Women's suffrage leader highlighted in show

Karen Cloud

I

wasn't expecting to see a picture of a woman in a top hat and tailcoat when I opened the page of the newspaper. But there she was, standing confidently in front of a historic building that seems to be from the early 20th century. The caption below the image reads: "Melinda Strobel performs for a crowd of over 40 people at the Moscow Public Library." I was curious to know more about this woman and her significance.

Melinda Strobel is a suffrage leader from the early 20th century. She was known for her work in the women's suffrage movement and her advocacy for women's rights. Her story is an inspiration to many, and her legacy continues to be celebrated today.

The article starts with a quote from Strobel: "I am a suffragist, and I will not be satisfied until women have the right to vote in all the states." This quote sets the tone for the article and highlights the significance of her work.

The article goes on to discuss Strobel's life and work, including her role in organizing protests and her arrest for her activism. It also mentions some of the challenges she faced, such as discrimination and violence.

The article then shifts to discussing the impact of Strobel's work, including the gains that were made for women's rights. It highlights the importance of her contributions to the movement.

The article concludes with a call to action, encouraging readers to learn more about Strobel and her work, and to continue the fight for women's rights today.

Overall, the article provides a comprehensive look at Strobel's life and work, and serves as a reminder of the importance of her contributions to the women's suffrage movement. It is a moving tribute to a woman who dedicated her life to fighting for equality and justice.

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New technologies revolutionize education, communication

Christopher Clancy

N

ew technologies that break down barriers of time and geography and the rapid evolution of education were just some of the topics discussed in a speech by Dr. Donald Hanna of the University of Wisconsin, in the Janssen Engineering Auditorium, Thursday evening.

The traditional university may be coming under increased competition from new technology-oriented institutions providing courses and “learning opportunities” to students on the Internet. Microsoft, IBM and Motorola are just a few of the companies sponsoring this new breed of university.

“The communication revolution is still in its infancy,” Hanna said. Education via interactive, worldwide satellite feeds on television. The Internet could be as much as quadruple the size of the modern university over the next 15 years, Hanna said.

Statistics indicate that growth of the new communication based learning environment will become a reality more quickly than people may anticipate, Hanna said. “Forty percent of American homes equipped with a telephone now have at least one computer and that number is growing. When Bill Gates said his goal was to put a computer in every home, even he failed to see the potential.”

In the workplace the changes are already beginning to take shape in the form of telecommuting. The number of people who work primarily from a computer terminal, away from the office is increasing. Hanna said. In 1993, 7.6 million Americans telecommuted via direct dial-up access. In 1996 that number has increased to 9.1 million.

Every 30 minutes someone in the U.S. connects to the Internet for the first time. “The growth of domains is incredible. The number of “.com” (non-education domains)
**Announcements**

**Just who is this Jesus guy anyway?**

You can find out this Friday night at the Idaho Center. Croaking. They'll be showing the movie Jesus at 8 p.m. This may be the first living incarnation of the messiah in over 2,000 years. See for yourself the man that claimed to be the son of God. The movie is free and everyone is invited. Reserved seating only; reservations will be taken through the Boise Civic Center box office. Please arrive on time. Be sure to arrive on time. Be sure to arrive on time. Be sure to arrive on time.

**Why Minor in Women's Studies?**

The Women's Center noon program for April 3 will focus on the topic "Why Minor in Women's Studies?" The program will begin at noon in the Women's Center on the sixth floor of the Administration Building.

**Career Services holds workshops**

The UI Career Services Center will hold workshops today, at 3:30 p.m. with a presentation titled "Marketing yourself: Putting your best foot forward" and at 4 p.m. in the Administration Building Room 217.

**Women's Center function**

The UI Women's Center is hosting a "presents" by Christmas party from 4-6:30 p.m. in the Women's Center. "My Father Revealed: A Memoir of the Loss of my Father" by George and William Anderson.

**Correction**

The American Society of Civil Engineers held its annual meeting on April 4 at 4 p.m. in the Administration Building Room 217. The meeting will be held April 4 at 4 p.m. in Room 612.

**Dance Party**

The Students' International Association and ASU's Production of a dance party April 5, 3 p.m. to 11 p.m. at the Dipper Room of the Student Union.

**Study recommends reduced protein for kidney disease patients**

PHILADELPHIA—Kidney disease patients can slow progression of their illness, and perhaps extend the time before they are forced to go on dialysis, by reducing protein in their diet, researchers report. A detailed analysis of five earlier studies involving diabetics and five studies of nondiabetics suffering from chronic kidney disease showed a 30 percent reduction in complications with a low-protein diet, he said. The findings are "statistically highly significant," said Wang, an assistant professor of medicine at the University of California at San Francisco.

**Correction**

The American Society of Civil Engineers is holding a meeting to discuss a field trip in Portland, Ore., to see the light rail system. The sewage treatment plan and several engineering related companies in the Portland area. The meeting will be held April 4 at 4 p.m. in Room 612.

**Americans flaunt U.S. law by entering Iraq**

BAGHDAD, Iraq—Flouting a U.S. travel ban to Iraq, five American university students and a child entered the country Sunday and challenged the United States government to prevent them from entering.

The Americans, from the group visiting Hong Kong, rode four taxis and three buses of E.P.I.C. tourists from the Hong Kong International Airport before reaching their destination at Al-Qudsia Children's Hospital.

The supplies ranged from antibiotics to aspirin to vitamins, all in short supply since comprehensive United Nations sanctions were imposed in response to Iraq's 1990 invasion of Kuwait.

Food and medicine may be imported to Iraq under the U.N. sanctions, but Iraq lacks the money to pay for all it needs.

This year, the group's leader, Saddam Hussein, rejected an offer from a U.S. defense contractor to fly them to the country.

Each month, about 4,500 children die from waterborne diseases, compared to 600 a month before the war.

The U.S. Treasury Department was quick to point out that the Americans could face fines of up to $500,000 if they are caught in the country for more than 24 hours.

Immigration officials called in extra workers to accommodate the Americans and opened an office late Saturday and Sunday.

Police reported fighting among passengers trying to jump aboard in line; one person was hospitalized with head injuries. Many have been displaced to the city's outer side, because immigration officials opened at a new airport to accommodate the Americans.

About half of Hong Kong's 6 million people already have British citizenship. Another 2 million residents of Hong Kong—mainly Chinese immigrants—are eligible for the British colonial passports.

In March alone, more than 100,000 people have left for Britain, with plans to return for the documents.

While the British colonial passports will not enable the bearers to live in Britain, they provide greater access to foreign countries than special Chinese passports to be issued to Hong Kong residents after the 1997 takeover.
Program helps people quit tobacco use, abuse

Jennifer Eng
Triad

Those students and faculty tired of polluting their lungs and their addiction to tobacco can now get help. Student Health Services is offering a "Quit Tobacco" class for those addicted to tobacco.

This program, back by request, is facilitated by Mary Schwartz, 883-1555 registered dietician.

The group meets Tuesdays and Thursdays from 3:30 p.m. to 4:30 p.m. beginning today and ending May 9.

