEND•WENDELL PHILLIPS•W. B. (Bucky) BUCHANAN•JR. DONN A BUCHANAN•MAVIS BURWELL•SAM SNYDER•SANDY SNYDER•JIM O’HALLORAN•PETER E. WILSON•JR. WES DAVIS•DELL MILLER•JEAN MILLER•CATHIE L. O’HALLORAN•ORVILLE HANNA•DORTHY HANNA•PAUL L. KOHOUT•ROSE A. KOHOUT•JERRY GARBACZ•JANE GARBACZ•MARIE JOHNSON•RON KOCH•JAN KOCH•BUZZ HAWLEY•JIM THOMPSON•MARY ANN THOMPSON•SALLY TERRILL•ALAN TERRILL•BILL FONSEHILL•PAM FONSEHILL•L. SHEILA TRUBY•DR. ROY TRUBY•Suzie BRIGGS•DR. MANLEY BRIGGS•ROBERT K. FOSTER•BARBARA FOSTER•BOB MAVITY•KAREN MAVITY•DR. JAMES LUCE•JOAN LUCE•JAMES T. KELLEY•DORIS KELLEY•LARRY HASTIE•GARY PRESTEL•JOE HANBY•DAN O’HALLORAN•KAREN TRENHOLM•MAUREEN DARLING•ALLEN DODWORTH•MARY CLAGETT SMITH•PHIL WATTS•MARY SHINN•REED SHINN•ARTHUR ALBANESI•LYNDA ALBANESI•E. JOAN ROSS•THE VERY REV. GEORGE E. ROSS•ALICE HUNT•ROBERT MITCHELL•MARGARET ARNOLD•JOHN ARNOLD•WILLIAM BINGHAM•CATHY HARVEY•CAROLINE VOGEL•PATRICIA H. JENSEN•DORIS BLOUGH•LYNDA DAMERON•AL KLOTZ•LARRY HANNIFIN•BETH STEWART•BETH CHADBOURNE•NANCY OAKES•DON OAKES•CHRIS KINSEY•TOM TRACY•NEO LA TRACY•BOB AUTH•NORMA AUTH•LIZZ TUCKER•JEAN VEIGEL•AMY BROWN•CLAUDIA RITTER•CARL S. BROWN•BRADFORD SHAW•CAMILLE SHAW•JACK WELSH•ANGI WELSH•MAYBELLE WALLEN•WINSTON C. COPE•SHARON PRESTEL•MARY HANBY•KEN HAGAR•JOLENE COPE•DALLAS HARRIS•ALTA HARRIS•RON FINN•VELDA FINN•ORA KLOTZ.

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