What do Americans do with their increasing amounts of leisure time? Some spend it in the outdoors, such as this cross-country skier, while a rapidly-growing number pursue indoor individual sports.

Who's next?
Citing low enrollment and high cost, Board of Regents placed the University of Idaho's College of Mines on probation in December. Guest columnist Mark Beatty has a nomination for the next division to be put on probation on page 5.

Jazz jive
It was Bourbon St. on Deakin Ave. Saturday when 58 high school and junior high school musical groups convened at the SUB for the 7th annual jazz festival. Carolyn Harada reports on page 3.

Uncommon commons
The U of I administration wants to spend $50,000 from the SUB bond reserves for architectural planning for the proposed Commons Building but Board of Regents approval is needed first. Details are on page 10.
Can we call it ‘home sweet home’?

By DAVID WEEKS

Editor’s note: This is the first of a two-part series dealing with certain aspects of the apartment situation in Moscow.

Today’s article deals with the recent experience of a group of renters in three buildings at Jefferson and D Streets, and their legal alternatives.

Friday’s Argonaut will present some guidelines for renting houses and apartments in the Moscow area. Most of the suggestions are based on “Renters’ Rights Guide,” published by the ASUI and available at the legal aid office.

Although a man’s home may be his castle, if you rent a house or apartment in Moscow, you may soon learn, as did a group of university students, that the landlord is the boss.

Most of the renters in the buildings at North Jeff and D were in a situation common to U of I students — they were forced to rent a rather unattractive apartment because of the housing shortage and because they hadn’t the time or money to search further.

Consequently, they were obliged to sign a year-lease, then pay first and last-month’s rent and a $100 deposit. (An additional $50 deposit was expected from pet owners.)

As if those charges and the $100-125 monthly rent were not enough, they soon found that the apartments were in disrepair.

Incident followed incident where the manager, Trudy Whitley, was unable to repair the numerous damages — possibly because he was restricted by the owner, David Hanson (who now lives in Nampa), from using excess funds for repairs. Whitley has since told tenants that he has resigned.

The complaints were numerous: Cindy Hardy and Colleen McInnis lived from Christmas vacations to find their basement apartment flooded.

Water had leaked through a four-foot hole in the ceiling, and some of their clothes had mildewed. The roof still leaks today.

Hardy also learned that the oven in the “furnished” apartment was to be condemned because of a gas leak, yet she had to wait three months for another one (which she eventually found herself). Hardy and McInnis are moving immediately; they are tired of living in an apartment where their beds are supported by concrete blocks and where the cold water only trickles out of the shower — all for $120 a month.

Now, of course, they face the restrictions of the year lease, and the loss of their deposits.

Laurie Van Dongen, who lived above these two girls, soon discovered the windows were so loose that the wind constantly chilled her rooms, resulting in an even higher heat bill.

Her gas stove, also, had to be condemned because the pyrex glass covering was broken. The solution offered by Whitley: a metal covering which still allowed a “temporary” measure until the glass could be obtained; it remains two months later in the same condition.

Finally, Van Dongen reported that the front-porch light needed extensive rewiring; Whitley replied it was beyond his ability. Not only did the darkness seem a threat to occupants and visitors, but the front steps were perpetually ice-covered.

Other complaints: Ron Bloxham found his Christmas presents soaked in water, seeping through cracks in the wall. Becky Blau, occupant of another basement apartment, found that raw sewage periodically backed up out of her shower drain.

Frustrated by the lack of response, Craig Henry, another tenant, decided to organize the disenchanted for a rent strike. Twelve of the 19 renters agreed to withhold rent for the month of January. Then Henry took his own complaints to small claims court, only to discover that the law in Moscow is silent about critical areas. He lost.

Other attempts have similarly proved exasperating.

The Moscow building inspector cannot inspect the buildings because the owner has denied authorization to enter the building.

The Idaho Department of Health and Welfare claims there are no “immediate health or safety hazards.” Without a restrictive housing code, the tenants are told, the landlord can do anything anyone can do to legally bind the landlord, Hanson, to making these repairs.

If you should find yourself in this same condition, you do have some recourse, but the major first step, and the only first step, is to acquire legal help.

For U of I students the ASUI furnishes legal aid in the Student Union for no charge. Action against a landlord is complex and potentially expensive — you must have legal assistance.

Secondly, you will probably be informed to make written requests for repairs, and to keep a copy of that request for evidence. If the owner or manager then fails to respond, you might try to fix the problem yourself, and ask that the time and material be deducted from your rent.

However, if your attempt causes more severe damage you could be sued for three times the cost of repair by the owner.

Finally, you might be driven, as the people mentioned above, to a rent strike, where several tenants as a group withhold payment.

But, since tenants as a group have no legal right to refuse to pay their rent, regardless, they should deposit their combined rents into a separate escrow account in a bank.

The next step is to hope the landlord will choose the lesser expense of repairs over the cost of group eviction. Again, legal advice is a must.

Without proper housing laws (perhaps already being considered — write your state senator or representative), the tenant is in a rather unfortunate legal situation.

The legal frightening part of this whole story is that as soon as Henry and Van Dongen moved, there were prospective tenants ready to move in. To avoid such problems, renters immediately inquiring about their apartments — even with the knowledge of what had happened there. Housing is that tight.

The solution: take extra care when you sign a lease in the first place — a point to be discussed in Friday’s article.