Schwartz said this is one of the only programs on the Palouse for smokers and smokeless tobacco users. There is a program in Pullman, however the class only goes one night.

Schwantes said the method SHS is offering has a very high success rate. Other national programs suffer from an 80 percent failure rate.

For the people who continue through the program the toughest part is the first few months. "We get them through a lot of situations in the first three months," Schwartz said.

Schwantes' program is designed on other national smoking cessation programs. Schwartz said they are successful because, "We concentrate first on quitting on things that make people smoke, not again like tobacco, gain, bar hopping etc."

"Groups such as this one are the best way for tobacco users to quit because groups mean public commitment, and Schwartz said most people feel obligated to end their habit.

Schwantes said, "The more people help the group, the more they help themselves."

Schwantes' advice to people who want to quit smoking is to increase activity, increase liquids and cinnamon stick sucking. Along with giving the group ideas such as chute to help them get through, Schwartz said they also have an image consultant, a special diet and suggestions for mental and physical replacements.

"We list the class costs $20 and people wishing to take the class need to make reservations. Schwartz said, "We begin going through the program again can go through for free."

A new study published by the American Lung Association explains why smokers who quit often face a more difficult time kicking the habit than those who try to quit on their own.

Researchers in France found smokers had twice as many nicotine-binding sites on their skin as cells as opposed to non-smokers. Smokers also have a unique type of binding that makes the body more susceptible to binding nicotine.

The study found the persistence of high number nicotine-binding sites in the first year after a person quits smoking is related to the state of relapse in smoking during that time.

The American Lung Association estimates that 46 million Americans smoke. Smoking-related diseases claim the lives of an estimated 400,000 Americans every year.

Schwantes said, "Most tobacco users really want to quit."

The American Lung Association agrees with Schwartz. They said 70 percent of smokers want to stop smoking, 34 percent attempt to quit each year, however only 2.5 percent of those who try to quit actually succeed.

Laurie Anderson, president of the American Lung Association of Idaho said, "We believe the better we can understand how to help people who want to stop smoking. Currently, the most research is on addiction and the use of nicotine. Because agents other than nicotine to block the receptor."

"If further research shows that these nicotine binding receptors are indeed critical to nicotine addiction, scientists might be able to develop smoking cessation therapies that use nicotine, in a patch or gum."

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United Nations environmental official to speak at UI

Alissa Arndt
Triad

Dr. Richard A. Meganck, the first director of the recently established International Environmental Technology Centre of the United Nations Environment Program, will speak tonight at the University of Idaho.

Meganck will also lecture in three College of Forestry, Wildlife and Range Resources classes conducting one lecture in Spanish. He is also scheduled to meet with UI administration during this three day visit.

The sixth annual International Environmental Design Contest set for April 21-25, in Las Cruces, New Mexico, will give hundreds of university students a chance to test their skills at handling real environmental challenges.

Sponsored by government and industry, the design contest sets out to tackle some of the toughest waste-management problems at Department of Energy sites in Idaho, Colorado and South Carolina. Students from the finest environmental programs around the world will be travelling to the campus of New Mexico State University to test their designs.

"Thirty-four teams about 300 students from 25 colleges and universities from around the country have registered for this year's contest," said Dr. Abbas Ghassemi, contest director.

The contest is seeking design solutions for handling and storing radioactive and hazardous waste, waste materials with high levels of plutonium and toxic chemicals, and waste ponds and vegetation contaminated with radionuclides and hazardous chemicals.

"As in previous years, we expect they will have creative solutions to those very real challenges—solutions that work," Ghassemi said.

The University of Idaho has sent teams to Las Cruces for the past two years and is again placing on making the trip this year.

The first year UI's team received an award for creative design. Last year the team received an award for best poster and an overall third place finish as well as a $25,000 award for continuing research for the Department of Energy.

"The results of their research will be used by the Department of Energy this summer and they will be of great importance to the students' work," said Dr. W. Admassu, UI team adviser.

"We are designing three teams for the three waste-management challenges. Team members this year are UI students Aaron Newton, Abbas-Io Parker, Jennifer Meehan and Chris Ettinger. Team were very pleased with the team's work, Admassu will be accompanying them to Las Cruces.

Students test Environmental Designs

Zachary Smith
Triad

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Heavy GOP control in Idaho means less debate

Associated Press

BOISE, Idaho—Republicans' one-party rule in Idaho does not make for good government, and it is not just Democrats who say that.

"I would have to agree with those people who say, in theory, a balance is better," said Speaker Michael Simpson, a Blackfoot Republican who presides over a 70-member House with just 13 Democrats.

Simpson is not interested in handing any GOP seats over to the opposition. But he agrees competitive parties produce higher quality debate and better laws.

One-party rule has meant that proposals affecting Idaho's environment, schools and workers received little discussion in the past two years.

Karl Brooks, a former Democratic state senator who works as an environmental lobbyist, said he thinks more Democrats would have ensured "a very intense floor debate about the governor's nuke waste agreement with the Navy."

State Sen. Clint StenMatt, D-Ketchum, tried unsuccessfully to bring legislation addressing the storage of nuclear waste at the Idaho National Engineering Laboratory. His bills were buried in the Republican-controlled State Affairs Committee.

Education also has been affected by the lopsided majority. In the early 1990s, with more Democrats in the Legislature and Cecil Andrus as governor, the public schools budget sparked intense debate.

This year, the public schools budget passed without challenge.

"If we would have done exactly the same thing, it's still 50 percent of our budget and needs to be debated," Simpson said.

Simpson said he also was surprised Idaho's Democrats pledged to work this year to increase the minimum wage but then failed to push for a committee hearing.

Legislators this year debated prohibiting state recognition of same-sex marriages. It was brought by Republican leadership and guaranteed passage.

"We just wanted to make sure it didn't pass without some debate," said state Sen. Sue Reents, D-Boise.

After seven years in office, Reents announced last week that she would not run for reelection.

"A lot of states have Republican legislatures and Republican governors," said Larry Sabato, a University of Virginia political scientist. "But Idaho and Utah are the only two that have that heavy of Republican control."

Idaho's 35-member state Senate has just eight Democrats. The state's congressional delegation is 100 percent Republican.

Things are out-of-whack Republican. Phil Batt recently declared it his job to bring some balance to the equation.

Give Batt credit for trying, Brooks said.

"But this is the same guy whose job was to recruit and elect Republican candidates a few years ago. It's hard to expect the guy to create an opposition party in his office. It's artificial."

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NIC trustees break string
by rejecting tuition increase

**News**

**Tuesday, April 2, 1996**

**COEUR D'ALENE**—For the first time in 14 years, the North Idaho College board of trustees decided not to raise tuition going into the next school year. Despite a plea for a 5 percent increase in tuition and fees by college President Robert Bennett, board chairman Norm Glisan on Wednesday broke a tie in favor of holding the line.

Administrators proposed raising tuition and fees by $50 a year for in-state students to $1,054, and $92 a year for out-of-state students, making their cost $3,274.

The proposed increase is the highest allowable rate by law. Some of the college's budget is paid through property taxes in Kootenai County.

The increase was pitched as a way to offset property taxes in the upcoming year, but trustee Robert Ely did not buy it. "We have not seen inflation rising at that rate," Ely said. "I don't see the need to raise the fees just because we can."

"Students are only paying for about 15 percent of their total education costs now," the president said. "And even with that rate we will be lowest-cost college in the area."

Bennett said the state is cutting its funding by more than half and without a tax increase—"the tuition hike would be needed to meet anticipated costs of a new sports program."

Ely said the college has raised tuition every year for the last 14 years, or 285 percent in the last 30 years.

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**INTERNET**

have now surpassed "edu."s. In 1993 the number of applications for new domains was 400 per month," Hanna said. "In 1996 that number has increased to 20,000 per month and the number of Internet users have tripled this year."

The "learning paradigm" that has traditionally been in place is starting to give way to a more self-directed environment that many people are accessing from home, Hanna said. "Schools are the least expensive way to learn."

After ROM continues to evolve to hold more and more information, at the same time, the cost of producing them has decreased dramatically leading to another "largely untapped" medium.

"By 1997 CD ROM will have surpassed the Internet as the platform of choice for learning," Hanna said. Multimedia in the classroom or direct learning is a virtual classroom "will transform the way we think about education. We will be very different 15 years from now," Hanna said. "We're going from a system that is place centered, time based and facility dependent to one that is more access centered, time flexible and non place centered."

The standard university experience will be that of a connected organizations or series of organizations sharing information over a network on a national or even international scale. "Education is a resource that could become one of our biggest exports." While Hanna says he believes technology will never entirely replace the "live person" university model, the potential for growth of the university will no longer depend on growth on site, but will be able to maintain an enrollment that is limited only by infrastructure.
Yeltsin says ‘no speedy solutions’ in Chechnya

Associated Press

MOSCOW, Russia—On the eve of his heavily hyped speech on ending the war in Chechnya, President Boris Yeltsin promised the nation a “clear” and “complete” plan—but not an end to the bloodshed.

Instead, Yeltsin spoke of creating “islands of peace” amid the fighting between Russian troops and separatist guerrillas and warned that there are no “simple and speedy solutions.”

The president’s remarks, at a public appearance Saturday and in a letter published in a popular daily newspaper, could be an attempt to dampen expectations about Sunday night’s nationally televised address.

Yeltsin’s re-election hopes on June 16 may hinge on whether he can persuade voters the war is winding down and on how he will address the war that has leaked out of Chechnya’s southern mountains by the time of the presidential address.

Yeltsin promised that his plan will kick into action on Sunday. “As soon as I speak, the realization of the plan begins,” he told reporters after attending ceremonies honoring Interior Ministry troops on Saturday.

He said negotiations have a central role, but the plan “will show no mercy to terrorists.”

Past peace talks have failed because the Kremlin has refused to negotiate with rebel leader Dzhokhar Dudayev, and because the Chechen separatists insist on nothing short of a complete Russian withdrawal.

In a letter published Saturday in the daily Kommomol’skaya Pravda, Yeltsin ruled out a full troop withdrawal from the Caucasus Mountains republic. He also asked for “an understanding that the Chechnya problem has no simple and speedy solutions.”

“I profoundly feel the bitterness of losses, mourn them and extend my condolences to the parents, all Russians, who have lost their relatives and friends in Chechnya,” he wrote.

Over 30,000 people, mostly civilians, have died since 1994 when Yeltsin sent thousands of troops into mostly Muslim Chechnya to end its three years of self-proclaimed independence.

The Defense Ministry tried to back track Saturday on a Russian commander’s virtually unprecedented apology for an air strike on a Chechen village that had signed a peace accord with Russian troops.

The strike killed at least 10 members of a single family and destroyed several homes in Katyi-

Yeltsin’s Spokesman Yery Mansur said the explosion could have been set by rebels on the ground in an attempt to discredit Russian forces.

But Russian television showed villagers describing the plane’s bombing run and the only survivor from the family standing pale and silent amid the graves of his loved ones.

Wooly bully

Joe Harrison

Jesie Wells checks out the selection of Imported jewelry and sweaters in the Student Union.
Ex-Governor Smylie works on his papers

Associated Press

BOISE—When political pundits gab about Idaho's political figures, they often rank Robert E. Smylie and Cecil D. Andrus as the state's most effective chief executives.

Sometimes Smylie is first; sometimes Andrus. It often depends whether a Republican or Democrat is doing the ranking.

That sort of arbitrary ranking probably reflects the fact that Andrus, with just over 14 years in the job, and Smylie, with a dozen, served longer as governor than anyone else.

But there is no question Smylie had a major impact on Idaho history during the nearly 20 years he was attorney general and then governor.

And that is why it's good news to many that Smylie is organizing his papers and documents and may get together with an Albertson College of Idaho history professor for a book centering on the days he was running state government.

"It will be a definitive work," Smylie said.

Without it, a significant part of Idaho's political and governmental history could be lost.

When he left office early in 1967, Smylie boxed up 75 cases of his personal papers and gave them to Albertson College. It has been a big job just going through it.

The former governor is 81 now and retired from his Boise law practice. He's recovered well from surgery last May to repair a heart valve and perform a triple arterial bypass.

If Andrus gets huge credit for accomplishments during his unprecedented 14 years as governor, Smylie says his 1954-66 administration should get credit for getting things started.

Such as the sales tax, which went into effect in 1965.

Suddenly, Idaho had much more money to put into education and other needs.

"That's what made it possible ... all the things they have done," the ex-governor says. Known as a strong-willed administrator who got things done, Smylie says it was only a matter of time and persuasion before the Legislature eventually approved his programs.

"In the time I got through, there wasn't anything left," he said.

It was during his reign that education finally was recognized as perhaps the most important function of government with the highest priority for money.

"In 1965, we met the requirements of the educational funding formula for the first time," Smylie said.

There also was the state's acquisition of a couple of major parks—Harriman and Faregut.

In 1955, Smylie launched the first agency devoted to commerce and economic development. The state moved from a patronage-laden hiring system to Idaho's first personnel system—with a retirement plan.

During his final four years, he received all of $15,000 a year in salary. The governor's pay jumped to $72,500 per year in 1967 when Dan Samuelson succeeded him.

The current governor, Phil Batt, gets $55,000.

Announcing the 1996 University of Idaho Graduate Student Association

GRADUATE STUDENT EXHIBITION

held in conjunction with the
Idaho Academy of Science Annual Meeting

THURSDAY AND FRIDAY
8:00 AM TO 5:00 PM
IN THE STUDENT UNION BALLROOM

A MULTIFARIOUS EXHIBIT OF GRADUATE, INDUSTRIAL, AND STATEWIDE RESEARCH EFFORTS
Hate, emptiness blacken souls

Militia members, neo-nazis and hate group members, what could possibly have happened to these people to be so venomous—to spew so much hate?

The Idaho Spokesman-Review had front page stories about the militia standoff in Montana on Saturday, Sunday and Monday. The Saturday story stated that militia members drove from Oregon to Montana, bearing gifts of “an assault rifle, a semiautomatic pistol, ammunition and boxes of food.”