Many of the apartments in the Moscow area are more of a problem than a dwelling. Since the apartment situation is tight many students can’t say much about “home sweet home.”
Jazz excitement still alive and well

By CAROLYN HARRADA of the Argonaut staff

Jazz bands are still alive and kicking at the University of Idaho, as the Jazz Band was selected to play in a jazz festival scheduled for September. All bands will receive $100 toward their expenses, and the winner of the festival will receive $1000.

The Jazz Band is under the direction of Danny Gold, who has been a member of the band for three years. The band consists of 12 members, and they will be playing a variety of music ranging from swing to modern jazz.

The University of Idaho Jazz Band has been invited to participate in the Jazz Festival, which will be held in October. The festival is sponsored by the Washington State University Jazz Band.

The festival will feature bands from various colleges and universities throughout the Pacific Northwest, and it is open to all college and university jazz bands.

The University of Idaho Jazz Band is looking forward to the festival and hopes to perform well. They have been practicing hard and are excited to represent their school.

The Jazz Band is a great opportunity for the students to gain valuable experience and develop their skills. They are proud to represent the University of Idaho and are excited to share their music with others.

The University of Idaho Jazz Band is a group of talented musicians who are passionate about their craft. They are dedicated to improving their skills and are looking forward to the challenges ahead.

The Jazz Band is a great example of the rich traditions of jazz music and the dedication of students to preserving this art form. They are a testament to the power of music to bring people together and create shared experiences.
Opinion

West Side Story

Four years ago, the University of Idaho had a campus planner. In a year he managed to condemn the old football stadium, write a master plan for the campus, and get fired.

In a lovingly detailed but financially unrealistic booklet, the plan detailed proposed building expansion for the University and the landscaping potential that could follow.

Since the planner’s departure, the students have seen built (funded either wholly or partially out of student fees of various sorts) a new stadium, women’s gym, swimming pool, law school, and a performing arts center.

Sherman Carter, Financial Vice President, of the University, has now proposed a “Commons” building to continue this “Westward movement.”

Carter is regarded by many as the sharpest financial administrator in the state. Whatever his methods of fund raising (usually student fees) is an expert in financing the construction of buildings.

However, it is questionable whether a money man should be the person to determine what is built — and where. There are too many other considerations outside of the financial realm that need to be taken into account.

Two of those are student desires and student needs — subjects on which Carter is lacking a positive response record.

The master plan calls for a commons, which was to have served Gault-Upham, the Theophilus tower and another residence tower (which was never built). It also proposed a SUB on the west side of campus. The ideas were combined and presto: a Commons Building is in the works.

The administration is asking the regents for $50,000 to retain an architect to plan the commons. Only now are they getting around to asking various groups, some of which are student groups, what should be in it. The students are told that they need such a facility so they might as well join in on the planning.

That is a backwards way of going about things. Except for actual construction, there has been no formal reference to the campus plan since its inception. Its projections and philosophy might not be realistic anymore.

If the master plan is still valid, which is questionable, it still remains to be determined what building projects are of first importance. Upgrading the present Gault-Upham cafeteria easily could be on the top of the list. So could an expansion of the Wallace Cafeteria.

But should such an addition be funded out of SUB bond reserves? These reserves are funded by a student fee — paid by all the students. Less than 25 per cent of the students live in the area to be served by the commons cafeterias, and one-third that amount in Gault-Upham Tower group.

There is also the wisdom of planning to spend money that could be affected by the current fee challenge. It might appear to a cynical viewer that Carter wanted a way to spend the last pool of funds the students have before the freshmen could spend it.

And what kind of plan is that? — J.H.

Our ducky senate friends

If you have ever seen the ASUI Senate meeting around 4:00 this afternoon, you have probably seen the student representative, Carter Gault-Upham, sitting in a corner, whimpering and sobbing. The ‘nobody likes me, everybody hates me’ attitude has spread due to the apparent decision by the Board of Regents not to believe that the ASUI speaks for all the students. I wonder how the Regents ever got that idea?

Three of the regents voted to subsidize Student Union operations through a fee on students. The Senate had, however, asked that the SUB be kept separate from student fees. The Senate was not aware of the Regents’ decision when it voted against a subsidy of the SUB.

To add insult to injury, one of the Regents made a statement to the effect that he personally doubted the Senate’s credibility since he did not believe the (Lame Duck?) Senate spoke for the student body.

Now, Seniors will consider another issue of interest, a $50,000 plan to begin paying the way for a Commons Building. Still smarting from the wounds of its last conflict, picking up the pieces and setting its plans in order, the Commons Building, preferring instead to pick up the guns and banners of Carter’s Heroes. Perhaps another action other than retreat should be considered.

Maybe it would be beneficial to look into just why the Regents don’t believe the ASUI represents the student body. A ‘furnishance’ occurred recently at a local sorority house.

In exchange for a free lunch, one senator appeared to inform the women what was going on in the ASUI. One of the sorority members reported that our dear senator introduced a bill that she had written up (in proper form). Our little buddy stated that he would do no such thing because he did not support the bill or believe in it’s content.

The senator was not so politely informed that he just happened to be the living group’s representative and by chance, could he happen to consider representing them. The senator later reconsidered his position and has taken steps to introduce the bill.

I do not believe that the aforementioned incident is not an isolated one. How many Senators actually visit their living groups anyway? After all, why lower one’s self getting the opinions of the common rabble, when they can be diverted.

Maybe it’s time to get out the shotguns and blow a few high flying bullets out of the sky. (Now Danny, don’t be so hasty, after all, what do you know about the inner workings of the ASUI?)

The Senate has proposed some revisions in the ASUI Constitution that are of note. The students get a voice in this issue simply because they have a Senate there.

For the most part the revisions are beneficial, helpful and well meaning, until we get to Article VIII, which might be more appropriately named “Catch 22.”

The Article provided that 20 per cent of the ASUI members were necessary to present an impeachment, recall, and repeal (i.e. altering the ASUI constitution). The article has been changed to a more “pragmatic” figure of 15 per cent. It is sad to believe that only 15 per cent of the student body is needed to change the constitution. Hell, over the many people read the Argonaut.

Perhaps in the next few weeks it would be beneficial to look at what our litle buddies in the ASUI have been doing (or not doing). The Senators that have been doing good jobs have nothing to fear.

My fear is that the number is very small...

Fund not diverted, Carter says

To the editor:

This concerns the article in Friday’s Argonaut concerning the “SUB Fee Diverted.” The Senate voted not to divert “other building funds and reserves.” It will be spent specifically for operating costs for Student Union operations.

When one reads an article about what he supposedly said and did, he finds that some of the points are not exactly correct. However, because of the press of other work, one usually does not take the time to attempt to set the record straight.

However, I must indicate that in this specific article, the Argonaut failed to understand, or report properly, almost every point. A reader of this article could get a completely erroneous impression about the thrust of the discussion and what was actually said. I certainly did not mean to indicate “several times during the meeting” that I felt that the University would be greatly expanded.

Eventually, the library will be of the center of the campus, but this will come about as old buildings such as the U-Hut are replaced, etc., and not just because of enrollment increases. Appropriations for drama will be placed in the building next to the new Performing Arts Center, if such a move can be funded.

If a commons building is constructed, it might be in place for over forty years (some of the University’s present buildings were built as long ago as 1906). We try to locate buildings for the “long haul.” How fast the campus shifts toward the west will depend upon various factors.

My point that the campus is shifting to the west should not be considered controversial or surprising — you can see this happening with the new Law Building, the enclosed stadium, the addition to the Agricultural Sciences Building, the Performing Arts Center, the Veterinary Research and Office Building, constructed in 1971 and the $5 million, 8,000 foot addition to this building for laboratories and more offices now about to take place.

Almost every paragraph of the article takes the points being made of context and indicates a lack of understanding of what was being discussed. I shall not take the time to attempt to correct this article on a sentence by-sentence basis, but would appreciate it very much, if in the future, instead of submitting this type of coverage, the Argonaut would be good enough to question me further as necessary to get things straight or to answer specific questions for me to answer in writing.

Sherman Carter
Financial Vice President

Letters

Letters to the editor may be accepted for publication providing they are submitted by noon of the day preceding publication. All letters must be signed and the author’s name and address must appear legibly. Letters to the editor should be typewritten if possible and are limited to a maximum of 250 words, with some exceptions. Letters may be mailed to the Argonaut, c/o the Student Union, slipped in the Argonaut mail box or delivered in person during office hours.

The Argonaut reserves the right to edit all letters to conform to Argonaut style, to meet space limitations and to eliminate libel. Submission of a letter does not guarantee publication.
High on cost, low on benefits

Probation suggested for Athletic Department

By MARK BEATTY

Editor's note: The author is an ASU Senator and a member of the Stadium Board.

The Board of Regents placed the University of Idaho on probation at its December meeting.

Citing low enrollment and the high financial costs of maintaining the college, the regents justified their decision.

With this decision in mind, the Athletic Department should be the next department to be placed on probation.

The Athletic Department presently "educates" about 185 athletes, its budget consists of about $275,000 received in state monies, direct from the amount the legislature appropriates higher education, and in addition, $210,000 from Idaho State University, via an $18 fee per semester for "athletic tickets." Total game figures and ticket receipts, divided, one another out at an average cost of $6,200 per athlete.

The College of Mines budget is $405,000, and receives all the state money from nothing other than state fees. Thus, the enrollment at the end of the 1974 semester was 217. Dividing the $405,000 by 217, we get the figures of $1,866 per student. Honestly, something wrong?

Let me continue. The figures I mentioned for the Athletic Department don't include gate receipts because they are not direct expenses to the state as far as the Board is concerned.

However, the department does receive indirectly other monies. Each student at Idaho presently pays $42.50 per semester for "athletic facilities." These buildings include the women's gym, the roofed stadium, and the outdoor track.

Additionally, others besides the varsity teams utilize these buildings, but the Athletic Department uses these rent-free, which eliminates capital outlay from their budget.

These figures are hidden, but must be figured for a realistic analysis. The football team has virtually dominated the use of the stadium in the past five years, with no rental fees, and no funds expended for its construction by the Athletic Department. Realistically, they should be assessed for use of it, but it hasn't been in their budget.

The cost for the stadium to date is over $3,000 (without the roof), so figure in those costs too.

Who uses the tartan track field, and hasn't paid for it? Add more dollars to the Athletic Department's hidden budget.

That's not all.

Last year, in an economic move, P.E. Director Head Leon Green was hired as Athletic Director, while retaining his P.E. post.