Later in the same article Ted Silvera who made the trek said, “I do know that they might be white supremacy types. I’m not, not a bit. But they have a right to believe what they want to believe, as long as it doesn’t violate someone else’s rights.”

Defence of free speech is an admirable goal, but along with any right comes a responsibility not to abuse that right. Advocation of genocide and treasonous activity against our government is not responsible use of free speech. Governmental policy is not the answer, societies condemnation of these actions would carry a lot more weight with these self described freedom fighters than any governmental action ever could.

The side-bar story to the one mentioned above, Daniel Peterson, a freeman leader who was arrested said, “You watch folks, when it goes down, it’s going to be worse than Waco.”

Monday morning the Argonaut received a piece of mail from an author who would identify him- or herself as The Unifier (which I can only assume comes from the root word uniform or unify). The title of this nine-page rambling, nearly incoherent, antisemitic, scorned poison is, “A Real Case Against the Jews.”

This letter talked of Jewish dominance of the media, U.S. government, foreign governments, United Nations, the whole of communism, music industry, money system (5), stock and bond markets and Christian religions. It went on about how the Jews have a plan to dominate the world by keeping the masses ignorant and poor while Jews prosper.

The militia members, hate mongers and their ilk cling to messages of malevolence and mistrust because it is the only thing their empty souls have. Their empty spirits are consumed by blindness—because they are blind, they will never know compassion, the pleasure of altruism, respect for life or joy. It is truly sad.

The root cause of desperation and emptiness must be rooted out. There will be no easy answers, no silver bullet that will vanquish this problem. Education will help, as with any societal problem education can go a long way toward removing the blight of hate from mankind.

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Canditos slither into campaign

Now that Bob Dole is poised to clinch the Republican presidential nomination with his triumph in the California primary, speculation about possible third-party candidates is beginning.

Though many of these candidates represent one-issue fringe groups or are just prominent cranks, and a few have a serious chance of winning, they can occasionally make a significant impact on the presidential campaign cycle.

In the upcoming election there are three potential third-party candidates who could make the race rather interesting.

The first is Ross Perot, who surprised many political observers with his showing in the 1992 election and has refused to go away ever since. Although Perot makes a serious case for being included in the epicenter-crapot category of candidates, his candidacy undeniably, and perhaps permanently, changed American politics.

Perot is often credited with stealing enough votes from George Bush to allow Michael Dukakis to gain the presidency. His history as a successful corporate businessman gives him pull from conservative supporters. However, now that many voters are clamoring for a political outsider to vote for, a Perot candidacy in 1996 may weigh against his candidacy in 1992.

Clinton’s flip-flopping and ties to special-interest groups, like the powerful lawyer lobbyists, are just the kind of political maneuvering that voters are getting sick of.

Most importantly, Perot’s performance in 1992 gave credibility to third-party candidates, and may have permanently altered our two-party political system.

I just can’t see Perot as more than the sum of his many squallid parts. He is a sneaky little freak who at any minute may spring some terrible covert plan or extended act of will and

Embryos causing overpopulation

Unfortunately there does not seem to be a lot of demand for donated embryos, at least according to the articles I read. But I can’t help but think that there’s an awful lot of couples out there who really want to have babies but can’t for whatever reason. Now it might take me a minute or two, but if I have a list of hundreds of thousands of infertile couples who desperately want children in one hand, and a list of hundreds of thousands of surplus embryos in the other, the chances are I could put two and two together and come up with some pretty successful results.

I’ve seen the pain that couples who want children go through. The pain and

argonage on the public, hoping he will be ranked supreme, along with other Nietzschean supermen like Hitler, Jesus, and the emperor Hirohito. He’s a real weighty snake, slithering through the campaign like an American Caesar with a big, fat corporate checkbook.

Another potential third-party candidate who could hurt Clinton’s reelection campaign is lesser advocate Ralph Nader, who has accepted the nomination of the environmentalist Greens Party.

Nader has made a name for himself by protecting their votes from powerful corporations and the government, not to mention the fact that most of would still be driving around in Ford Funs if it wasn’t for his push for auto safety.

Nader’s reputation for taking on corporations and the government in defense of the American people makes him more of a political outsider than Perot, and his activism and work with Congress has given him political savvy.

Though Nader will be on the ballot in November, he might not get more votes in ’96 than Perot got in ’92 if he is able to spread the word about his candidacy. Many of those who

**SEE CANDIDATES PAGE 11**
Line-item veto means major transfer of power to White House

WASHINGTON—Presidents since Jefferson have bemoaned the lack of power to strike specific items from spending bills. Now a Republican Congress and a Democratic president are providing a line-item veto, shifting vital purse-string powers to the White House.

Budget politics may never be the same—if courts uphold the constitutionality of the measure. President Clinton is poised to sign. Sent to Clinton on Thursday by the House, the legislation could open every line of the federal budget to partisan assault.

One analyst said a president could use the power “as a hammer,” threatening to veto dam projects or federal buildings in a lawmaker’s district unless he supported the White House on other issues.

It marks the biggest shift of power from one branch of government to another since 1974, when Congress passed legislation to stop then-President Nixon from

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**Associated Press**

**Tom Raum**

**“impounding”—or refusing to spend—money on projects he disliked.**

Democratic Congresses routinely brushed aside pleas by GOP Presidents Reagan and Bush for line-item veto authority. But this year the stars lined up in the political firmament, with Republicans including the line-item veto in their “Contract with America” and Democratic President Clinton eagerly embracing it.

To try to get beyond the president’s election, and to satisfy GOP misgivings over handing such powers to Clinton, both sides agreed to make the effective date next Jan. 1. Thus, Republicans are betting Senate Majority Leader Bob Dole, the expected GOP nominee, will be the first to use the new powers. And Democrats are hoping Clinton will be able to exercise them as he begins a second term.

The legislation will permit a president for the first time to cancel specific programs or projects from spending bills and to strike narrowly targeted special-interest tax breaks.

Among some more recent items Clinton would have stricken had he already had such powers, according to the Office of Management and Budget:

- Some $58 million in a 1995 agricultural bill in grants for university research programs that Clinton opposed.
- Various projects attached to a defense spending bill that Clinton signed because it contained funds for U.S. troops in Bosnia; $70 million in what Clinton deemed “wasteful spending” in a separate military-construction bill.
- Some $1.1 billion for 14 dam and other construction projects that were part of a 1995 spending bill on energy and water development.

Congressional sponsors and Clinton portrayed the line-item veto as an important tool for presidential control over spending, allowing him to strike down “pork-barrel” projects.

But Stanley E. Collender, a budget expert at Price Waterhouse, an accounting firm, doubts that the measure will have much overall impact on reducing federal deficits.

Instead, he said, it simply shifts power to the White House and allows a president to “use it as a hammer over Congress’ head.”

“The president will be in a position to trade projects for votes,” Collender said, suggesting that a president could threaten to veto a specific project—or a dam or federal building—if the member of Congress from that state or district didn’t vote a certain way.