With his salary comes from Physical Education, half from athletics.

The Athletic Department is receiving the benefits of a full time Director, but paying for only half his salary.

With Green, they don't pay the full salary they normally would. Add $3,000 to the budget.

Mike Keller, track and cross country coach, likewise receives half his salary from the P.E. Department, half from the Athletic Department. Add $6,000.

By adding the half salaries which these two men receive, the cost per athlete increases over $100, to $2,724.

Other hidden costs are the tuition waivers which the Athletic Department uses in its scholarship program. When out-of-state tuition costs are waived, the Athletic Department is not charged for these athletes, and they don't appear on their expenses.

The Department receives 100 out of state tuition waivers a year. 100 times $1,000, $100,000. The cost per athlete is now $3,205. Does anyone dare to figure in the cost of the buildings?

The major premise behind a state sponsored university is that the benefits from higher education result in more benefits for all. Generally, they are intangible, but recognizable benefits.

With the recent energy crunch, a drive to find new domestic sources of oil and minerals is underway. I don't condone all of mind or lack thereof, but even I can see the need for trained geologists, and the design and construction of land reclamation projects and for the like for our future.

Benefits? Yes, I think so, especially in sports, where mining is one of the top five industries.

Do supporters of intercollegiate athletics dare speak up on benefits? It teaches teamwork and guides budding coaches.

To that I say "bull." Provides entertainment? To some, I'm sure. But when the costs exceed other educational programs and athletic departments benefit, then there isn't much demand for sports elsewhere.

At least most College of Mines graduates don't have that problem.

A further point of consideration in our discussion is that in 1960, 34 Colleges of Mines existed in the United States, in 1975, that figure was down to 16.

In these times, should Idaho continue to add to that trend? I'm sure that there are literally hundreds and hundreds of college athletic departments in this nation.

Would it be any great loss to have one less?

Privacy invaded

Bob Dylan said, "I scoff at pettiness that plays so rough." Today in one of my classes the proposal was made to have separate tests. One test for majors and a different test for non-majors. The class was predominantly majors who argued that everybody would learn the same things and everybody should take the same tests. The majors feared the non-majors would obtain higher grades with separate tests. They figured that the overall class curve would raise and they would get a slightly lower grade.

I voted with the majors because I felt that if anything happened that cut into my grade, I wouldn't miss the class. I couldn't graduate because of this. I would be extremely unhappy. I didn't stop and consider that it would be fairer the other way or I supposed more had knowledge of the field than the non-majors.

One young man, who happened to be a major and who did not vote with his group to me, "What's good enough for you is good enough for everybody, huh?"

And I thought, "Yes, that was stupid." I said to him, "You know, I'm guessing that because if I had thought about it and voted right I simply would have said, 'My those other people are stupid.' But with my having voted my way I felt it was my responsibility to pass my chosen view."

Another more confirmed that pettiness does play rough by saying, "What the hell difference is it if someone graduates with a slightly higher grade?"

I wanted to keep up and shake his hand. I thought of all the dog-eat-dog courses I have had.

I thought of all those people who cut all those throats all their lives to get into grad school and med school and management positions.

I tried to imagine what those people would do after they perhaps reached the top. What will those people do then?

They were never really cut everything. They could cheat their brother out of that college grade or job but there would be nobody to take it from them, they wouldn't have got it.

But now, they are at the top and there is no point in living anymore. No one is left to conquer and their life is fulfilled.

They are the lucky ones.

The unlucky ones are those students and people who have stepped on as many people as pushed as many people as they could and still couldn't make it.

Imagine how these people feel when their life is done and they don't have even the pleasure of saying, "I am the one who could have done it. Many people have stepped back upon me. The ones that made it sure are lucky. I guess I am weaker than the leader, he best am all and is happy and I am not." This isn't selfishness. They need people to such a degree that they haven't been able to maintain such a thing as a hobby. They needed something they assumed that they needed it, too.

And so they never really looked after even themselves.

Privacy invaded

To the editor:

Several days ago when I returned to my room at the Alumni Residence Center, I discovered a letter under my door that had been sent to me from the Marine Corps. About a week ago, under the same circumstances, I received a credit card application from Phillips 66.

Both of these occurrences do not seem unusual in view of the fact that I had been cooling my D in the course and if I couldn't graduate because of this, I would be extremely unhappy. I didn't stop and consider that it would be fairer the other way or I supposed more had knowledge of the field than the non-majors.

One young man, who happened to be a major and who did not vote with his group to me, "What's good enough for you is good enough for everybody, huh?"

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And so they never really looked after even themselves.
Taking a break from the rigors of hiking tills many an outdoorsman into deep slumber.

By KEVIN KELLEHER of the Argonaut staff

"Leisure is the best of all possessions." - Aristotle

Leisure is a term that many Americans attach to various realms of activity. I could be sitting back and reading the latest edition of National Lampoon or heading down to Mort's Club in the traditional Great Falls rap. But to many Americans, leisure time is consumed in pursuit of sports.

It's not the traditional fanatic following of chosen collegiate teams, nor the sworn sideline allegiance to professional sport. The American public, particularly the young, are discovering the 'lifeline's' sports.

It could be a casual stroll on the golf course, exploring wilderness areas for extended periods, whisking down slopes on skis, shooting a wild river in a kayak, picking up tennis, handball, squash, paddleball, swimming and various other competitive activities that offer an individual freedom from one competitive conscious traditional recreation 'system.'