Forty-three states give their governors such line-item veto powers. As Arkansas governor for 12 years, Clinton had it, even though he exercised it rarely.

But critics say the issues are different on the national level.

“You don’t have in the states the same extent of the separation of powers that is so critical to national government,” said Gary Bass, executive director of OMB Watch, a citizens’ group that monitors budget issues. “I think it’s a mistake to give the president so much power.”

Congress did vote to require the act to be renewed after eight years—giving lawmakers another shot if they decide they’ve given up too much authority.

“The one thing we should not do is elect a vindictive president,” Dole said as the Senate passed the measure on Wednesday. “I don’t think the present occupant is or the one challenging the president is, so we’ll be safe for the next four years, and probably eight.”

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**LINE-ITEM VETO MEANS MAJOR TRANSFER OF POWER TO WHITE HOUSE**

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Hate, emptiness blacken souls

Militia members, neo-nazis and hate group members, what could possibly have happened to these people to be so venomous—to spew so much hate?

The Idaho Spokesman-Review had front page stories about the militant standoff in Montana on Saturday, Sunday and Monday. The Saturday story reported militia members drove from Oregon to Montana, bearing gifts of “an assault rifle, a semiautomatic pistol, ammunition and boxes of food.”

Later in the same article Ted Silveira who made the trek said, “I do know that they might be white supremacists. I’m not, not a bit. But they have a right to believe what they want to believe, as long as it doesn’t violate someone else’s rights.”

Defense of free speech is an admirable goal, but along with any right comes a responsibility not to abuse that right. Advocation of genocide and treasonous activity against our government is not a responsible use of free speech. Governmental policy is not the answer, societies condemnation of these actions would carry a lot more weight with these self described freedom fighters than any governmental action ever could.

In a side-bar story to the one mentioned above, Daniel Peterson, a freelance writer who was arrested said, “You watch folks, when it goes down, it’s going to be very bad.”

Monday morning the Argonaut received a piece of mail from an author who would identify him or herself as The Unifier (which I can only assume comes from not two viewed uniform or unify). The title of this nine-page rambling, nearly incomprehensible, antisemitic, scrabbled poison is, “A Real Case Against the Jews.”

This letter talked of Jewish dominance of the media, U.S. government, foreign governments, United Nations, the Communist party, music industry, monetary system(s), stock and bond markets and Christian religions. They went on about how the Jews have a plan to dominate the world by keeping the masses ignorant, and poor while Jews prosper.

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Though many of these candidates represent a variety of parties, they are just egocentric crooks, and few have a serious chance of winning, they can occasionally make a significant impact on the presidential campaign.

In the upcoming election there are three potential third-party candidates who could make the race rather interesting.

The first is Ross Perot, who surprised many political observers with his showing in the 1992 election and has refused to go away ever since. Although Perot makes a serious case for being included in the egocentric crackpot category of candidates, his candidacy continues, and perhaps permanently, changed American politics.

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Embryos causing overpopulation

While perusing the pages of Scientific American I discovered a new dilemma facing the scientific world—what to do with all of those frozen embryos? You remember, it was all the rage in the 80s. Make a baby and freeze it—later, cryopreservation is called. Well it seems as though this dish is full and the rest is due. And new tenants are moving in daily.

Now clinicians are faced with a problem—what to do with all the kids? There’s already about a million of them on ice. Some of those young ‘uns are already 12 years old, or rather they’ve been sitting around for that long.

Many couples are unsure about what to do with their safe deposits. They are being faced with increasing pressure from clinics to use or dispose of the eggs collected pre-embryos. The clinics have begun to pressure families even further by charging fees on the stored frozen eggs, which may amount to several hundred dollars over the course of a year.

The options facing these couples are to have the embryos used, donate them to infertile couples, use them for scientific research, or put little Johnny in the trash can.

I’m sure the pain that couples who want children go through. The pain
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Do Americans really want an outsider as President?

WASHINGTON—The signs were all there last summer: Americans were fed up with Washington and wanted a fresh face and new ideas. They were ready for someone new. A lot of them are still telling politicians an outsider could get their votes.

That mood encouraged Lamar Alexander, Pat Buchanan and Steve Forbes to enter the Republican presidential race as anti-Washington candidates. They courted on national discontent to draw voters to checkered shirts, tough rhetoric or deep pockets.

And emerging as the winner by a mile was...Bob Dole, whose face was fresh 35 years ago when he came to Washington to stay and become the quintessential insider. Were Americans just kidding when they convicted politicians last summer how unhappy they were? Or did they finally decide that the familiar was more comforting than the fresh? Or is this a year an outsider like independent Ross Perot can run and find strong support? Apparently ready to raise his profile, Perot I just gave a speech this week, starting Tuesday, the day of the California primary.

CANDIDATES: FROM PAGE B

votes would likely come from people who would otherwise support Clinton.

Though Perot and Nader could hurt the Clinton campaign, a third-party run by Pat Buchanan would split the Dole campaign and damage the Republican Party. Buchanan said he is committed to changing the Republican Party from within. But he hasn't ruled out an independent campaign, and he has enough votes to make him a viable third-party candidate. Rather than concede defeat and try to make nice with Dole, Buchanan vowed to keep fighting until, including the Republican convention. He has said he will no longer be "Mr. Nice Guy," and will deliver and even more zealous speech at this convention than he did at the '92 convention.

Does anyone remember when Buchanan was ever "Mr. Nice Guy?" I am beginning to suspect Buchanan has outlived his brain because he seems to remember how much of an evil bastard he really is.

His ominous speech at the '92 convention, during which he dismissed the country's "cultural war," scared some voters away from Buchanan and the Republican Party. It will be interesting to see how Buchanan plans to top his 1992 convention performance. He'll probably have to walk on the stage and, in front of a national TV audience of millions of people, beat the living hell out of a gay person or an immigrant, or better yet, a gay immigrant.

Independently, none of the three possible third-party candidates has a chance of actually winning the presidency. What they can do is throw a seri-

EMYBROS: FROM PAGE B

Then I watched her fight breast cancer that was good-bye to any chance she might have had to conceive children of her own. And then I read that there are thousands of babies she could have, but there seems to be no way to achieve it. I figure that if I can see the solution, certainly these intelligent scientists can't sit in the American way, grey will continue to shadow the dreams that so many people have held onto for such a long time.

The purpose of science, of research, even of our lives is to try to create better things. With each succeeding generation we are try-

ing to improve upon what has gone before, or at least we want to improve upon it. Until a society specialist can give me a viable reason why these couples can't come together for effective solutions, I will continue to hold them and the clinical accountable. And I hope that the rest of the world will hold them accountable.
Members of the Moscow chapter of the Nature Conservancy met last week.

Tricia Francis

The Nature Conservancy is not your typical environmental group. This one has a bit of a blue collar background.

The Nature Conservancy has been purchasing land and working with land owners towards the protection of ecosystems. The Nature Conservancy is directly involved with the management of fish over 5 million acres in North America. "The Nature Conservancy is not a radical environmental group, they are for the management of conservation," said Rob Buchert, member of the local chapter.

The local group is small but growing. Much of the group is made up of individual students and various campus groups. Half of the group's current members are graduate students and half are undergrads.