A survey of U of I recreational market preferences conducted this past registration by the ASUI Outdoor Program is proof that most students are moving away from the old tradition of recreation. That tradition is competitiveness through team sport, or activities which are planned primarily by persons others than those involved.

Total respondents to the survey numbered 1,420 out of 2,000 questionnaires. The survey was distributed under the supervision of Outdoor Program Coordinator, Jim Rennie and his assistants, Tony Latham and Mike Hogan.

The recreational preferences listed by students at this institution best illustrate the changing trends of traditional sporting activities. The swing is away from team recreation such as intermurals and toward individual activities.

Topping the list is outdoor activities with a whopping projected increase of 96 per cent. Following the Outdoor Program is golf with a projected increase of 66 per cent, tennis and indoor court games at 42 per cent, and swimming and drama at 28 per cent.

Ironically, both indoor physical education and intermurals are in the cellar of the projected present increase. Nevertheless, they hold a medium stability in activities that students presently use.

ASUI Swimming Pool use scores 'numero uno' in present use percentage at 85. The game room is next at 58 per cent followed by indoor P.E. at 45 per cent. Intermurals captured a mere 35 per cent of present users and the Outdoor Program got 33 per cent.

The above figures are pretty relative to current use, but if one examines what students want for future use a new tale unfolds. The Outdoor Program rates first, a full 11 per cent above its nearest follower - the ASUI Swimming Pool. Tennis and indoor court games are next, while indoor P.E. intermurals and drama occupy the bottom of the future use spectrum.

The survey and this report are not meant to whitewash either the Indoor P.E. or the Intermural program. Needless to say, Clem Parkerson directs one of the premier Intramural programs of the nation. The sole purpose of the survey and this report is to acknowledge facts. The factual aspect of this survey is that students fins igning pleasure in individual lifeline sport.

There are many people involved in all levels of sports that have watched this 'shadow of participation' lingering behind organized competition, including intercollegiate competition, to the point where it has finally crept its way nearer the limelight. People want to get involved. People want to participate and a 'lifeline sport' gives an individual that opportunity.

Obviously the term 'lifeline sport' could entail almost everything and for that matter nearly anything. Ardent followers of team sport will press that point, but it's pretty hard to organize a team if you don't live in the dorms or one of the Greek mansions.

From the other perspective, it easy to sign your name on the indoor court reservation sheet, or affix your name to an Outdoor Program ski tour adventure or flash your student ID and hop into the pool. The above are just a few possibilities - there are hundreds more, just use your imagination.

Rennie believes that the big difference is long range. "A lifetime sport is an activity that a person can learn now and use the rest of his life; it is a long range recreational planning," he said. "Competition is still running strong because we have so many competitive programs, but people are realizing that you don't have to play on a team to find challenges in your recreational and physical activities," he added.

On the national scene one organization feels the same way. The organization is the Amateur Athletic Union (AAU). According to AAU president Joseph S. Scatzo, "Our universities are going to have to sit down and re-evaluate athletics on campuses -

Intramural is one of the most popular pastimes for recreation.

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for a complete list of available scholarships. You can be on your way to a college scholarship and an Air Force Officer's commission.

**************
public, discover lifetime sports

There is not enough involvement in the minor sports.

Scalzo also said the prohibitive costs of the major sports will also hedge universities to rehash their programs especially when fees on students increase, but student participation does not.

The critical fact of this survey is that 67 per cent of the people surveyed stated that they would like to use the Outdoor Track. Yet swimming hours are congested with a few hours, too many classes, and of course organized swimming. If students want to use the Swim Center for purposes other than swimming than they have to use and of the outdoor track.

The outdoor track is a good facility, but what good is it to students in the winter and rainy seasons?

The stadium surely didn't serve much purpose for student participation in the past. Hopefully, it will be an added advantage to this student body when the roof is completed. After all, it's costing you five bucks a semester!

Thirdly, handball, paddleball, and squash are great indoor court games, but try to get a court after 10 a.m.

Outdoor Program needs more support to meet the lifetime sport needs of the Moscow students. Lifetime sports are gaining a favored status at the U of I. Perhaps we should take a closer look at where we are spending the student recreational dollar.

The time for evaluation is now.

Pausing for a look at nature's beauty, time slips by taking the sun with it.

A rehashing of athletics may be good for competitive athletics including intramural sport, and club sport revival, but will it influence individual sport-lifetime sport?

Rennie feels that "we're talking about a new type of program, not a rehash of something we've already got." He added, "We have to learn how to enjoy leisure without putting it to a competitive test." He also believes that the club sport format could be changed. "The club sport system could be integrated into a more open type program with more student interest and participation."

When you really look at sport you do just that, or you participate. Lifetime sport is the way to go, but that doesn't mean shortchanging intercollegiate sport, just throw the machine in reverse and get back to basics.

Rennie and many others would like to see more opportunities available for lifetime activities. Programs that enable people to participate at their own level. Programs that facilitate activity, but not regulate it.

A study of ASU students showed that 67 per cent of the people surveyed stated that they would like to use the Outdoor Track. Yet swimming hours are congested with a few hours, too many classes, and of course organized swimming. If students want to use the Swim Center for purposes other than swimming than they have to use and of the Outdoor Track.