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Nature Conservancy a unique group

Regional fish hatchery has much to offer to Palouse

Jerri Lake

For a tour of a fish hatchery that is the largest combined producer of steelhead trout and spring chinook salmon in the world, drive to

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Non toxic shotgun shells for Idaho

The federal U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service (FWS) is attempting to streamline its process for approving new kinds of non-toxic shot for shotgun shells but Idaho hunters probably cannot expect to see new materials on the market this fall.

Since lead shot was banned from waterfowl hunting in the 1900s, the only available alternative until last fall was steel shot (actually made from soft iron). Pellets manufactured from bismuth and a trace of tin were provisionally approved by FWS for the last waterfowl season. The Idaho Fish and Game Commission also approved bismuth/tin.

Steel shot has not been popular with many Idaho waterfowlers because of its potential for damaging some types of older shotgun barrels and has been blamed for excessive wounding losses, especially by goose hunters.

Alternative types of shot that might be comparable to lead in softness and downrange energy retention have been eagerly awaited by waterfowlers.

Supplies of bismuth/tin shot, currently manufactured by one small Texas company, were extremely limited last fall and the cost was more than double that of steel shot. Few Idaho waterfowl hunters were able to try the new shells.

Bismuth/tin came on the market relatively quickly after the FWS relaxed some of its regulations that would have caused a long marketing delay of about three years. Now the agency is proposing to make the approval process easier. Existing procedures "have proved too cumbersome during the application process for bismuth/tin, the first shot material tested by FWS, according to a recent FWS news release said. In addition, there have been impor-
tant advances in the field of ecological risk assessment that can now be applied.

The proposed rules call for a three-tiered testing process under which all applicants would be required to complete a first tier, providing detailed information about shot material and coatings including chemical characteristics and an analysis of environmental toxicity.

If found non-toxic then, no further testing would be required. Only if there is an indication of toxicity would an applicant have to go to the second or third tier of tests.

"For new types of shot in which there is no indication of a toxicity problem, the new procedures will allow applicants to gain quick approval and move their product out onto the market," Acting FWS Director John Rogers said. "We are hopeful hunters will soon be able to choose from more types of non-toxic shot."

FWS officials in Washington, D.C. and Virginia said comments on the proposed speed-up in regulations have been minimal. FWS ballisticsian Keith Morehouse said no manufacturer of alternative shot types, other than the bismuth/tin company that applied for approval yet.

He also said he had no idea how many more applications might be made.

Morehouse did say he had anticipated an application involving magnesium shot but has not seen it yet. He added that he has heard of attempts in manufacture tungsten/plastic shot and shot made from tungsten, bismuth and tin. If those types of shot are ever made, FWS will not be able to discuss early details because of trade secrecy considerations, Morehouse said.

HATCHERY

The Idaho State Fish and Game Hatchery hatches the eggs and raises the trout to a size of seven to nine inches for release in lakes and streams. Idaho. Some fish are allowed to attain a larger size for breeding in the wild. The Idaho State Fish and Game Hatchery also maintains several ponds or runs for rearing Chinook salmon for release with the Idaho trout program. In one day, you can tour Dworshak Dam and both hatcheries. This time of year, wear warm clothes, and enjoy the fish.

Up, up and away!

The first annual kite festival was held at Guy Wicks field despite cold, nasty and kite-unfriendly weather.

Rare Idaho plant no longer an endangered species

In separate actions, the U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service (FWS) has upgraded one rare Idaho plant from endangered to threatened and declined to add a mammal to the list of threatened or endangered species.

Recent discoveries of populations of MacFarlane's Four-O-Clock, a plant with clusters of magenta flowers, in Idaho increased the known numbers of the bush enough that the FWS decided to take it off the endangered list. The plant has been on the endangered list since 1979. Additional areas where the plant is growing were found by Idaho Department of Fish and Game researchers in the course of doing habitat work in the Hells Canyon National Recreation Area. Listing of plants and animals under the Endangered Species Act affects federal decisions about land management by the Forest Service and Bureau of Land Management (BLM). According to the FWS, the BLM has reduced livestock grazing on its lands to a level that does not adversely affect the MacFarlane's Four-O-Clock while the Forest Service has excluded the plant's habitat from its grazing allotments or is requiring that livestock be removed before the plants start to grow in the spring. Both federal agencies cooperate with private land owners to conserve the plant and its habitat on private lands.

Although the plant has been reclassified as threatened, potential threats remain, such as lack of reproduction in some places, insects, invasion of alien plants and the small size of some populations.

The plant was first pointed out to botanists on the Oregon side of Hells Canyon in 1936 by Snake River boater Ed MacFarlane. It was discovered growing along the Salmon River in 1947. Only 27 plants occupying 25 acres were known at the time it was listed as endangered in 1979. New discoveries by IDFG researchers and others have increased the known acreage occupied by the plant three-fold.

The final rule reclassifying the plant from endangered to threatened was published in the Federal Register March 15.

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Chiwira, Fife lead Vandal tracksters

Rain, rain, go away

Tuesday, April 2, 1996

Rain Sunday and Monday drenched Guy Wicks Field. The weekend’s precipitation led to the cancellation of UI Club Baseball Sunday and Intramural Softball Monday.

Damon Barkdoll
Staff

Idaho’s Tawanda Chiwira again shined, this time in the Cougar Invitational Outdoor Track and Field Meet in Pullman on Saturday. Chiwira led Idaho to a first-place finish in the 400 meter run with a time of 46.80 seconds. The Zimbabwe native, who is just learning how to run the 400 after running the 100 and 200 most the season, looked good after spending the last two weeks sidelined with a thigh contusion.

“Tawanda ran well for the kind of weather he ran in,” said UI track and field administrative assistant, Wayne Phipps. Ul had three other first-place winners including Oscar Duncan, Niels Kruller and Chris Kwaramba, Duncan, a sophomore javelin thrower, tossed for a mark of 225-feet 10-inches. Kruller and Washington State’s Hilary Mawindi both jumped farther than 24-feet in the long jump before Kruller could pull off the winning mark of 24-6 1/4. Kwaramba pulled in the first place finish with a triple jump leap of 50-3/4. Idaho also had several other second-place finishers including Kyle Daley (hammer throw), Felix Kamangirira (200m) and Frank Bruder (5000m).

Along with placing well in the individual events, Ul won both the 400m relay in 40.86 seconds and the 1,600m relay in 3:11.82. “Overall I think we did quite well considering the weather conditions,” Phipps said. “We had guys in certain events they normally wouldn’t compete in.” UI coach Mike Keller was unavailable for comment and is in Jamaica on a week long recruiting visit.

“On the Idaho women’s side, Kerri Fife led the way with a first-place finishing time of 58.68 seconds in the 400m. Fife, a sophomore from Yakima, Wash., set a personal record with the winning time and came close to qualifying for the Big Sky Conference Tournament. Second-place finishers included Misty Buffington (javelin) and Tara Gehre (400m hurdles).”

“We did a lot better,” said UI women’s coach Carla “Yogi” Weigel. “We had some hard times in Arizona but we came back and improved.”

Idaho’s women also took a first-place finish in the 1,600m relay with a time of 4:03.18 and a second-place finish in the 400m relay at 46.16 seconds. “Teamwise we did a lot better. Included in that is everyone’s attitude,” Weigel said.

Teams competing in Saturday’s meet were Washington State, Eastern Washington, Gonzaga and Idaho. The tightest team competition was between the Idaho and WSU men, where the Cougs’ won 94-69.

Idaho competes next weekend in Seattle against the University of Washington and EWU.

—Wayne Phipps

Overall I think we did quite well considering the weather conditions. We had guys in certain events they normally wouldn’t compete in.

—Wayne Phipps
Baseball still big business

Mark Vanderwall

For many of us, Opening Day means more than just the start of another season. It means you’ll have a whole new set of statistics to memorize, so you can partake in conversation with your buddies. It means softball is just around the corner, and most importantly it means you’ll have sports to watch almost every day, rather than Oprah or Ricki.

Baseball has had its share of hardships through the years, from the Pete Rose ordeal to the Great Strike, but this season could bring baseball back as the national pastime. The Nike advertisement that boasts Ken Griffey Jr., for president, has all components of being a savior in itself. To tell you the truth, Griffey would probably hold his own against the other candidates, being that Bill Clinton’s brother George is a strong backer of the Geico Insurance.

The Mariners may have single-handedly put that missing enthusiasm back in baseball, after their miracle run at the end of last season. Baseball lost a lot of support when its players asked for more money, but they have shown the fans that the time off may have put the love for the game first once again and that in itself has been the best thing for baseball since the 1950’s.

Baseball banned in D.C.

ANNAPOLIS, Md. — The Federal Communications Commission has submitted a $24 million repARATION from a Baltimore baseball team owner, the Maryland legislature has banned M’s at Camden Yards, and this month’s weather, harsh as it may be, has been the best thing for baseball since the 1950’s.

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Boys of summer get early start

Mike Stetson

Attention all May 1996 Graduating Engineers

WE WANT YOU!

The Order of the Engineer

Ring Ceremony
May 17th, 4pm

Please visit our website for more information about the Order and our 2016 Graduating Engineers.

http://www.theorderoftheengineer.com

or check out the Order’s official website at

http://www.theorderoftheengineer.com
Hollandsworth looks to become fourth straight Dodger ROY

Associated Press

Never mind the pressure of hop-
ing to impress Tom Lasorda or try-
ing to fit into a lineup that won the NL West last season.

No, the real pressure on Todd Hollandsworth may come from the past. After all, it’ll probably be up to him to keep alive the Los Angeles Dodgers’ streak of pro-
ducing the NL rookie of the year.

The Dodgers have turned out the last four, those being Eric Karros, Mike Piazza, Raúl Mondesi and Hideo Nomo. No team has had more—in fact, it’s called the Jackie Robinson Award in honor of the Dodgers player who won the first award in 1947.

Hollandsworth, 23 in April, made his major league debut last season and hit five home runs in 103 at-

bats. He’ll start in left field, having beaten out once-promising Billy Ashley, and will try to extend the Dodgers’ rookie streak to five in a row.

A look at other top rookies on the rise as the season starts:

Catcher: Jason Kendall. The son of former big league catcher Fred Kendall, this Pittsburgh prospect is trying to make the jump from Double-A to the majors at age 21. He was the Southern League MVP last season.

First Base: Tony Clark. The 6-fo-

t-7 former college basketball player is hoping Detroit will make someday a spot for him by moving Cecil Fielder to DH. A power hitter who strikes out a lot.

Second Base: Felipe Crespo. After losing Roberto Alomar to free agency, Toronto gets another switch-hitter from the minors. Good hitter with power at Triple-

A, but needs defensive improvement.

Shortstop: Derek Jeter and Rey Ordonez. The best two shortstop prospects play in New York. Jeter, at 21, has line drives, shows a

strong arm and has strong All-Star potential for the Yankees. Ordonez, at 23, will be the majors’ fanciest fielder if his bat keeps him with the Mets.

Third Base: Ron Coomer. Another power product of the Dodgers’ system, was traded to Minnesota in deal for Kevin Tapani. Could end up at first base for Twins.

Outfield: Bucky Huskey, Dwaynek Huskey, Ernie Young. Huskey, once out of favor with Mets because of weight problems, hit a ton in spring training and may have earned job in right field. Huskey has done most everything right in the minors and is finally getting a chance at 28 to play cen-

ter for Boston. Young is ready at 25 after developing power in Oakland system.

Pitcher: Jason Schmidt, Paul Wilson, Alen Beuts, Terry Adams. Schmidt is said to be set at 23 to become Atlantic’s No. 5 starter. Wilson, a former No. 1 Mets’ draft pick, led minor leagues in strike-

outs last season. Beets is one of three brothers in St. Louis system. Adams being groomed as Cubs closer.

SPRING SHUFFLING: Injuries to Tony Fernandez and Benji Gil have the Yankees and Texas Rangers doing some late shopping, and both teams have been looking toward Seattle where smooth Felix Fermin is available.

Fermin, a one-time starter and now a backup on the Mariners, can play either shortstop or second base. The Yankees want someone at second while Fernandez is side-

lined and Pat Kelly is recovering, and perhaps would wait to send odd-man-out pitcher Scott Kamieniecki to Seattle. But the Mariners may not want to take on his $1 million-plus salary. The Rangers need a shortstop after los-

ing Gil, although they signed infielders Jeff Frye and Spike Owen to minor league contracts this week. — The Orioles, after picking up Tony Tarasco as an extra outfielder this month, are looking for a backup catcher. Toronto’s Randy Knorr is a pos-

sibility. Gold Glover Tom Pagnozzi of St. Louis might also be avail-

able, at a higher price.

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Lunch Specials

Monday thru Saturday, 11:00am to 4:00pm

Refillable Pop — Large $1.51  •  Small 95¢

8” Pepperoni, Green Peppers, Canadian Bacon, or Cheese Pizza 99¢

Additional Toppings .......................... 65¢

Black Olives — add $1.30

8” Combo .................................... $3.59

Mini Breadsticks ........................... 99¢

— Try our Sub of the Day! Only 2.79 —

Carry-out Mini Lunch Pizza & Breadsticks, add 25¢

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Tuesday, April 2, 1996

THE ARGONAUT 1 7

Sports

Serve it up

Two-on-two volleyball kicked off last week. The sport will run over the next four weeks in the P&R.