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Vandals split Big Sky contests

By RICHARD FAYLOR

Idaho basketball fans could hardly have asked for a more joyous victory than Friday night's rout of Montana State University in Memorial Gym. The Vandals naturally hoped for more, in particular an upset victory over Big Sky champ Montana on Saturday night. But close was the best the Vandals could do in that contest as the defending, unbeaten Montana squad repelled a last ditch U of R rampage for the 70-63 win.

Priddis game belonged to Vandals Steve Weist who carried 14 out of 20 field goal attempts for 40 points. With Henry Harris adding 29 more, the Vandals humiliated the ranked Montana State squad.

The victory did not come too soon, for last Tuesday night Idaho lost its 9th straight game (the last to Washington State 76-70) but all but one on the road, and even worse, they had lost most of those games in very tight, exhausting battles.

Friday night, the Vandals obviously made Idaho folk happy as everything Idaho did seemed to work and everything thrown up at the basket seemed to go in. Coach Jim Jarvis admitted feeling good about the victory and cited the opening five minutes of the game as the key to the victory.

Any impression of offensive ineptitude was slightly upset by Weist's 10 long distance bombs. "Froggie" Jarvis put on his usual show as well. All in all, the victory was most enjoyable in quite some time and Vandal optimism consequently soared. MSU coach Rich Jueras stated after the game that if Harris and Weist were shot as well as they had to have a chance against Montana — the class of the Big Sky, in Jarvis' words, and the only undefeated team in the conference.

But Saturday was "one of those nights" for Steve Weist who seemed as cold against Montana as he was hot against MSU. Steve's first few shots caromed off the rim and Jarvis ventured to explain after the game that Weist might have begun forcing the ball after his first few misses. Without Weist's hot hand the Vandals still made the game the Vandals were down 35-28 at half and behind as much as 11 in the second half.

The Big Sky's premier performer — center Ken McKenzie continued to burn Idaho center Roger Davis, so much so that Jarvis replaced him early in the second half with upcoming freshman Chris Price. The experienced defending league champ Idaho was out four of their starting five having played together for three years, displaying unaccustomed composure and finesse throughout the game.

Idaho, led for the most part by Henry Harris' 26 pts, managed an exciting threat in the last few minutes, closing a nine point (11-2) lead to one point with 3:15 left in the game. Considering the home court advantage, the Vandals clubs would have to fall to Idaho's mounting momentum but Montana played immediately flawless ball.

A four corner stall began with more than three minutes left, making Idaho look helpless though the impression was due in part to Idaho's own ineptitude at forcing the trap. The young Vandals played well and was eventually forced to fouling and praying — a style usually foreign to the Vandals' coherent defensive efforts.

Idaho coach Jim Jarvis hit the nail on the head when he said, "This illustrates the difference between a championship team and a contender, between an experienced club and an inexperienced one. We make mistakes and they don't."

Swimmers claim first win from Montana in nine years

Two hundred yard butterfly — Collier (M), Moore (I), Pfueger (I) (2:04.19)

100 yard freestyle — Hagener (E), Eich (I), Fleming (I), (50.40)

200 yard backstroke — Woodman (M), Bremer (M), Ammonds (M) (2:09.76)

500 yard freestyle — Morken (E), Demeyer (I), Johnson (E), Elchi (I) (4:50.95)

200 yard breaststroke — Stratton (I), Bleakman (I), Knorr (M), Eich (I) (2:19.57)

Three meter diving — Kerr (I), Funk (I), Hahn (M) (232.90)

Idaho's 400 free relay — Stratton, Eich, Moore, Pfueger (3:21.43)

Intramural activities scheduled

Clint Parberry announced last week table tennis will start Monday, Feb. 10, with doubles to be played in the afternoon and singles at night. The director of intramural athletics also said skills competition will take place at the North-South Ski Bowl on Saturday, March 1. Each entering team, up to three skiers, will be $3.75 per person.

The skit competition will begin Monday March 31 while horseshoes, paddleball and weight lifting, will start April 4. Track will be decided the weekend of April 26 and the finals will be held the following Monday.

Basketball is well under way with a league action started last night and most "A" league basketball games.

Montana was robbed from total victory Saturday when Coach Chet Hall's Vandal medley relay threatened the Grizzlies for the first time in nine years.

In their first conference meet Idaho outscored Montana in the pool to grab a 65-48 win in the dual meet. The Vandals are now 1-0 in the Big Sky and 2-2 overall, while the Grizzlies are 0-1 in conference and 2-1 overall.

U of I Rick Woodman won the 200 yard backstroke, was on the winning 400 medley relay team and took second behind teammate Gary Phlueger in the 200 yard individual medley.

T decals are displayed throughout the world. They provide a recognition of the honor of competition participation. Discussions on decals, their meaning, and their use are common. The use of decals in school is ongoing. One need only turn to any school yearbook and see the decals of honor to which the students are entitled.

By the end of the year, all students would like to have decals denoting their participation in school sports and academics. This is the purpose of this column. The decal column is a necessity in every school yearbook. The column is a place for students to express their participation in school activities. The column is a place for students to express their pride in their accomplishments. The column is a place for students to express their pride in their school.

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As I see it

John Hawley

Barring the two games last weekend Big Sky officiating has left a lot to be desired to put it mildly. Against ISU Friday, Jan. 24 the midcome the Vandals had the opportunity to shoot free throws only eight times, while the Bengals were given 23 attempts at the free throw line.

The following night against Boise State in Boise, the Broncos want the free throw line 36 times connecting on 25 of them. Again the Vandals were Shafted, given only nine opportunities to score a mere six points from the foul line.

It takes no math major to realize, Idaho actually won both games from the field. Had no fouls been called in the two games, Idaho would have beaten ISU 92-82 and Boise State 72-58. Anyone who has seen the Vandals play knows they don’t foul like that. In fact, who does?

If this paper were more liberal I might choose some choice lines from “The Exorcist” to describe some of the horrendous calls charged against the Vandals when they were on the road. I’m not using the old cro out that you blame the refs for every loss, rather I’m trying to open some eyes to some lopsided officiating.

Everyone knows how much Idaho would like to beat Idaho State and Boise in anything and how badly these teams want victory over the Vandals. It has turned into a bitter rivalry, and there have been some unforgettable games ever since these teams started playing one another.

Obviously some of the fouls called against Idaho were legitimate and especially near the end of the game when the Vandals were forced to foul to break a stall. Idaho has a great team and I hate to see them robbed of the credit they deserve.

Well maybe the truth will come out when Idaho State and ISU come to Moscow and at the end of the season. Right now listening to someone say Big Sky officiating is non-partisan is like listening to Hugh Down tell me I can get 28 miles to a gallon in some gigantic Ford.

Stadium board to hear locker room proposal

Financial Vice President Sherman Carter suggested the committee look for “someone you will be enthused about...but who can interface with the athletic department and keep finances under control.”

He also suggested the manager have a salary ceiling around $15,000.

The committee also discussed progress on the stadium. Prefabrication of some parts has already begun; half of the field house is now being used to construct 12’ by 12’ panels.

Electrical leads are also being prepared in the structure. “We seem to be right on schedule,” according to Richardson. The schedule for construction includes completion of the mechanical room on March 1, begin building of the roof on April 1 and final completion on September 1.

Planning the cost and structure of the New Idaho Stadium’s proposed locker facilities and selection of a general manager headed the agenda of the Stadium Board meeting Wednesday night and Thursday morning.

Student Services Vice President Tom Richardson said locker room facilities were needed for the stadium. Of the approximately $300,000 needed, he said, $140,000 is already in existence and the rest will need to be raised through gifts.

Senate to again decide fate of revising constitution

The ASUI Senate will be considering again tonight whether to approve a revised version of the ASUI Constitution. At the 7 p.m. meeting the senate will decide whether to reconsider the constitution which was voted down last week’s meeting because some senators felt they hadn’t had sufficient time to study the document.

According to ASUI Vice-President Rick Smith, a co-author of the document, a motion to reconsider the constitution will be made and will probably pass.

The constitutional revision originally had included provisions that gave added policy-making power to the senate. That was revised by the senate Rules and Regulations committee in a effort to provide a better balance between the senate and the ASUI president.

Among the revisions made by the committee was a provision for a presidential veto of senate bills, and provision for senate override of presidential vetoes. The ASUI president currently has no veto power.

Also to be considered at tonight’s meeting is a proposal for oversight of the senate by a student judicial council.

The amendment, introduced by Senator Gregg Lutman, would allow any student to request a review of a senator by the council.

If the council determined that a senator was not performing adequately, it could place on probation and ultimately remove the senator, under the terms of Lutman’s amendment.

The Senate will also be considering two new bills introduced by Senate John Rupe. The bills provide for a student referendum on athletic fees and for relaxing restrictions on the University alcohol policy, by allowing living groups to make their own rules concerning on-campus drinking.

The athletic referendum bill would allow students to vote in this month’s general election on whether fees paid to the athletic department should be made optional. According to Rupe, the referendum would help the senate determine student opinion on athletic fees, and would give them sampling of student opinion to take to the board of regents if an attempt was made to increase the fees.

“Even if the athletic fees were made optional,” he said, “the athletic department will not be significantly harmed.”

There are a lot of people who are gung-ho on athletics who would pay the fees to go to the games,” he said.

Rupe’s bill concerning alcohol on campus would allow living groups to determine their own drinking policy using a procedure similar to that used by Willis Sweet Hall which wrote its own alcohol regulations into its constitution.

If living groups were permitted to formulate their own drinking policy, Rupe said, the administration could be aided in the formation of its own broader policy on alcohol on campus.

An appropriation of $400 to the ASUI entertainment committee to send acting entertainment chairman Ed Gladder to the National Entertainment Conference in Washington, D.C. will also be considered at tonight’s meeting.

Two weeks ago, by a one vote margin, the senate failed to appropriate $800 to Gladder and former entertainment chairman Rich Brown to attend the conference. Last week a motion to suspend sending Gladder to Washington was defeated, and the bill was instead sent to committee.
By KENTON BIRD of the Argonaut staff

A request to spend up to $500,000 to determine if a proposed Commons Building is financially feasible will be considered by Idaho's Board of Regents at its meeting this week.

The administration is seeking permission to spend no more than $50,000 from SUB building bonds in rest of a Boise architectural firm, Kienel, Kelley, Kosford and LeMarche to conduct preliminary studies on the building.

A Commons Building would provide commons facilities for all students living in dormitories presently served by the Gault and Wallace cafeterias.