Sam Goff

The Jewish Community of the Palouse
& The Jewish Student Organization
will be hosting a
Seder for the Passover

Thursday, April 4, 1996
7:00 pm
Simpson Methodist Church
NE 335 Maple, Pullman
RSVP 834-1669

All Jewish Students, Staff and Faculty are invited. For more information, call Dr. Sterling, 834-1669 or James Coughlin at 834-8608

Hope to see you there!
1996 Student Achievement Awards in Leadership & Service

Outstanding Freshman:
Valkyries Award
Rhonda Anderson
Danielle Barrios
Nathan Bayford
Rielaynne Goober
Molly McDaniels
Benjamin Rath
Till Savageas
Andrew White
Melina White
Scott Wise

Outstanding Sophomore/Spars
Lisa Bromson
James Dalon
Julie Dickson
Jaime Gries
Melinda Lencik
Martha Munoz
Alyssa Math
Tyler Roberts
Johanna Smith

Outstanding Junior:

Silver Lance Award
Kimberly Driehut
J. Kristie Egan
Greg Ferron
Kathleen Jelley

Brian Kane
Pamela Lombard
Lori Munzmann
Julian Perez
Shawn Radmacher
John Tenscholz
Individual Community Service Award

Laura West

Organization Service Award

George E. DeLeo Award
Zahra Shirk
Frank Childs IV Memorial Award
Zahra Shirk
Frank Childs IV Scholarship
David Christiansen
Outstanding Senior Awards

Yolanda Bibeau
Calley Daly
Philip David
Tricia Durkin
Jason Kineard
Jennifer La Jouanece
Jennifer McElyard
Audra Macion
Michael Nelsen
Erika Paine
Zahra Shirk
Jennifer Teach
Shelby Thompson
Trent Truter

Clayton Whiting
Rachelle Young
James A. Barnes Memorial Award
David Muszi
Outstanding faculty Award
Holly Whitman
Guy Wicks Memorial Award
Jason Kineard
Zahra Shirk
Richard Gibbs Memorial Award
Yolanda Bibeau
Fulbright Graduate Student Award
Rashmi Yadav
Harry S. Truman Scholarship
Finalist
John Tenscholz
Theophilus Award
Jennifer Teach
A survey of dentists found that 81 percent of their patients who have bad breath are men.

The female Praying Mantis gets the male into the mood for love by nibbling on his brain.

PowerBooks are on sale now!
Rental

Apartment for rent. Available May 1st. 2 bedroom, 11/2 bathrooms, $350/month, utilities included. Contact for details.

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Super, almost new four bedroom near campus. 10 month lease available. $2700.

882-4621

Moscow townhouse duplex, 3 bedroom, 1/1/2 bath. Very new. garage, deck. Distinctive. $5950/mo 335-5180

OTTU HILL APARTMENTS

Taking applications 3/25-4/10 for one and two bedroom apartments. Available 6/17-8/31. 1/2 month lease, no pets. 1/2 application fee per roommate, one fee per married couple. Check or money order. 1218 S. Main, Moscow. 882-3224.

1 BEDROOM available now! Close to campus. $350/mo., no pets, laundry facility on site, off street parking available. Call 882-4721.


STAYING FOR SUMMER SCHOOL? Cheap apartments for rent on campus. Clean rooms, new carpet, FREE utilities. Call Ryan at Sigma Chi, 885-6029.

ROOMMATES

Two bedrooms for rent in three bedroom apartment. DW, WD close by. $285/mo + 1/3 utilities. Mark 882-0503.

FOR SALE

'90 Red Toyota 4x4 Pickup, shortbed. Matching Brahma canopy, carpet, steel wheels, rims, stereo. 73K. Seller motivated (509)-397-2547.

1985 Nissan Sentra, 5 speed. Extremely Reliable Transportation, uses no oil and less than 100,000 miles. Has 2 extra mounted studded snow tires. $1500. 883-4967


Help! I’m moving. Must sell Misc. ASAP. Call or e-mail at 882-4118, reti123r. Best offer by 4/30.

Three bedroom two bath condo. Pets okay. $71,000. Call 883-4756.

USED FURNITURE

Local Selection Low Prices! Free Delivery Buy Sell at NOW & THEN In Moscow 321 E. Palouse River Drive (208) 882-7988.

Dell 468 laptop. Just purchased! Excellent condition. 420HD, 10RAM, WIN95, MS Office, Extra software included. Games. 14.4 Modem w/software, carrying case, full 1-year warranty, $1600 OBO call 882-6030, leave message.

1989 NISSAN PICKUP Light blue w/matching canopy, 81K, AM/FM/Cassette, bedliner, stereo, Great Condition! $4300/OBO 882-9985.

EMPLOYMENT

$1750 weekly possible mailing our circulars. For Info, call 301-306-1207.

Epton House is now hiring for the following positions: 50hrs/wk. Working with a family disabled client in own apartment. 6-30-8:30am M-F at group home.

3:00-9:00pm Sunday-Thurs. at group home. Call 332-7653 between noon & 4:00pm.

ALASKA SUMMER EMPLOYMENT - Students Needed! Fishing Industry. Earn up to $3000-$6000 per month. Room and board! Transportation! Male or Female needed. Call (907)-971-3510 ext. A59055.

CRUISE SHIPS NOW HIRING - Earn up to $2000/month working on Cruise ships or Land-tour companies. World Travel. Seasonal and full-time employment available. No experience necessary. For more information call 1-800-971-3550 ext. CS9055.

EASTERN EUROPE JOBS - Teach basic conversational English in Prague, Budapest, or Krakow. No teaching certificate or European languages required. Inexpensive room & board + other benefits. For info. call: (206) 971-3680 ext. K59052.

NATIONAL PARKS HIRING - Positions are now available at National Parks, Forests & Wildlife Preserves. Excellent benefits + bonuses! Call: 1-206-971-3620 ext NS9054.

Student's Technical Editing Service. Editing, writing, and typing 882-1637.

Summer employment Andrews Seed inc. Ontario Oregon. Hiring for summer field crew positions. Responsibilities for monitoring seed fields for insects: mid-May through mid-August. May work around agriculture minded students only! Contact Lymelle, 514-869-9109.


24 Hour Dial-A-Nurse Medical Information Hotline 882-5693 or 332-9254 (after 6pm)

LOST & FOUND

LOST: VW key on globe keychain. Lost on Sunday, March 24th between Memorial gym and Law School. Please call 865-2160 if found.

ANNOUNCEMENTS


Attention all students Grants & scholarships available! Billions of $$$ in private funding. Qualify immediately. 1-800-AID-5Help (1- 800-243-2435)

MOSCOW SCHOOL OF MASSAGE Have you considered a career in health care? We offer rigorous coursework, training & preparation for state licensing & National Certification in Massage Therapy. 9/12 month program starts 9/06. Classes meet Tuesday and Thursday and eight weekends per year. Tuition $4,500. Financing available. Call 208-882-7867.

FREE FINANCIAL AID Over 6 billion in public and private sector grants & scholarships is now available. All students are eligible regardless of grades, income, or parent's income. Let us help. Call Student Financial Services. 1-800-285- 0465 ext. F59053.

SERVICES

WELLNESS COUNSELING available at the Student Health Services! Aim for a healthier you! Find out about: • Weight control • Eating disorders • Healthy heart data + much more. To make appointment, call 882-6693.

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Student! Faculty! Staff! "QUIT TOBACCO" Best tobacco cessation program on the Palouse Next session begins 5/8-7, Spring Break April 2-5, May 2-9 3:30-4:30pm Tuesday & Thurs. Cost? Only $20 To register call Student Health 885-6693.

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