"Whether or not construction of a new commons building is financially feasible, and whether or not the construction of such a facility can be recommended is still not yet known," the administration said in its proposal to the regents.

Meanwhile, a student petition drive is underway protesting the use of SUB bond reserves to finance construction of a Commons Building or hiring an architect to do any work on the project.

The petition drive was organized by Bill Harland, who said he personally opposed the idea of a such a facility "because I don't think the University of Idaho can afford it."

He said, however, that since a Commons Building would be used only by those students living in residence halls, it would not be financed from SUB bond reserves, but obtained from federal and state sources.

The administration's request said use of SUB bond reserves was justified because they "may be used to restore or expand or provide additional or related facilities of the type now being considered."

Financial Vice President Sherman Carter has stated a Commons Building is needed to remedy the lack of campus facilities. The site being considered for the building is immediately across Sixth St. from the Wallace Residence Center.

If the regents approve the $50,000 request, approval would also be sought from the board before any working drawings to build such a facility were prepared, the administration proposal says.

The last month rejected an ASUI plan to use excess SUB bond reserves to cover deficit in Student Union operations and instead raised student fees.

There will be four ASUI meetings to discuss the proposal: 7 p.m. Thursday, March 5, at the SUB; 7 p.m. Thursday, March 26, at the SUB; and 7 p.m. Thursday, April 16, at the SUB; 7 p.m. Thursday, May 7, at the SUB.

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U.S. military aid used to build powerful regimes, Fitzgerald

There are many explanations, but direct correspondence between aid of regimes and United States military aid is seldom acknowledged according to a book authored by "Idaho's Lake" and Pulitzer Prize winner Frances Fitzgerald.

Fitzgerald delivered her views on U.S. military aid and its use during her Thursday night speech in the SUB ballroom. She said that military aid had caused even dissident countries to develop similar regimes after receiving money from the U.S. in Vietnam.

In Vietnam the United States extended military aid in order to further the Communist containment policy and to protect American interests, and by doing so created a regime, according to Fitzgerald. "It had no interest in democracy, it just meant they would be sharing the U.S. wealth with a lot of people," she said.

The regimes the American aid creates have no interest in winning the war, Fitzgerald said. "Winning would mean a loss of American aid, and failure of the regime would result in more aid," she stated.

Fitzgerald pointed out an incident in which American military aid kept the Shah of Iran in power during the mid-50s. During that time the U.S. poured $1 billion in aid into Iran over a 10 year period. This aid created an army of secret police which forcefully repressed dissident people, Fitzgerald said. "The scene continues today with the U.S. pouring $8 billion in arms sales to Iran," she stated.

The American aid gives the U.S. a few advantages in that it provides a place for military bases, allows men in the military (especially young) the availability to fight in other wars, and a supposed advantage to the American economy whereby weak governments sell their resources at low prices, Fitzgerald stated. But the problems caused by American aid produce "basket case" countries with poverty, illiteracy and horrible instability, she said.

The change needed to correct the problem is an American interest in giving other countries to allow their own governments and interests in becoming independent. "We can unilaterally change this by allowing strong, representative governments to emerge," Fitzgerald concluded.

Hells Canyon legislation reintroduced

Idaho's U.S. Senators Frank Church and James A. McClure this week reintroduced legislation identical to their Hells Canyon proposal which cleared the Senate last year. The legislation is co-sponsored by the Oregon Senate delegation.

The two Idaho senators, in a joint statement, predicted the Senate "would give the legislation the same favorable response it received during the last session."

Ohm said that he considered legislation to protect Hells Canyon a priority for the 94th Congress.

"This bill is good legislation, which not only preserves Hells Canyon, but protects Idaho water users upstream. It's time for Congress to complete its action on the Hells Canyon National Recreation Area," McClure said.

Chattanooga's proposal to "Hells Canyon a priority for the 94th Congress."

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The bill specifically includes provisions to protect the Middle Snake from any development by decreeing that 30 mile stretch of the river as part of the nation's Wild and Scenic Rivers system, and prohibiting the construction of the Assom Dam; preserving 10 mile section of the Rapid River beginning at its headwaters, under Wild and Scenic Rivers protection; and providing for the protection of present and future upstream, this

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Idaho business organization looking for a few good men

You should be aware of what the masters of Business Administration Association is and what—just possibly—it can do for you.

The M.B.A. membership is limited to graduate students in the master's program of business administration. These people who come to the business world with various undergraduate majors and pick up administrative skills to make themselves all the more desirable to employers. They are the core of the association and have shaped it to fit their needs.

It's an official organization, with officers, and a constitution, and regular meetings. The association has four purposes: further professional development, encourage social interaction, provide additional opportunity for educational and personal advancement, and to enhance community relations.

If you are in one of those fields as an undergraduate Forest service has applications

All National Forests in the Northern Region of the USDA Forest Service will accept nationwide applications for summer work from January 1 through February 15.

Application form SF-171 (Personal Qualification Statement) should be completed and submitted directly to the National Forest for which the applicant is interested in working.

The SF-171 form is available from any Federal agency or by telephoning the U.S. Civil Service Commission Office in Helena, Montana (toll free 1-800-332-3410).

It is estimated that the Northern Region National Forests will receive more than 30,000 applications for approximately 3,000 summer jobs.
Harrison & Tyler

Saturday 8 p.m.

SUB Ballroom

$2 Admission

Tickets at Info Desk